"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, with high winds, to-day; fair, colder to-morrow.
For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,614. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. / Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

DAMS BURST; FLOOD WISCONSIN TOWNS

Hatfield and Black River Falls Almost Destroyed by Collapse of Reservoir.

FEAR MANY ARE DROWNED

Property Loss May Reach Millions—Families Float on Farm Buildings Down Stream—La Crosse in Danger.

Special to The New York Times.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Oct. 6.—Damage aggregating many millions of dollars, some loss of life, as yet unascertained, the wiping out of the business district of Black River Falls, a city of 2,000, and great damage to the $2,000,000 plant of the La Crosse Water Power Company, was caused to-day by the flooding of the Black River through the collapse of the wings of dams at the Dells and at Hatfield, due to heavy rains.

At 4 o'clock this morning the Dells dam was withstanding such an enormous pressure that, while the concrete work itself stood, the lake above the dam washed out the side of the valley in which the dam is built, and the water rushed down stream for five miles, to be checked again at the Hatfield dam, until 10:45 o'clock this morning, when this dam burst and the water rushed out the side of the valley again. An hour later the City of Black River Falls was isolated from the surrounding country.

It is feared that the flood will reach here early in the morning. At least thirty of the best business buildings in Black River Falls and many farmhouses have been washed away.

One story is that ten families on farm buildings were seen at various points floating downstream on the crest of the flood, and that probably all these persons, estimated at forty, have been lost. With a head of water 30 feet high sweeping down the valley no boat can attempt a rescue.

Definite reports from Black River Falls show only two persons missing there. More than 300 men worked all day and night on Thursday in a vain effort to save the Dells levee.

Telephone connections with Black River Falls were cut off about 11:45. While almost every resident fled out of town, the girl operators there remained at their boards, giving warning in every direction. They only left when the water started to flood the floor of their offices.

The Black River Falls townspeople, who have taken refuge on high lands, unable to protect their stores and homes, fear that the city will be wiped out. At 7 o'clock to-night the waters were still rising rapidly.

The buildings have not been merely flooded, but destroyed. The water, flowing in tremendous volume, undermined one big structure after another, and as each collapsed the débris, for the most part, was carried away. The Tremont Hotel, a three-story brick building, the leading hostelry in Black River Falls, and a half dozen other big buildings in which the principal businesses of the city were housed, were washed out this afternoon. They were undermined and collapsed.

The Hatfield dams are solid concrete structures, 60 feet high and 100 feet deep at the base. They were considered strong enough to hold any flood of water which might be turned against them.

The breaks followed a week's rain that filled the reservoirs to overflowing. Early to-day the water broke through the embankment at the west side of the upper dam, and before noon a break occurred on the west side of the lower or main dam.

Efforts are being made to confine the torrent to a canal, and thus divert it out of the main river, but it is admitted that the situation is desperate. Relief parties are being hurriedly organized to go to the scene b yautomobile.

Black River Falls to-night is in darkness, the electric light plant being one of the first agencies to be put out of service. Besides the damage at Black River Falls, a great tract of surrounding country was overrun. Below that city are a number of villages, including Roaring Creek, Irving, North Bend, Melrose, Holmen, Lyttles, Midway, and Onalaska, and the high waters are due to strike them during the night and to-morrow. Forces of men have been sent out to strengthen the bridges in the three counties along the river.

"Black River Falls is doomed; the town will be wiped off the map," was the comment of W. W. Holcomb, manager of the Standard Oil Company here, who returned to-night from the threatened city.

"When I left there at 4 o'clock this afternoon the main portion of the place was under water, and the flood was racing through at the rate of apparently twenty miles an hour. I saw a big stone building on a hill 100 feet from the water crumble like an eggshell, and disappear with the hill that supported it. The water had undermined the hill. Shortly afterward a knoll sixty feet long was undermined and then the County Poor House, a great white building, went with it.

"I heard of no loss of life, the inhabitants having sufficient time to get out of danger. They simply kept backing away from it, and when I left they were standing on the hills, watching the work of destruction going on, unable to do a thing to stay its progress."

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., Oct. 6.—Two dams burst in this city to-day and one at Bloomer. The country is flooded. The Chippewa River has risen eight feet in the last ten hours and is overflowing its banks. Water is running in the streets, as a result of an eighteen-hour downpour of rain.

Two thousand feet of the main tracks of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway, west of this city, are washed out, and there is also a bad washout near Colfax and landslides in cuts.

Trains from St. Paul cannot get through, and trains from the south are detoured. The new cutoff on the "Soo" line between here and Minneapolis has been washed out in many places.

Two bridges near Stanley and one at Owen were swept away in the flood. This is the heaviest deluge experienced along the Chippewa River since June, 1904.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 6.—Over three inches of rain have fallen in the last twenty-four hours in St. Paul and vicinity, and reports of washouts on railroads are coming from various points. In St. Paul the tremendous downpour last night caused a money loss of several thousand dollars.

The total precipitation during the last week has been 7.13 inches. With the exception of the transcontinental lines, all railroads report washouts.

Considerable damage was done in Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa.

SILENT AT FLOOD INQUEST.

Supt. Hamlin of the Bayless Company Refuses to Testify.

AUSTIN, Penn., Oct. 6.—Three bodies and the charred bones of two others were recovered to-day from the ruins left by the flood last Saturday, following the

Continued on Page 2.

COOK LEFT NO RECORDS

And Only One Sextant, Eskimo Tells Danish Explorers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 6.—The Danish explorers, Knud Rasmussen and Peter Freuchen, send this message by a special boat named The Motor: "Have interviewed Cook's Eskimo, Itukusuk, at Etah in August. Itukusuk says Cook never reached the pole and left no observations in a box, and only one sextant, which the Eskimo sold to Rasmussen."

The instrument was received to-day by the Politiken and is now exhibited publicly. Dr. Cook deceived the Eskimos, not paying the sum stipulated.

Dr. Cook, who sails for Europe this morning on the Lapland, said at the Hotel Prince George last night that the burden of the message from Knud Rasmussen was unimportant. Inasmuch, he said, as he and Mr. Whitney had left within two big cases at Etah many smaller boxes, and since one of those boxes contained only his sextant, it was not inconceivable that that particular box should have been brought out of the arctic containing nothing but the one instrument.

As for the story of the Eskimo who was a companion on his journey, he suggested that it was neither new nor surprising and explained that the Eskimos had been cross-questioned into saying that neither he nor Peary reached the Pole.

"They would not know when they were at the Pole," he said, "but I do not know that good results could not be obtained by a line of cross-questioning based on a knowledge of Eskimos. To ask Itukusuk whether or not he had traveled seven moons, to ask him if he had been where the sun did not dip at night, to put such questions in such language would probably bring out more intelligent answers, for I have heard my own Eskimos make just such a report, innocently and informally, to their own people."

As for the report that the Eskimos were claiming that they had been deceived by him on the matter of reward, Dr. Cook called it a "downright lie," and declared that it discolored all the rest of the dispatch with malice. Itukusuk was promised a gun and a hatchet, and got far more than that. Mr. Whitney, he said, and Franke could establish that. He scouted the suggestion that the Eskimo was lying on that particular point.

"I wouldn't believe it of him," said Dr. Cook.

WOULD LET FRIEDMAN RUN.

But Assemblyman Who Defied Murphy Rejects Gibson's Offer.

Robert Gibson, Jr., who got the Democratic nomination for Assemblyman in the Twenty-ninth Assembly District on Thursday night in place of Assemblyman Harold J. Friedman, who defied Charles F. Murphy at Albany, brought to THE TIMES office last night a statement in which he offers to withdraw in favor of Mr. Friedman if the latter will accept the nomination.

Mr. Gibson went on to say that he did not think of offering himself as a candidate until he had read in a newspaper late Wednesday night that Mr. Friedman had declined to be a candidate for reelection. He said he further declared in his speech of acceptance that he should have much preferred to have Mr. Friedman as the candidate. He further says:

"I thoroughly sympathize with Mr. Friedman's desire to act in accordance with what he conceived to be the sentiment of his constituents. More than that, I wrote to Mr. Murphy on Dec. 27 last, urging the election of Mr. Shepard for United States Senator, and I sent a copy of such letter to Mr. Friedman and Senator Saxe."

Assemblyman Friedman said last night that under no condition would he accept Mr. Gibson's offer and take the nomination.

"I cannot imagine what Mr. Gibson's motive is in making this proposition," said the Assemblyman, "but I certainly will not accept it. I do not want the nomination."

CURTIS FOUND JESSE JAMES.

When Chicago Reporter He Scored a "Beat" and Kept His Word.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—One of the earliest "scoops" of William E. Curtis, who died last night in Philadelphia, was that of getting an interview with the James boys while they were in the midst of their war with the authorities.

While detectives were endeavoring to locate the desperadoes Curtis, then a reporter for a Chicago paper, went out to Missouri, found their hiding place and calmly announced he had come for an interview with the bandits.

"We know what you're here for; you're a spy," was the reply of Jesse James. "What's more, you won't get away from here."

But the aggressive reporter was not to have his cherished scoop thus spoiled until too old to be of use to his paper. He refused to be a prisoner. He talked to the James boys about his trip out there to see them so that he might put the truth about them before the public, and finally convinced them he was there for the purpose he stated.

"Well, I'm going to give you anything you want, just to satisfy you," Jesse James finally agreed.

And he did. He gave Curtis the most vivid interview anybody ever had had with him. Having accomplished his purpose the reporter returned to the nearest telegraph station and wired his "scoop" to his paper. But he kept faith with the men who had taken him at his word. He did not reveal any of the secrets of the rendezvous of the desperadoes, and he did not tell the detectives, who were searching for them, the location of their hiding place.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 6.—H. H. Kohlsaat, editor and publisher of The Chicago Record-Herald, who has been in St. Paul visiting his daughter, Mrs. Roger D. Shepard, to whom a son was born to-day, started this afternoon for Washington to be present at the funeral of his old friend, William E. Curtis. Mr. Kohlsaat was deeply affected by the news of Mr. Curtis's death.

"Mr. Curtis was a man of the highest attainments and of rare ability," he said. "He was probably the best known correspondent in the United States."

DENIES RUSSELL'S STORY.

Pinkerton Manager Never Offered to Settle Financier's $1,000,000 Suit.

MONTREAL, Oct. 6.—At to-day's hearing in David Russell's suit against the Pinkerton Detective Agency to recover damages for alleged conspiracy, John McNamara, the Pinkerton's Montreal manager, denied Russell's charge that he had promised a settlement of the latter's $1,000,000 land suit on condition that Russell discontinued his investigation into the alleged plot to ruin his reputation.

McNamara flatly disclaimed all connection with this phase of the case.

BOND ISSUE SCANDAL AT ALBANY INQUIRY

City Paid for Boulevard to Chairman Barnes's Bungalow Beyond City Limits.

BONDS REJECTED BY BANK

Some of These Finally Found Their Way Into Police Pension Fund—Capt. Sheridan's Removal.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The special committee of the Senate appointed to investigate the administration of Albany County and city affairs held its first hearing in the Senate Chamber to-day. There was a large attendance of politicians and officials at both sessions of the committee.

James W. Osborne, the committee's counsel, brought out the fact that a broad boulevard had been paved at the expense of the city at large, the road extending beyond the western boundary of the city to the country club, where William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee and the local Republican leader, has a bungalow at which he spends much of his time while in Albany.

Mr. Osborne submitted evidence to show that the bonds issued to pay for this and other street improvements were invalid because the statutes had not been complied with, and that the bonds had been rejected by the National Copper Bank of New York on the report of their attorneys, who disapproved the bond issue. The amount of bonds was $100,000. Of this amount the city sold the greater part to the late State Controller Gaus for the canal sinking fund, and twenty bonds valued at $8,500 were sold by City Controller Howard N. Fuller to himself as trustee of the police pension fund.

In answer to questions by Senator Howard R. Bayne, Chairman of the committee, Mr. Osborne expressed the opinion that a taxpayer's action to restrain the city from paying the interest or principal of the bonds would be sustained by courts, and that the State and the city would lose on the investment.

One of the witnesses was ex-Capt. John H. Sheridan, who had been a member of the police force more than thirty years. He said he was retired on a pension last June, after his resignation had been requested by Edward B. Cantine, Commissioner of Public Safety.

"Mr. Cantine told me," Capt. Sheridan said, "that he asked for the resignation because Mayor McEwan, Mr. Barnes, and the organization had demanded it. I considered the matter for three days, and decided to retire. No charge was made against me. I am a Democrat, and I was succeeded by a Republican."

In opening his case Mr. Osborne said he expected to show that the city debt had been doubled in the last seven years, and that he could find no valid reason for the increase.

Chairman Bayne said the committee intended to ascertain the facts concerning the charge that there is corruption and mismanagement in the city and county departments, that the laws and ordinances to promote order and morality had not been enforced, or that they had been enforced with partiality in return for money and favor, and that public office had been conducted for personal gain. The Chairman asked the co-operation of all citizens so that the inquiry might be thorough.

Otto Kelsey, former State Superintendent of Insurance and Deputy Controller under Controller Gaus, who approved the city bonds bought by the State for the canal sinking fund, was summoned to appear before the committee this afternoon, but he was not present. Mr. Osborne will question him concerning the acceptance of bonds which had been rejected by a bidder on the recommendation of a firm of lawyers.

Only one side of the bond and street paving transaction has been heard, and the defense will probably not be heard by the committee, which has refused to permit witnesses to be represented by counsel. The hearing was adjourned until next Tuesday.

BAD LUCK ON WEDDING DAY.

Maywood Bridegroom Loses His Memory and Money, but Gets Married

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.—James Lawrence Magree of Maywood crowded into the last twenty-four hours about as much bad luck as a man could. He set out for the County Clerk's office in Chicago to obtain a license to marry Miss Stella M. Norcott. In his excitement he forgot his bride's name, her age, and almost everything except his name and address. A message to his prospective father-in-law brought him to the scene and the question blanks were filled out.

On his way home Mr. Magree was robbed of his wallet containing a considerable amount of money and the license. Stepping off the trolley at Maywood he slipped into a pool of muddy water and dropped a package of new shirts, socks, and other apparel. At the corner of his own street a stray dog ran between his legs and tripped him up. The fall broke his watch and tore his brand-new trousers.

He discovered the loss of the license, but on his reappearance, wild eyed and desperate, the County Clerk refused to reissue it. Once more his father-in-law came to the rescue, and at last he was married by the Rev. Edgar Beckwith of the Presbyterian Church.

CITY OFFICIALS ACCUSED.

Warrants Out for Philadelphia Public Safety Director and Architect.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6. — Warrants were to-day issued for the arrest of Henry Clay, Director of Public Safety; Carl Zilenzziger, City Architect; John R. Wiggins, of the contracting firm of John R. Wiggins & Co., and W. H. Walls, another member of the firm.

The warrants charge conspiracy to defraud and are an outcome of the investigation conducted the past few weeks by the Catlin Senatorial Commission. The warrants were not served on the individuals named, but were accepted by their attorneys. The charges were made on affidavit of Logan M. Bullitt, Chairman of the Taxpayers' Committee, which brought about the Catlin investigation.

The hearing is set for 10 o'clock Monday morning before Magistrate Barrett. Mr. Bullitt's affidavit alleges that the defendants conspired to defeat the statutes in awarding contracts for public work without advertising or competitive bidding, that they stifled competition by refusing to give other contractors plans and specifications of work to be done, and provided the Wiggins Company with such plans and specifications in advance.

THE RED COUNTESS.

Amazing story of a remarkable woman who spent a decade in New York in poverty and for whom Lasalle lost his life in a duel. Read the story by one who knew her well in **To-morrow's Sunday Times.**

FOR A PARCELS POST AND MAIL AIR LINE

Postmaster General Hitchcock Asks for $150,000 to Establish Such Routes.

TOTAL NEEDS, $260,938,463

Official Estimates Amount to Only 1 Per Cent. Increase Over Current Appropriations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Postmaster General Hitchcock has furnished Mr. Taft a new political asset to take the place of several he has recently lost. He has come out squarely for a parcels post in his annual estimates, which were furnished this afternoon, ten days ahead of Oct. 15, the date fixed by law for sending them to the Treasury Department.

Mr. Hitchcock includes an appropriation of $50,000 to cover the preliminary expenses of establishing a parcels post on rural mail routes, and an equal amount to start the parcels post in the city delivery service. His belief is that after the initial expenses of establishment are defrayed and the parcels post are in full swing on rural routes, it will not only bring in sufficient revenue to meet the cost, but also a surplus that can be utilized in paying the expenses of a parcels post in the city delivery service. He recommends a $50,000 appropriation for the latter service in order to cover certain expenses to be incurred before the system is in full operation.

In addition to these two items, he names one of $50,000 to cover an investigation having for its object the final establishment of a general parcels post on all railway and steamboat routes. By including these three items, Mr. Hitchcock will submit squarely to Congress the question of establishing a parcels post, for the Postal Committees of the House and Senate will have to pass directly on each item. He is confident that legislation authorizing a parcels post in some form will be passed at the coming session of Congress.

Another item in the estimates for the first time is one of $50,000 to cover experiments in the delivery of mail by aeroplane. Mr. Hitchcock believes that under certain conditions it will be possible in the near future to use the aeroplane to good advantage in the delivery of mail. He feels that the department will be justified in spending a reasonable sum for experimental purposes, and will so recommend to Congress.

Still another item indicating the progressive policy of the department is one of $50,000 for the purchase of time and labor saving mechanical devices for use in post offices. In the last two years numerous appliances have been added in the postal service, and the economies thus effected have far exceeded the cost. An item of $10,000 is added to be expended in giving rewards to postal employes who invent improved mechanical appliances that accelerate the handling of the mails, the purpose being to afford every possible incentive for the introduction of such improvements.

Mr. Hitchcock is the first Cabinet officer this year to complete his annual estimates of appropriations, according to which the money necessary to meet the expenses of the postal service at large in the coming fiscal year will be $260,938,463, or an increase of only $2,585,740 over the appropriations for the current fiscal year. This increase is the smallest on record, amounting to only 1 per cent.

OIL TRUST RECOVERS $13.04.

Found That Much After Search on a Judgment for $898.

Attorneys representing the Standard Oil Company appeared before Judge O'Dwyer in the City Court yesterday and presented an order directing the Madison Trust Company to turn over $13.04. This money was on deposit with the trust company to the credit of Israel Licht of 191½ Pitt Street. The Standard Oil Company obtained judgment for $898 against Licht last November, and for nearly a year its legal department has been hunting for some property on which it could levy to satisfy the judgment.

A short time ago the diligence of the company's representatives was rewarded by the discovery that Licht had money in the trust company. The Secretary was examined in supplementary proceedings, and the amount of the balance was learned. The company then served notice on the trust company to hold it, and yesterday Judge O'Dwyer signed the order directing that it be paid over to the Standard Oil Company.

GIVE $7,000,000 TO MISSIONS.

Each Methodist Gives 80 Cents a Year for Work in Foreign Lands.

TORONTO, Oct. 6.—The Rev. James Lewis of Cambridge, England, addressing to-day the Ecumenical Methodist Conference in this city, stated that last year there were 2,528 Methodist foreign missionaries, of whom 918 were ordained ministers and 120 physicians, 53 of the latter being women. Native workers numbered 20,847, and there were 6,762 missionary stations and sub-stations. These missionaries represented 708,105 baptized Christians and 1,444,292 adherents, of whom 458,165 were Sunday school teachers and scholars.

The ordained ministry of Ecumenical Methodism at the beginning of 1910 was 52,978, of whom but 2,322, or 5 per cent., counting foreign and natives, were in the mission fields.

"Taking the average throughout the world," said Mr. Lewis, "there is one minister to every 174 Methodist church members. In heathen countries the ratio is one minister to every 308 members. The income of our missionary societies in 1910 was about $7,000,000, which represents a contribution of about 80 cents from each of the 8,751,434 Methodists."

RUNAWAY AUTO KILLS MAN.

Car Dashes Into a Crowd in the Heart of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—J. C. Kriebel was killed and scores of pedestrians were thrown into a panic to-day when a large touring car suddenly dashed upon the sidewalk of the Bourse Building in the crowded business section of this city.

The chauffeur, Charles Mulloy, was repairing the engine when the unoccupied automobile ran on the sidewalk. Kriebel was knocked down an open areaway, and the machine fell on him. The chauffeur was arrested.

NEW YORK OVERBUILT OPERATIONS HALTED

Money Hard to Find for New Apartments, Hotels, and Office Structures.

WAITS FOR CITY TO GROW

Metropolitan Life, for One, Has Shut Down on Apartment Building Loans—Skyscrapers Overdone.

"New York does not want any more new apartments. In this respect the city is decidedly overbuilt, and it is time to call a halt on future operations of that character," declared Walter Stabler, Controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday, in answer to a question why his company had stopped making building loans.

"We have shut down tight in giving loans for new apartments," he said. "We have a few loans still pending for which arrangements were made some time ago, but we are taking up absolutely nothing new in that line. How long this will continue I cannot tell. Should there be a partial, or, better yet, a total cessation of building operations of the apartment house type for at least one year, the situation would be materially relieved, and the money market would become much easier for obtaining mortgages and loans on projected operations.

"With very little building within the next year the natural increase of population will practically fill up the existing vacancies. But should the erection of apartment houses continue as actively as in the last few years, building operators, and particularly the smaller ones, will find the situation much worse than it is to-day."

That New York is overbuilt, not only in apartment houses, but in several other classes of buildings, was admitted by the heads of several large financial institutions which loan money more or less freely for building operations. Not for many years has it been so difficult to obtain a building loan as is the case to-day, and it was generally admitted that the only new building which stands a chance of obtaining a good loan is one in a peculiarly choice location, which can show a more than reasonable possibility of filling with paying tenants as soon as finished.

The Metropolitan Life is one of the largest lenders of money on buildings in the city, and its action shows how the moneyed institutions regard the situation. The Metropolitan has loaned more money on apartments which have been completed for opening this Fall than any other organization.

"Our interest in this class of property is very large," said Mr. Stabler, "and to conserve these interests it is felt that the encouragement of further building would injure to some extent at least the security for the loans already made. Therefore, we cannot consider any further engagements until such time as the condition of the market warrants a return to freer lending."

The three types of building in which the lenders of money consider New York overbuilt at the present time are apartments, hotels, and office buildings. The officers of the title guarantee companies and nearly every large operator admit that office building, in the lower part of the city especially, has been overdone.

H. S. Black, President of the United States Realty and Improvement Company, which owns the Whitehall, the Trinity, and other big structures, sounded this warning several weeks ago just before he sailed for Europe. George T. Mortimer, a Vice President of the same company, speaking on this phase of building, said:

"The erection of high office buildings in the lower part of the city has undoubtedly been overdone. It is a fact, however, that there are many buildings in the city, as well as elsewhere, which, owing to improper management, poor layout, undesirable location, and other causes, are not paying an adequate return on the investment, but are actually being run at a loss."

Every new office building, like a fine high-class apartment, has a tendency just after its completion of unsettling the market conditions in its immediate vicinity for a time. One of the tallest of the new office structures downtown, opened barely a year ago, was built to rent office space at about $3 a square foot. In the vicinity were many older, but substantial structures, which were getting but $1.75 a square foot. Some of the tenants from the older buildings were willing to pay the higher price for the satisfaction of being in a fine modern structure with the latest improvements. This caused vacancies, many of which still remain. The demand for the more costly space in the new buildings, however, was not equal to the supply. It was necessary to reduce the price, and there are tenants in the building paying but $2, or a trifle more, for space which it was figured must show a return of $3 a square foot in order to give a very small percentage of profit on the investment. This is no unusual case.

"What do we think of new hotels?" said the officer of one of the large title companies. "Well, I do not think of them at all. New York has enough hotels for some time to come, in my opinion, and I wouldn't loan a dollar on the best hotel project brought into my office."

Regarding the loft or commercial building situation in the so-called midtown zone, north of Fourteenth Street and below Forty-second Street, opinions vary. By many the loft building is considered to be overdone. This was a very general view less than six months ago, but the continued removal of large wholesale concerns from the old dry goods and commercial district in the locality of Broadway and Grand Street has resulted in an large number of highly satisfactory long-term leases and the situation in this respect has shown a slight improvement. Most of the big lofts in the Fourth Avenue section are well rented, some of the largest buildings being virtually full.

"I am not prepared to say yet what our attitude will be on new lofts," said Mr. Stabler, when asked if his company was still making loans on new commercial structures. "We are willing to entertain good propositions in that line, but I will admit that the loft building situation is a somewhat doubtful condition. We will wait until Winter before making any move to close down as tightly on lofts as we have on apartments. Commercial renting has been fairly active, better in some cases than the agents or owners had dared to hope. Perhaps in the next three months or so the existing vacant loft space will be largely taken up, and if that is so the money market for operators of this type of buildings will be much brighter."

Most of the real estate agents do not like to admit that there is any dullness in the renting of apartments. A few of the newer houses have filled very well, particularly in the Cathedral Parkway section and Morningside Heights. The new houses always create some disturbance in their neighborhood, for they invariably draw tenants from the older ones. In the better type of houses, those commanding moderately high prices, the tendency is becoming more general to make three-year leases. In this way the new house is assured of a fair investment return for a reasonable period, and it places a check upon quick removals.

A high-class apartment house well managed and in a good neighborhood is regarded by the money lenders as excellent security, but such houses are not common, and they are usually controlled by operators who can stand one or two hard years, if need be.

4-INCH SNOWFALL UP STATE.

Winter Weather in the Adirondacks, with Record Fall Thus Early.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Four inches of snow fell to-night over the northern ranges of the Adirondacks, making the heaviest precipitation at this time of year in a decade. The storm was general throughout the northern section of the mountains, extending from Big Moose to the Chateaugay Lakes. A moderate temperature caused the snow to melt rapidly in the valleys, but on the mountain ranges it is heavy, and the woods present the appearance of midwinter.

Long Lake West, Tupper Lake, and Loon Lake report a snowfall continuous for five hours, while points on the Chateaugay Division of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad say that snow has fallen since 3 o'clock. For the last two weeks a belt of cold air has hung over the Adirondacks and several flurries of snow have occurred at various times. To-night's storm, however, is the worst this Autumn.

TO DISBAR FIFTEEN LAWYERS

Bar Association's Censors Take a Block of Cases to Court.

Elnar Chrystie, counsel of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, filed yesterday with the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court applications for the disbarment of fifteen attorneys. He declined to reveal their names or discuss the charges against them.

KILLED CLIMBING TO FLAT.

Locked Out, and Not to Disturb Wife, He Tried the Fire Escape.

When Patrick Carvill reached his flat on the top floor of 108 East 119th Street last night he found the door locked and was unable to arouse his wife. Deciding that she must be asleep, and being unwilling to disturb her or her five-day-old baby, Carvill ceased knocking and tried to reach the fire escape and enter his flat by a window. Going to the roof he started to lower himself over the cornice. He slipped and fell.

Neighbors heard the fall into the yard six stories below and called Dr. Baker from Harlem Hospital. He found Carvill dead.

No one dared tell Mrs. Carvill, but last night she was informed that her husband was in the hospital, hurt by a fall.

ROCKEFELLER OF ROYAL LINE

Historian Traces His Family from English, Scotch, and French Kings.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 6.—John D. Rockefeller has a right to a royal coat of arms, according to Elroy M. Avery, a Cleveland historian, who has made a careful tracing of the family tree. He finds that Mr. Rockefeller is a direct descendant of the first three Earls of Lincoln, and before that of some of the early Kings, not only of England, but of Scotland and France.

Mr. Avery became interested in the Rockefeller ancestry some time ago, when he discovered that Mr. Rockefeller was a member of the family descended from Samuel Avery, who lived in Massachusetts in the early sixteenth century. Then Mr. Rockefeller had the Avery pedigree verified by the College of Heralds, London.

PAULINE WAYNE'S ESCAPE.

President's Cow Rescued from Slaughter at Chicago Stock Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.—Pauline Wayne, the President's cow, was lost en route to the Milwaukee Dairy Show and narrowly escaped death in the Chicago stock yards to-day, but the presence of four attendants saved her from the bludgeon of the slaughterer.

The animal was lost through transhipment from the Baltimore & Ohio, her private car being shunted to a train of cattle cars bound for the stock yards.

Meanwhile the dairy show people, the President's official household, and the Stephenson Farm, where she was to be housed until the dairy show opened, were telegraphing everywhere in search of her whereabouts.

NO BEER AT HARVARD UNION.

Use of Liquor by Students on Festive Occasions Forbidden.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6.—No longer can Harvard students drink beer or cocktails at the Harvard Union. There will be no more "beer nights" or banquets with drinks served there.

To-day the Administrative Board of the union voted against the use of liquor in the building. There is no bar in the union, and liquors are not served in its restaurant, but three of the undergraduate papers have their offices in its building, and these organizations, with the classes, occasionally have had "punches" and "beer nights."

LEAVING PORTO RICO ILL.

Mr. Gromer of the Executive Council Coming to New York with Pneumonia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Gov. Colton of Porto Fico cabled the War Department this afternoon that Samuel D. Gromer, Treasurer and member of the Executive Council of Porto Rico, took the steamer to-day from San Juan for New York in a very low physical condition, in consequence of a severe attack of pleuro-pneumonia.

Mrs. Gromer and E. G. Dexter, the Secretary of Education for Porto Rico, accompany Mr. Gromer. They will arrive in New York Monday, and Mr. Gromer will be taken at once to St. Luke's Hospital.

INDICT ON BEATTIE NEWS.

Two Richmond Papers Charged with Sending Unfit Matter Through Mails.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 6.—The Federal Grand Jury this afternoon returned indictments of two counts each against the Richmond Journal Company, Inc., publishing the Richmond Evening Journal, and the News-Leader Company, publishing an afternoon paper of the same name, charging publication of unfit matter and sending it through the mails. The matter related to the Beattie murder case.

The specific charge against The News-Leader was the publication of an interview with Beulah Binford, while held in the Henrico County jail as a witness against Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., the now convicted wife murderer.

The witnesses when the case is called will be Mrs. J. A. Sadler and Miss Stella Lucas of Glen Allen, Va., and Post Office Inspector C. H. Saffell. The charge against The Evening Journal was based on an article in "Extra No. 5" of Aug. 8, headed "Beattie's Nemesis," and the "Latter part or mother's recital."

The officers of the companies indicted made the necessary arrangements to appear in court and answer to the indictments.

TURK TORPEDO CRAFT MENACE ITALY'S ARMY

Lurk Off Sicily in Track of Armada Taking 50,000 Men to Tripoli.

60 SHIPS CARRY HOST

May Land To-day if Weather and Enemy Permit—Italian Governor in Tripoli Now.

ALL AFRICA LOST TO TURK

Cagni, Who Dared English Anger at Messina, Keeps Order in Bombarded Town.

ALBANIAN PATROL ENDED

Italian Ships Ordered to Quit Operating on That Coast—On Watch for Turkish Fleet.

FIGHTING IN THE RED SEA

Panic Reported in Constantinople, Where Loss of Tripoli Has Much Affected the Sultan.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Among military and naval men it has been taken as certain that the bombardment of the Tripoli forts would not have been carried out unless the preparations for landing the military force were practically complete, and a well-known military correspondent of The London Times says:

"The morning may see the Italian armada off the coast of North Africa. The first transports to leave Italian shores were naturally those from the most northerly ports of embarkation, namely, Genoa, Leghorn, and Ancona.

"From Genoa the first transports sailed Wednesday night. They should have picked up the Naples convoy Thursday night, and have reached the Strait of Messina Friday morning, at which time the transports coming from the Adriatic should also have arrived if the movement had been well arranged. Allowing the greater part of Friday for the marshaling of the convoy, which is said to consist of sixty ships, and assuming it might be considered advisable to reach the coast of Tripoli at dawn in order to have a long spell of light for the landing operations, these may begin to-day.

"Delays are possible owing to the breakdown of ships, weather conditions, and reports of hostile naval operations, but there is no certain proof at present that there is much amiss with the Italian plan, for the execution of which the preparations appear to have been very thorough and complete. Weather conditions are, however, on the lap of the gods, and reports up to Tuesday last were not at all favorable.

"It is apparently a fact that two army divisions will be taken across, numbering possibly 35,000 men. Adding the crews of the transports, which appear to have been strengthened by naval reservists, it is very likely true that there may be 50,000 all told with the armada.

"The subject which creates the most anxiety in Italy is the fact that though the Turkish squadron appears to have reached the Bosphorus, there may be some fast ships still at sea, including the best destroyers, and it is very naturally asumed that the mission of these craft will be to attack the transports at all costs. There are, indeed, reports that Turkish boats have been seen and unsuccessfully pursued near Sicilian waters, and until this situation is entirely cleared up there may be hesitation to launch the armada upon its mission."

TURKEY THRUST FROM AFRICA.

Italian Governor in Tripoli, Capt. Cagni, Commands Landing Force.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHIASSO, Oct. 6.—To-day marked the disappearance of actual Ottoman dominion in the whole African continent. Tripoli fell as a rotten apple falls. It is reported that the Turkish Governor of the province, when he saw all resistance was useless, exclaimed, "This is death through consumption."

The appointment of Capt. Cagni, a friend of the Duke of the Abruzzi, and the Duke's companion on his polar expedition, as commander of the landing troops, is most popular. Cagni is one of the most determined officers in Italy. He is of the type of Kitchener. At the time of the Messina earthquake he dared even the anger of England.

An English timber boat passing through the Straits of Messina was stopped by Cagni and asked to sell its cargo. The English Captain refused to sell and tried to escape. Thereupon Cagni said, "Either sell us your timber or you sink." The English Captain said Cagni would not dare execute his threat, because he had the might of England behind him. Cagni retorted,

"Now we will have timber; afterward we will settle with England"—and naturally had his own way.

Reports from private sources from Constantinople say that a state of panic is reigning there. The people feel that the soldiers are being sacrificed in a hopeless cause, while the irritation against Italy is extreme. The Sultan, these reports say, is inconsolable. First he blames the late Cabinet, then fate, then his subjects. One would think Tripoli had been the province nearest to his heart. He goes daily to the mosque, crying loudly on emerging that the prophet has deserted his most faithful followers.

In Italy enthusiasm for the house of Savoy has not been so great since the days of the elder Victor Emmanuel. The King never goes anywhere that he is not overwhelmed with applause. On these occasions he shows how much he is touched. His Majesty said after one such reception: "Now would be the moment to die. It will break my heart if I outlive this affection."

King Victor has already announced his intention to visit Tripoli before the end of the year.

ITALY RULES IN TRIPOLI.

Arabs Submit, Government Established—Military Honors to Turks' Dead.

TRIPOLI, Oct. 6.—The Italians have established a new government for Tripoli. Rear Admiral Borea d'Olmo has been appointed Governor. Capt. Cagni was made commandant of the forces disembarked by the Italian fleet.

After Italian seamen had been landed and occupied Fort Sultanie, the chiefs of the Arab tribes adjacent to Tripoli went aboard the Italian flagship and gave their submission. They begged the Italians not to resume the bombardment.

The German Consul as the senior member of the Consular Corps, also visited the flagship and asked Vice Admiral Faravilla to assume responsibility for the preservation of public order and the protection of foreign residents in Tripoli, which had been abandoned by the Turkish troops. The Admiral landed other detachments of sailors with guns, including quick-firing pieces, and occupied Tripoli in a military sense. This was accomplished without incident and the appointment of a Governor followed.

The German Consul informed Vice Admiarl Faravilla that during the shelling of the town no harm had been done to any European or damage to the property of Europeans.

ROME, Oct. 6.—A wireless message from Tripoli says that the Italian sailors buried the Turkish dead, rendering military honors to those who chose death rather than surrender.

Twenty wounded Turks were placed in the hospital wards of the Italian warships. The wounds of these were very serious. Others who were slightly wounded were carried away by their comrades.

Those of the injured Turks who are able to talk state that further resistance on their part was impossible, owing to the inferiority of their number and of their fighting equipment.

The Italian warships visiting the other coast towns of Tripoli found very few Turkish troops. There were a few hundred at Bangazi, but only 25 at Solum, 30 at Tobruk, and 70 at Derna. At Cyrene they came upon 20 police officers.

The Turkish civilian prisoners held in Italy will receive 40 cents a day from the Italian Government during their detention. The prisoners of war at Syracuse will be allowed to be present at the drills of the Italian soldiers who are about to sail for Tripoli.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—A correspondent of the Wolff Bureau telegraphing from Dehibat, on the Tunisian frontier, under yesterday's date says:

"Six soldiers and six Jews were killed and five soldiers and one Jew wounded during the bombardment of Tripoli.

"The Europeans, of whom there are still 4,000 in Tripoli, were unharmed. The house of the interpreter of the German Consulate was badly damaged, but the shells from the Italian fleet did comparatively slight damage in the city.

"The Moslems remained passive during the bombardment."

Although the Italians landed marines at Tripoli, it is understood here that mediation will not be acceptable before the city has been occupied by the expedition from Italy, the first ship of which is due to sail for Tripoli to-morrow.

Germany in the meantime is endeavoring to restrain Turkey from taking any measures that might lessen the hope of successful mediation, and has induced Turkey to withdraw the prohibition against the furnishing of coal for private steamers. This had seriously inconvenienced international shipping.

CROSS OVER TRIPOLI

For First Time Since 1551, Apostolic Delegate Tells the Pope.

ROME, Oct. 6.—The Pope to-day received a message by wireless from Mgr. Rossetti, the Apostolic Delegate at Tripoli, and sent by permission of Gov. Boreddolino, saying:

For the first time since the Knights of St. John were defeated by the Turks and lost Tripoli in 1551, the cross of Christianity has been raised over this land. This time next to the cross is the flag of Savoy.

The Apostolic Delegate adds that the bombardment and occupation were conducted with the utmost regard for humanity. During the bombardment he, with the Franciscan monks and nuns, remained in Tripoli to nurse the wounded, and they prayed to the Almighty to grant victory to the arms of faith and civilization. The message ends by imploring the Apostolic benediction on Tripoli and its new rulers.

TRIPOLI'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Admiral Borea d'Olmo Rescued Variag's Crew in Russo-Japanese War.

ROME, Oct. 6.—Rear Admiral Borea d'Olmo, who has been appointed Italian Governor of Tripoli, is a distinguished naval officer and son of the Master of Ceremonies at his Majesty's Court. He commanded the cruiser Elba, which took part in the blockade of Venezuela and witnessed the battle off Chemuipo during the Russo-Japanese war, when he rescued 200 Russian sailors after the cruiser Variag was destroyed.

Capt. Umberto Cagni, who was made Commandant of the landing parties, is President of the International Polar Commission, and was a companion of the Duke of the Abruzzi on the latter's Alaskan and north pole expedition. He was one of the few officers at Messina at the time of the great earthquake who remained calm when others lost their heads.

TURKISH FLEET REALLY SAFE.

Seen by British Correspondent Anchored in Golden Horn.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The Constantinople correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says the summoning of the Turkish Parliament has purposely been postponed. The object is first to hold a general election in which it is hoped to eliminate a number of the members of the Committee of Union and Progress from seats. The new Cabinet then will be reformed. If the Parliament met now, the correspondent adds, the Sultan would immediately dissolve it.

"In view of the question abroad as to whether the Turkish fleet is really in the Golden Horn," the correspondent says: "I have just paid a visit there and found five cruisers and seven torpedo boats at anchor."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 6.—The Bulgarian Minister to-day conveyed to the Porte the assurance of the neutrality of Bulgaria, and also denied the report of a military mobilization in the kingdom.

The Government originally intended to intrust the protection of Turks in Italy to the United States, but abandoned the plan, leaving this matter to Germany.

COLOGNE, Germany, Oct. 6.—The Cologne Gazette's correspondent at Constantinople reports that the German Embassy there is urging forbearance on the part of the Turkish Government in the matter of the expulsion of Italians.

TURKS TRICKED, IT'S SAID.

Soldiers Told Italian Fleet Was British Sent to Keep the Peace.

SYRACUSE, Italy, Oct. 6.—The Italian battleship San Marco arrived here to-day from Tripoli. She steamed throughout the night without light in order to avoid detection by Turkish torpedo boats which are still cruising with surprising audacity about the Italian fleet. During the trip the San Marco stopped a steamer which proved to be British owned. It was allowed to proceed.

The officers of the battleship described the bombardment of Tripoli as having been arranged with great care in order to spare the enemy as much as possible. At the last moment Vice Admiral Faravelli decided not to bombard even the palace, and so the Governor was left undisturbed though the batteries adjacent were silenced.

The Turkish soldiers gave proof of extraordinary courage. Frequently they exposed themselves unnecessarily. It appears from statements made by prisoners taken that the Turks did not first realize their inferiority. The Government of Constantinople and the local authorities had instilled in them the conviction that Italy was an insignificant country and weaker than Greece.

When they saw the imposing fleet assembled off the coast they were assured by their officers that the vessels were not Italian but British warships which had been ordered to Tripoli to prevent its occupancy by the Italians. Notwithstanding this deception and the subsequent disillusionment, the Turkish gunners responded bravely to the attack and made a good fight, considering the equipment at their disposal.

RECALL SHIPS FROM ALBANIA.

Italians, to Avoid Complications, to Cease Patrolling the Coast.

ROME, Oct. 6.—The intention of the Italian Government to avoid further incidents on the Albanian coast was frustrated either because Capt. Biscaretti, in command of a section of the torpedo boat flotilla, had not received the instructions on this point, or, being provoked by the Turks, assumed responsibility for his action.

In order to avoid a reptition of such an occurrence, the Admiralty Office, upon the suggestion of Vice Admiral the Duke of the Abruzzi, has recalled all the ships cruising along the Albanian coast, and adopted another plan to protect Italian steamers from attacks by the Turks. This plan is kept secret.

It is understood that Rear Admiral Aubrey is manoeuvring in the Aegean Sea, intending to have his warships so placed that he can capture without destroying the whole Turkish fleet if it dares to emerge from its hiding place.

CARRY WAR INTO RED SEA.

Turks Fire on Cruiser—Italians Sink Turkish Gunboat.

MASSOWA, Eritrea, Africa, Oct. 6.—The fort at Hodeida, a seaport of Arabia, fired many shots at the Italian mining cruiser Aretusa, which was cruising in the Red Sea to protect Italian commerce. The shots were without effect. The Aretusa replied with her guns.

ROME, Oct. 6.—Provoked because she had been fired upon by the Turkish fort at Hodeida, the Italian mining cruiser Aretusa attacked a Turkish gunboat and sank her.

Turkey having taken the offensive in the Red Sea, where Italy had intended to remain on the defensive, the Aretusa and the dispatch boat Staffetta and repairship Volcano, all of which are armed, and the smaller warcraft available, have been ordered to chase the few old gunboats that Turkey has in the Red Sea, and to attack the ports of Yemen if necessary.

TURKS TAKE BRITISH SHIP.

Steamer Orchis, with Powder on Board, Taken as Prize of War.

SALONICA, European Turkey, Oct. 6.—The Turkish battleship Feth-i-Bulend held up and searched the British steamer Orchis, and finding forty barrels of powder on board brought the vessel here as a prize of war.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The steamer Orchis seized by the Turks was bound from Smyrna for Constantinople, and her owners here cannot understand why she was taken, so long as she was not going to an Italian port.

APPEAL TO KING GEORGE.

Meeting in Constantinople Issues Circular Protest Against Italians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 6.—At a meeting held to-day in the Mosque of St. Sophia, a telegram of protest against Italy's declaration of war on Turkey was formulated and sent to all the Parliaments of the world, peace and arbitration societies, universities, Socialist organizations, and The Hague Peace Tribunal. The telegram says the occupation of Tripoli is unjustified and that Italy is unworthy of a place among the great powers. It asks whether Western civilization has considered the effect upon the Eastern mind of Italy's brigandage.

The meeting also sent the following message to King George of England:

"How can a power like England, ruling between 80,000,000 and 90,000,000 Moslems, regard with complaisant silence the declaration of war against the Ottoman nation and the blockade of Tripoli? Is such policy in harmony with the present and future interests of England?"

GIOLITTI AT TURIN.

Italian Premier Cheered by Great Crowd on Visit to Exhibition.

TURIN, Italy, Oct. 6.—Premier Giolitti arrived here to-day to keep an engagement, made before the war began, to speak at the Exposition to-morrow. He received a demonstrative welcome, being met by a great crowd carrying flags and headed by bands of music.

The cheering ones wished to take the horses from the Premier's carriage and have it drawn by men, but to this the city's guest objected.

A HINT FROM AUSTRIA.

Hopes War Will End Before Neutrality Proclamation Is Necessary.

VIENNA, Oct. 6.—Count Von Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, to-day expressed the hope that the Turko-Italian conflict would come to an end so speedily that it would be needless for Austria to declare neutrality.

TURKEY EXPLAINS POSITION.

Note to Washington Government Says Italy Forced War on Her.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The State Department received to-day from Youssouf Zia Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador to the United States, the first formal note of explanation of Turkey's attitude in the existing struggle with Italy. The note reviewed the action of Italy, setting forth that the war had been proclaimed without regard to Turkey's request for further explanation of Italy's demands.

Accompanying the "aide-memoir" addressed to the American Government was a letter from the Ambassador making it clear that Turkey desired to be set right on the charge that she had not given due weight to Italy's final twenty-four-hour ultimatum.

"This document will establish under their true aspect the circumstances which have preceded the declaration of war which Italy has so unjustly made to the Ottoman Empire," says the letter from the Ambassador. "Moreover, it presents irrefutable proof of the desire which the imperial Government had to use all the pacific means in its power to preserve peace.

"Consequently, it never entered into the mind of the imperial Government to wish to underrate the meaning of an ultimatum, as certain parties wish to pretend."

The statement presented by the Ambassador reviews the action of Italy in sending a note to Turkey Sept. 25, "pointing out the dangers to which the security of the Italian subjects at Tripoli and in the Cyrenaica was exposed, a note in which it insinuated that it would be induced to take military measures.

"The imperial Ottoman Government answered that no danger whatever existed," continues the document, "that the state of those regions was perfectly normal, and that it would guarantee the security of the Italian subjects. On Sept. 26 Italy sent an ultimatum in which she announced her decision to occupy the territory of Tripoli and Cyrenaica and fixing a delay of twenty-four hours in order that the imperial Ottoman Government should permit the occupation without resistance.

"The imperial Government answered in very conciliatory terms, asking to know the desiderata of Italy. By a document handed to the Turkish Government Sept. 29 the Italian Government without examining this proposal of the Ottoman Government signified a declaration of war.

"While inviting the Ottoman agents who were in Italy to return immediately the imperial Government asked the intervention of the great powers."

FRENCH FLAG AT AGADIR.

Paris Repudiates Action of Frenchmen in Hoisting It.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—A group of Frenchmen hoisted a French flag over the fort at Agadir, Morocco, threatening grave international complications. It was announced that France had proclaimed a protectorate and that a French cruiser was en route for Agadir.

The French Government immediately disavowed the action, and as it is not represented at Agadir, instructed the French Consul at Mogador to ask the Moroccan authorities to take measures to remove the flag and end the incident.

According to the latest advices, the Frenchmen were defying the local Calif of Agadir, who, on his own responsibility, had ordered the French colors lowered, but it is expected that the Frenchmen will yield when they learn that their Government has disavowed their act.

The Calif appealed to the commander of a German warship in the harbor, but he refused to interfere. The French flag was planted on an ancient bastion, dominating the town, which the overzealous French patriots had occupied in the absence of the garrison. They fired a salute and sent word to the Germans to leave Agadir, which they declared had become a French possession.

The incident, according to dispatches received here, created excitement in Southern Morocco, but the German Foreign Office is satisfied with the counter-measures adopted by the French Government.

Agadir is the seaport on the Atlantic coast of Morocco, where the German gunboat Panther and the German cruiser Berlin landed men, to the surprise of France, which was engaged in quelling a revolt of the natives. Germany represented that German interests were threatened, and for that reason the Government sent warships to the Moroccan coast. France considered the action of Germany as unwarranted and inconsistent with the French status in Morocco.

Since the arrival of the Panther at Agadir Germany and France have been negotiating with a view to determining definitely the respective rights of the two countries in Morocco. The negotiations have not been concluded.

HAITI HAS AN EARTHQUAKE.

Lasts Thirty Seconds, but Does No Damage—Turk's Islands Shaken.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Oct. 6.—A heavy earthquake occurred here at 5:30 o'clock this morning. The movement was from east to west and continued for thirty seconds.

The shock was accompanied by subterranean rumbling. No damage was done.

TURK'S ISLANDS, Oct. 6.—Three slight earth shocks were felt here at 5:30 o'clock this morning.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—An earthquake described as "very heavy and destructive," and estimated by Frank Hauser, observer at Loyola University, to be approximately 2,500 miles southeast of New Orleans, probably in Ecuador, was recorded this morning on the seismograph at that institution.

A severe earthquake, lasting 34 minutes, was recorded by the seismograph at Brooklyn College yesterday morning. The record began at 5:19 o'clock and continued until 5:53. The maximum disturbance was at 5:32. The movement was both north and south and east and west.

Before news of the earthquake in Haiti had been received the observers at the college had located the shock about 3,000 miles away.

LAURIER OUT; BORDEN IN.

New Canadian Cabinet May Be Announced Before Monday.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Oct. 6.—The Laurier Ministry has resigned, and Premier-elect R. L. Borden has accepted the call of his Excellency to form a Cabinet.

The resignation of the Liberal Government, which came into power in 1896, followed a Cabinet sitting which lasted until 1:30 P. M. Sir Wilfrid Laurier briefly conferred with Earl Grey, whereupon the Governor General sent a messenger to the residence of the incoming Premier and asked him to undertake the task of forming a new Government.

Mr. Borden, of course, accepted and requested a few days in which to complete the selection of the new Ministry. It is announced semi-officially that the Borden Cabinet will be announced on Monday or probably before.

STONE PERUVIAN LEGATION.

Colombian Mob Incensed Over Territory Dispute—Money Voted for Armaments.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Oct. 6.—On leaving the cathedral last night, where they had attended a meeting presided over by the Archbishop of Bogota, a mob stoned the Peruvian Legation and tore down the coat of arms. This is the second attack on the legation, and the situation is considered grave. The previous attack took place in July, and, like the one of last night, was due to ill-feeling over the alleged encroachment of Peru upon territory claimed by Colombia.

Congress to-day passed an additional credit of $2,000,000 to be expended for armament and a credit of $1,500,000 to be used in fortifying ports on the Pacific Ocean.

New Swedish Cabinet Formed.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 6.—K. Staaff, the Liberal leader, to-day succeeded in forming a Cabinet to succeed the one of Premier Lindaman, which resigned Sept. 30. In the new Cabinet M. Staaff will take the portfolio of Premier and Count Ahrensvard, Swedish Minister to the United States, that of Foreign Affairs. The Socialists declined to take part in forming the new Ministry.

DIDN'T ROB POLICEMAN.

Court Even Doubts If Policeman on His Night Out Was Robbed at All.

Cornelius Klemm, 19 years old, of 226 East Forty-seventh Street, was freed by Magistrate Murphy, in the West Side Court yesterday, where he was charged with taking $5 from Patrolman Michael Collins of the Leonard Street Station.

According to his story in court, Collins, who was off duty and in civilian clothes, met Klemm in Forty-second Street early yesterday morning, and they went to a saloon to have a drink. While in the place Collins said he felt a hand in his pocket and missed a $5 bill. He accused Klemm.

Klemm said he had several drinks with Collins and that Collins told him that he had lost some money before. Klemm was taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station, when he should have been taken to the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, and from there to Police Headquarters, where a record was made of his finger prints.

From headquarters Collins took his prisoner to the Jefferson Market Court and again he made a mistake. He was directed to go to the West Side Court, and finally he arraigned his prisoner before Magistrate Murphy.

"I do not believe you know who robbed you," said Magistrate Murphy, when Collins made his complaint. "And I don't think you know whether you were robbed or lost the money."

PORTUGAL'S UPRISING NOT DEEMED SERIOUS

Ex-King Manuel, Reported Nearing Oporto, Has Not Even Left His English Home.

MONARCHISTS DEFEATED

But Others Gather on Frontier, Where Government Has 8,000 Troops—Reinforcements Ordered to Oporto.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Hostilities began in Northern Portugal on Thursday, telegraphs the Oporto correspondent of The Daily Mail.

"There is a royalist movement," said the Portuguese Minister to London. "That I admit; but it is not at all formidable, and the startling reports which are being circulated emanate from a few malcontents, whose only hope of securing financial support is to affect activity and confidence in a rising which is non-existent in reality."

"King Manuel, traveling under the name of Lakausan, and his uncle, Dom Affonso, entered Portuguese territory as passengers on the Sud express, going to Oporto," runs a dispatch from Paris.

"King Manuel has not left his residence in Richmond," said a member of his household there, and this statement is confirmed from other sources.

The report about Dom Affonso, who, it will be remembered, advocated resistance at the time of the revolution, is not so easily discredited.

Official dispatches from Lisbon admit that there have been some encounters between the Republican troops and Royalists who entered Braganza on Wednesday, but minimize rumors of an important invasion.

Except in circles keenly in sympathy with King Manuel, the chances of success of the Royalist incursion are not considered great in London, and a correspondent who recently returned from the Spanish frontier, where he was in a position to judge of Capt. Couceiro's preparations, declares he saw nothing to lead him to believe that the republic would be overthrown.

LISBON, Oct. 6.—A band of royalists has been defeated in a fight with the Republican troops near Braganza, in Traz-Os-Montes, the northeasternmost province of Portugal. It is rumored that a royalist column at Vinhaes, 14 miles west of Braganza, is surrounded by Republicans.

A column of 700 Monarchists, commanded by Senhor Camacho Canavarro, principal Lieutenant of the Royalist leader, Capt. Couciero, entered Portugal on Thursday morning from Zamora, Spain, and occupied Franca, Carregosa, Espinhozello, Paco, Soutello, and Paraimo, all in the district around Braganza. Two thousand Royalists, who gathered from various places, have also joined the column, which is now at Vinhaes.

Several fights, in addition to the one near Braganza, have taken place, but, according to official reports, there were few casualties. The Monarchists are awaiting another column, which is expected to enter Portugal by way of Verin. Telegraph wires in several localities have been cut by Royalists, but in each instance the Royalists have been routed and the wires repaired.

The Government has 8,000 troops, near the Spanish frontier, which is considered an ample number to cope with the situation. It has, however, dispatched regiments from Aveiro and Oporto and a machine gun company from Lisbon, while a warship is on its way to Oporto, where it will be held in readiness to land troops if necessary.

The Minister of Public Works is now at Oporto with one of the chiefs of the headquarters from Lisbon, and will proceed to Braganza. The Government denies that the Royalists have made incursions into Chaves and Guimares.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—A press dispatch received here from Badajos says that Dom Miguel of Braganza and his two sons are now with the Monarchists in Portugal. They and other leaders in the revolutionary movement having crossed the Spanish frontier in twenty automobiles the last few days.

CHINA'S RISING KILLED 10,000

Missionaries So Estimate Casualties in Sze-Chuen Revolt—Rebels Active.

PEKING, Oct. 6.—American Methodist missionaries at Cheng-tu, the recently besieged capital of Sze-Chuen province, telegraphed to-day that they estimate that 10,000 persons were killed during the fighting between the insurgents and the Government troops. Of the dead 2,000 were soldiers and the others rebels.

Ten thousand rebels are in possession of several cities southwest of Cheng-tu. Soldiers are marching against them.

The Methodists state that, as a result of the uprising, thousands of natives are homeless and that many, becoming desperate, committed suicide. The Methodists appeal for funds from America to be distributed under their supervision in the work of relief.

CONNAUGHT SAILS.

Duke En Route for Canada to Assume Governor Generalship.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The Duke of Connaught, accompanied by the Duchess, sailed on the steamer Empress of Ireland from Liverpool to-day to assume the office of Governor General of Canada in succession to Earl Grey. Prince Arthur and Princess Victoria Patricia will join their parents at Ottawa later.

A large party gathered at the railway station here to bid the Duke and Duchess good-bye. A portion of the steamer is reserved for them and their entourage.

Loan Contract to Nicaragua Congress.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Oct. 6.—President Diaz sent to Congress to-day the contract for the loan from American financiers, accompanied with a recommendation that the agreement, with some modifications, be accepted.

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CAPTURES 200 ZAPATAISTS.

Figueroa Has Bloodless Battle with Them in Chilapa.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 6.—Gen. Ambrosio Figueroa, in a bloodless battle at Chilapa, in the State of Guerrero, yesterday captured 200 Zapataists and placed them in jail at Chilpancingo. He believes that he has thus effectively broken the strength of Zapata and Almazar, who have been terrorizing the State of Morelos, Puebla and Guerrero for months.

Martial law is being discussed for Chiapas, where two governments exist, with capitals at San Cristobal and Tuxtla Gutierrez. Sonora has a rebellion against the local government, headed by Isdio Escobosa, who has notified the Department of the Interior that the whole revolutionary party is ready to rise, and asserts that the recent State elections were fraudulent.

DAMS BURST; FLOOD WISCONSIN TOWNS

Continued from Page 1.

breaking of the Bayless Pulp and Paper Company dam. This makes the total list of dead fifty-five.

The bodies found to-day are those of Gilbert Sykes, 7 years old; Mrs. Frank Sykes, 25, and E. A. Wilbur, 60. The bones were those of a child 2 or 3 years old, and another about 5 years.

Frederick Hamlin, Superintendent of the paper company, refused to testify this afternoon upon the advice of counsel, and the Coroner's inquest was adjourned to an indefinite date at Coudersport. After the adjournment District Attorney H. W. Nelson said the inquest would not be resumed for at least two weeks.

Mr. Hamlin was the last witness called, and almost the first question brought his refusal to answer, and Walter K. Sweatland, his counsel, himself a flood sufferer, announced that, inasmuch as it was common report that the inquest was being held for the purpose of bringing a criminal prosecution, he had advised his client in his course.

"Do you mean that in answering he might incriminate himself?" asked the District Attorney.

"He might incriminate himself or the testimony might be used against him at any subsequent prosecution," replied Mr. Sweatland, "and we stand on our constitutional rights."

An effort to have the witness state whether he was a member of the Town Council of 1910 was blocked, but another witness testified that the Town Council had never notified the Bayless Pulp and Paper Company that the dam was unsafe, although this was a matter of common report.

The inquest was based on the deaths of Mrs. Jacob Hess, 43 years old, and Herbert Reese, aged 6. L. B. Seibert, an attorney of Coundersport, described the buckling and breaking of the dam, and several persons who were at the dam on Sept. 19 and 20 told of large fissures through which the water was leaking. The Coroner's jury was drawn from the towns of Costello and Coudersport.

The situation has settled down to the routine of removing the débris, burying bodies, receiving and distributing supplies, and rehabilitating Austin. The activity of the day was disturbed by a strike of 200 wreck laborers at Costello because of long hours. They were paid off and ordered to leave. Construction of an electric lighting plant will begin tomorrow.

The Children's Home Society of Pennsylvania, which has a representative here, is seeking homes for 100 children between the ages of 3 and 10. Scores of letters have been received, offering to adopt the little ones.

As an instance of the wide sympathy for sufferers from last week's catastrophe Dr. S. G. Dixon, State Commissioner of Health, shows a little package of paper dolls, cut from the supplement of a Sunday newspaper. Written on the envelope in a childish scrawl were the words: "From a little girl to any little girl who has lost her dolls."

TO EXAMINE STATE DAMS.

Conservation Board Seeks to Avoid Repetition of Austin Calamity.

ALBANY, Oct. 6.—An investigation of the condition of the dams and reservoirs in this State, for the purpose of taking such precautions as will prevent the occurrence of a calamity such as that which befell Austin, Penn., is to be made under the supervision of the State Conservation Commission. Alexander Rice McKim of New York has been appointed by the commission, at an annual salary of $3,500, to conduct the inquiry.

Commissioner John D. Moore of the Division of Inland Waters of the Conservation Commission, states that the conservation law provides abundant power to compel owners of any dangerous dams to make them safe.

"A fine of $500 per day for non-compliance with such an order of the Conservation Commission," says Mr. Moore, "gives the law plenty of teeth, and makes it effective. So far as I know, New York is the only State in which complete control of such structures is vested in the State authorities. There are more than 500 water power dams in the State, so this investigation is an important duty."

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He has read the reports of physicians, ringing with praise of its value, the opinions of leading authorities, convincing beyond words, and the personal experiences of famous men and women who by the use of Sanatogen have obtained new vigor and strength for the acts of life. He has read how it is composed of the two life-giving substances—pure albumen and organic phosphorous—how ingenious is the manner of its combination, how logical and certain its action upon a starved nervous system.

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Sanatogen
THE FOOD-TONIC

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Over 15,000 letters from practising physicians pay eloquent tribute to the splendid properties of Sanatogen as an upbuilder of nerves and vitality. That is why Sanatogen stands supreme as the food-tonic of intrinsic merit and proven effect. That is why *you* may use Sanatogen with the utmost confidence, with every assurance that it will lastingly benefit your health.

Sanatogen is sold by all leading druggists at $1.00, $1.90 and $3.60

Write for a FREE copy of "Our Nerves of Tomorrow"

The work of a physician-author, written in an absorbingly interesting style, beautifully illustrated and containing facts and information of vital interest to you. This book also contains evidence of the value of Sanatogen which is as remarkable as it is conclusive.

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The well-known research chemist of Stevens Institute, writes:
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BALLOONS IN STORM, TWO ARE MISSING

Condor of France and Berlin II. of Germany Not Located Up to Late Hour.

NO RECORDS YET BROKEN

Lahm Cup Distance Not Even Approached—Seven of Nine Contestants Land Safely.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 6.—Heavy weather drove to earth seven of the nine racing balloons to-day that left here yesterday in contests for the James Gordon Bennett trophy, the Lahm Cup, and the altitude record. The other two bags that sailed have not been located. They are the Condor of France and Berlin II. of Germany.

No records were broken by any of the balloons that are down. The estimated distances ranged from 290 to 460 miles.

Two fell in Wisconsin, two in Minnesota, and three in Iowa.

Reports from the landed balloons bring stories of hard battles with snow, rain, and wind storms that raged high over northern Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin last night and to-day. The disturbance appears to have been traveling in a circle. Two balloonists stated in dispatches that they were carried south many miles by the storm after flying swiftly in a northerly direction.

None of the fliers was seriously injured, but J. C. Hulburt, in the America II., sustained severe bruises when that bag was forced to descend. In coming down the balloon encountered telephone wires, and both occupants of the basket were hurled to the ground. William G. Assman, the pilot, was not hurt.

The balloons landed as follows:

AMERICA II.—W. G. Assman, pilot; J. C. Hulburt, aid; landed near Emmettsburg, Iowa, at 1:30 A. M. to-day; estimated distance, 290 miles.

PENNSYLVANIA I.—A. T. Atherholt, pilot; E. R. Honeywell, aid; landed near Buffalo Centre, Iowa, at 6:20 A. M.; estimated distance, 300 miles.

TOPEKA II.—Frank M. Jacobs, pilot; W. W. Webb, aid; landed near Dunnell, Minn., at 8:30 A. M.; estimated distance, 325 miles.

BERLIN, I.—Leopold Vogt, pilot; Lieut. Martin Schoeller, aid; landed near Austin, Minn., at 10 A. M.; estimated distance, 345 miles.

BUCKEYE.—Lieut. Frank C. Lahm, pilot; J. C. Wade, Jr., aid; landed near Lacrosse, Wis.; estimated distance, 365 miles.

KANSAS CITY II.—J. C. Honeywell, pilot; John Watts, aid; landed near Kennan, Wis., at 9:20 A. M.; estimated distance, 460 miles.

MILLION POPULATION CLUB.—Landed Mason City, Iowa, at 5 P. M.

The Topeka II. and Kansas City II. were flying only for the Lahm Cup and they failed to lift it. The America II. and Buckeye also were eligible to this event.

The Lahm Cup record, 1,171.9 miles, held by Allan R. Hawley, was not even approached. Foreign balloons cannot compete for the Lahm Cup.

The Pennsylvania was trying for the altitude record. It is not known what height the bag reached.

President Myers of the local Aero Club, received the following message concerning the Kansas City II.:

Came down near Kennan, Wis., at 9:20 A. M., after dropping down through clouds and found that we had been back tracing for 100 miles.

"Honeywell, pilot; Watts, aid.'

The landing of the Topeka II. at Dunnell, Minn., was reported by Frank M. Jacobs, pilot of the craft. The Topeka II. was a contestant for the Lahm Cup. The message read:

"Landed safely at 8:20 A. M. to-day after an exciting night in a thunder and rain storm."

Jacobs tells the following story of his journey:

"The start of the trip was ideal, but at 11:30 P. M. we were caught in a violent thunder and rain storm that lasted four and a half hours.

"Our clothing was soon soaked with water, but despite this we managed to keep the balloon in the air. Soon, however o,r instruments became water logged, and useless, our lighting plant failed, and until 6 o'clock this morning we were lost among the clouds.

"As soon as it became light, we descended, with lightning playing around the bag. We soon ascertained we were in Minnesota. With our compass out of commission we could not tell where we were going, and for nearly two hours drifted near the earth. When every ounce of ballast had been exhausted we made a landing.

"Upon landing we found that we had been drifting south. There is no way of telling how far north we were carried before the wind reversed our course."

BUFFALO CENTRE, Iowa., Oct. 6.—The Pennsylvania I., pilot balloon in the James Gordon Bennett Cup race, has landed near here. It encountered a storm. Neither occupant was injured.

The landing was made on a farm about five miles north of here, and it was some time before the aeronauts could get their bearings. They packed the balloon and brought it to this place, from whence it was shipped to-night to Chicago.

Pilot A. T. Atherholt said he would have remained up longer if it had not been for the severe electrical storm and wind which at times threatened to capsize the balloon. Pilot Atherholt and aid Hunnewell left to-night for Chicago.

MASON CITY, Iowa, Oct. 6.—The balloon Million Population Club landed here at 5 P. M. to-day. Both occupants were shaken up by rough landing.

Capt. John Berry, veteran of many thrilling flights, went through the worst experience of his career late to-day, when he attempted to bring the balloon Million Population Club to the ground.

The balloon anchor struck a barn and tilted the basket so that A. J. McCullough, aid to Capt. Berry, was thrown out, and Berry saved himself by clinging to the rope after the gas bag, relieved of McCullough's weight, shot upward.

Dangling by the rope, Berry was carried hundreds of feet into the air, and an hour later came safely to earth, several miles south of the city, when the balloon, losing its buoyancy, settled. Berry did not try to anchor the aerostat, and it sailed away to the southwest until lost in the darkness.

McCullough was thoroughly shaken and severely bruised by his fall. Berry was not injured. The barn where the landing was first attempted was destroyed by the balloon anchor. Berry returned here to-night.

SPARTA, Wis., Oct. 6.—The balloon Buckeye, Lieut. F. P. Lahm, pilot, and J. G. Wade, Jr., assistant, landed safely in a field ten miles north of here at 3 o'clock this morning.

AUSTIN, Minn., Oct. 6.—Balloon Berlin No. 1, Lieut. Leopold Vogt, pilot; Lieut. Schoeller, aid, landed on a farm near Austin at 10 o'clock this morning. The balloon left Kansas City at 5:15 yesterday and was in the clouds all the time.

LOVE-NOTE BURGLAR FREED.

Miss Lander Pleads with Magistrate—Says He Got Only Business Letters.

Arch M. Campbell, who was arrested Wednesday in the rooms of Miss Adelaide Lander, 223 East Seventeenth Street, was discharged by Magistrate Butts in the Yorkville Court yesterday, when Miss Lander said she did not wish to press a charge of burglary against the young man. Campbell had been in jail since Wednesday, having been unable to get bail, and his hearing was set for to-day. Miss Lander, who returned yesterday from a visit to New London, persuaded the Magistrate to give the young man an immediate hearing.

It developed that Campbell had lived with Miss Lander and her mother, and had been engaged to the young woman. They had also been in business together, and the letters which Campbell entered the house to get and for which he was arrrested were said by both to be simple business epistles.

There was a misunderstanding on Sunday, and Campbell left the house. Miss Lander left his bag and some articles of his with the janitress when she went away to New London and gave orders that he was not to be admitted to the apartment. The janitress caused his arrest when he persisted in going into the rooms.

NAMED FOR SUPREME COURT.

Second District Democrats Put Judicial Slate Through—No Fusion.

Nominations for Justices of the Supreme Court in the Second District were made by both the Republicans and Democrats yesterday, the conventions being held in Brooklyn. Charles H. Kelby, Russell Benedict, and James C. Van Siclen were named by the Republicans. The Democratic nominees are Herbert T. Ketcham, Patrick E. Callahan and William Willett, Jr. The district is made up of Kings, Queens, Nassau, Suffolk, and Richmond Counties.

On the eve of the convention the plans for a fusion of the Republicans and the Independence League on the judiciary were upset and a straight Republican ticket was named. It was made plain by the Leaguers that unless Robert Stewart got a nomination there would be no fusion. Congressman William M. Calder and Naval Officer Frederick J. H. Kracke, the Republican county leaders, were opposed to Stewart. There was a deadlock which ended when the Republicans broke away.

The Democratic plans were put through without an attempt made to break the slate agreed upon by County Leader John H. McCooey of Brooklyn and Joseph Cassidy of Queens. The County of Queens is represented on the ticket by Mr. Willett. He lives in Far Rockaway. While a member of Congress he attracted much attention by two bitter attacks he made from the floor of the House on President Roosevelt. In one he blamed Col. Roosevelt for the financial panic of 1907. He was born in Brooklyn forty-two years ago and was graduated from the New York University. He has practiced law for fifteen years, having offices in Manhattan, Jamaica, and Far Rockaway. Mr. Willett is a member of the Masonic Order, the Odd Fellows, and the Elks.

Patrick E. Callahan is an Assistant Corporation Counsel in Brooklyn. He is 50 years old, a native of Brooklyn, and was graduated from the Columbia College Law School. He was appointed as an Assistant District Attorney in 1891 and served five years in that office. Last year he was an unsuccessful candidate for Supreme Court Justice. His home is in the Eighteenth Assembly District, Brooklyn.

Mr. Ketcham is Surrogate of Kings County. He was born 61 years ago in Huntington, L. I., and was graduated from Williams College. Mr. Ketcham began the practice of law thirty-seven years ago. His home is at 212 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mr. Kelby is Chairman of the Kings County Republican General Committee and counsel to the Public Administrator in Brooklyn. He was born in this city 42 years ago, and was graduated from the New York University in 1892. Mr. Kelby is a member of the Brooklyn League, the New York Historical Society, and the Montauk Club.

Russell Benedict is President of the Brooklyn League and a member of other civic organizations in Brooklyn. He was born in this city 52 years ago. He was graduated from the Columbia Law School and has practiced law for thirty years. Mr. Benedict is a member of the New York Society of Mayflower Descendants and the St. Nicholas Society of New York. He lives in Flatbush.

James C. Van Siclen, who represents Queens on the Republican ticket, is 41 years old and lives in Jamaica. He was graduated from the Brooklyn Polytecnic Institute and the Columbia Law School. Mr. Van Siclen is a Director in the Queens County Trust Company.

DEADLOCK ON ASSEMBLYMAN.

All-Night Balloting In the Fifteenth District and No Choice.

Unusual scenes attended the balloting for the nomination of Assemblyman in the Fifteenth Republican District on Thursday night. As the result of a deadlock over three candidates for the office, the convention lasted more than eight hours, and at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning no agreement having been reached, an adjournment was taken until Monday night. Three candidates were placed in nomination, Harry J. Crawford, the choice of the Republican organization; Charles Coleman, a partner of Lemuel E. Quigg, and Woolsey Shepard, a partisan of former Leader Harry W. Mack. Albert Ottinger is the present leader of the district.

The greatest disorder developed and heated words were often used. Immediately after the nominations were made the voting started, and it remained the same throughout the long session. Crawford got 29 votes, Coleman 27, and Shepard 20. Hours passed and the vote did not fluctuate. Dozens of speeches were made, but the delegates were obdurate. Messenger boys brought sandwiches and coffee and still the deadlock continued.

In the discussion one of the delegates said that he had been accused of accepting a bribe. Immediate confusion prevailed, and it was difficult to restore order. At 5:30 o'clock, when the first streaks of dawn were stealing in the windows, one of the tired delegates moved that an adjournment be taken, and all agreed with him. It is expected that the factional fights will be settled by Monday evening and a candidate agreed upon.

BARNES HOLDS A CONFERENCE

State Committeemen Talk Over New Laws and the Outlook.

A meeting of the Republican State Committe was held last night at Republican Headquarters, 43 West Thirty-ninth Street. The call was issued by State Chairman Barnes a few days ago for the purpose of discussing the new primary and election laws. The meeting lasted less than an hour, and there was an informal discussion of these new laws and what their probable effect will be in the matter of electing delegates to the National Convention, which will be held next year. Chairman Barnes also went over the political conditions in the various districts with the representatives who were present.

Reports were made as to the outlook and progress of the present campaign. All of the districts in the State were represented except four. Among those present were Vice President Sherman, who had the proxy of M. Jesse Brayton of the Twenty-seventh District; former Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff, Michael J. Dady, County Chairman Samuel S. Koenig, National Committeeman William L. Ward, and Louis F. Payn.

NOMINATED FOR ASSEMBLY.

In Greene County the Old Organization Is Defeated.

Special to The New York Times.

CATSKILL, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The Greene County Democratic Assembly convention was held at Tanhersville to-day, and after one of the most bitter fights in the history of the local organization the County Committee was reorganized with George B. Van Valkenburgh as chairman; M. E. Silberstein, secretary, and Percy W. Decker, treasurer, defeating the old organization by a vote of 24 to 7.

J. Lewis Patrie of Catskill was renominated for member of Assembly. Dr. George Lay Branch of Catskill and Alfred Otis Person of Lexington were nominated for Coroners.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Cyrus W. Shaw of Cornwall was nominated by the Democrats for the Assembly in the First Assembly District of Orange County this afternoon.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Sanford W. Abbey of Canandalgua to-day accepted the Ontario County Democratic nomination for Assembly in place of George F. Licht of Geneva, the nominee who declined.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 6. — George Washburn of this city was renominated by the Democrats to-day for member of the Assembly to represent the First District of Ulster County.

Tracy P. Madden Named for Assembly

The Democratic Convention of the First Assembly District of Westchester County met here to-night and nominated Tracy P. Madden, a former Secretary of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of Yonkers.

CHEMISTS HECKLE GOLD-FROM-SEA MAN

Ask for a Formula He Has in His Office, Not in His Head, and Call Him Unscientific.

HE'S ONLY MADE $16 WORTH

But That's Enough, He Feels—Goes Away Sadly and Announces That He's Also Found Radium in the Ocean.

Dr. Oskar Nagel, the Austrian chemist, who asserts that he has discovered a commercial process for recovery of gold, potash, and radium from the sea, was the central figure in a stormy session of the New York Section of the American Chemical Society in Rumford Hall, 50 East Forty-first Street, last night.

"The Recovery of Metals from Extremely Dilute Solutions," the solution in this case being pure ocean water, was the subject of the paper read by Dr. Nagel. Previous to reading the paper he had installed on the rostrum a small tin tube, shaped like a funnel, in the neck of which, he said, was a compound made up of Carnegie and Bethlehem iron slag which had been treated with a copperas solution. Into this funnel he poured a lot of water in which he had put a small amount of chloride of gold.

After Dr. Nagel had endeavored to tell how he was going to steal from the seas their wealth and he had started to leave the rostrum, Dr. A. C. Langmuir, the Chairman, turned to him and asked him to explain to the society why he had seen fit to give to the newspapers a story of his gold and potash recovery scheme and in so doing brought in the name of the New York Section of the American Chemical Society, which society, Dr. Langmuir explained, did not stand for anything that the Austrian chemist might claim, as to his ability to draw gold or potash or anything else from the sea. Dr. Langmuir's remarks were applauded, showing that practically every member of the society was against Dr. Nagel.

Dr. Langmuir read from THE NEW YORK TIMES of last Tuesday Dr. Nagel's statement about the $242,000 plant that the doctor said could bring in a clear profit of more than $3,000 a day to the owners. He called attention to the publication of the names of some of the officers of the society, which publication, he seemed to imply, indicated that the society took seriously what Dr. Nagel said he could do.

The moment Dr. Langmuir ceased talking Dr. Charles F. McKenna, a former Chairman of the New York Section, was on his feet. He moved the paper read by Dr. Nagel be rejected as unscientific, adding that the speaker had failed to give a practical demonstration of what he said he could do.

The motion was quickly seconded and Dr. Langmuir was about to put it to a vote when Dr Charles Baskerville, head of the chemical department of the College of the City of New York, interrupted.

"I move we proceed to the discussion of this paper," said Dr. Baskerville, and the members of the society cheered.

"I ask," said Dr. Baskerville, "how much gold has been recovered by this process?"

Dr Nagel all this time stood facing his inquisitors. He was very pale and nervous, but had himself in good control.

"I have recovered about $16 worth," Dr. Nagel replied in his broken English. The chemists laughed.

The Austrian sought to explain the statement printed about the earning capacity of his proposed $242,000 gold recovery plant. He said the statement in THE TIMES was correct, and added that the cost mentioned was the result of much carefu study based on the cost of smaller experimentation along the New Jersey and Long Island Coasts. He mentioned C. P. Rodgers of Bay Shore, L. I., as one person who had aided him by placing a boat with a big pump at his disposal. It was on this boat that he had made his Fire Island experiments.

"I ask the speaker if he can give us the analysis of this iron slag that he says will recover gold from sea water?" a member shouted.

"I have not the formula in my head, but I have it in my office," Dr. Nagel answered, and many laughed.

"Why is slag better for this purpose than any other material?" another member asked.

"Because it is a rough loose material, and gives a better reaction," answered the Austrian.

Dr. Morris Loeb got the floor. He said he had been mortified at what he had read in the newspapers. Then he looked hard at that tin funnel on the rostrum into which Dr. Nagel had poured such a large quantity of water diluted with chloride of gold.

"Pouring water through a funnel is not my idea of an experiment," said Dr. Loeb, and the society voiced its approval.

A voice was heard in the gallery. It was that of Dr. Leo Bakerland.

"We have seen this thing practiced right here in Wall Street with great success for a good many years," said Dr. Bakerland and the society roared.

There was more talk and then Dr. Langmuir put Dr. McKenna's motion to reject the paper as unscientific. The motion was carried unanimously.

Dr Nagel left the rostrum and walked slowly out of the room. He went to his office on the seventh floor of the same building. There he gave out a statement.

"They consider it yellow," he said, "for me to give information to the newspapers first. I do not so consider it. I do not understand this thing at all. Last June I wrote to Dr. McKenna, then Chairman of the New York Section, telling him I would like to read this paper.

"Dr. McKenna congratulated me and referred me to his successor, Dr. Langmuir, and I corresponded with Dr. Langmuir. Dr. Langmuir said that the society would be glad to hear me.

"I do not understand it at all. I do not, and I think it was all a made-up affair on their part. Nobody is invited to address them. It is always done the other way. I wrote McKenna and he said I was welcome. I do not think it is right. I must be a fool. I must be a swindler, according to these people.

"Last Wednesday morning Langmuir calls me up and objects to my saying anything that might appear sensational, and I tell him that I will not use the word sea water, and he replies that it is all right. It seems that because it is gold that I talk of they make a fuss. Had it been iron they would not have said a word. It is jealousy. I am sure it must be jealousy.

"Of course I started my demonstration this afternoon early. And only last week I wrote to Dr. Langmuir telling him what I claimed was startling, and asked him to send witnesses here this afternoon to check me off so there would be no occasion to doubt that I had carried out the demonstration properly. But no one came and to-night I am denounced and made out to be a liar. It is all wrong and I cannot understand it."

Dr. Nagel went on to say that he had not told his whole story. He added that the untold part was his ability to take radium from the sea.

"How do you do it?" he was asked.

"By treating crushed bricks with barium," he answered, "the process being similar to that used in the recovery of gold and potash.

"I took some crushed bricks and I treated them with a solution of barium, and then we pumped and pumped and pumped, and when we examined the result we found that there is radium in the sea."

Dr. Nagel said he thought at the time that he was the first to discover that sea water contained radium, but that the other day he found in reading a German text book that a German chemist had beaten him to that discovery.

He said he did not know when he would again try to prove his ability to recover gold and potash and radium from the sea.

Dentist's Son Dies of Gas In Chair.

Escaping gas was traced yesterday morning to a storeroom in the offices of Dr. M. Charles Gottschaldt, a dentist at 40 East Forty-first Street. The building engineer smashed in the door, and found Martin Howard Gottschaldt, the dentist's 21-year-old son, dead in a chair. In his lap was a tube from the gas jet. Coroner's Physician Weston said he thought the boy had been killed accidentally. The tube was used to supply gas to a lamp to melt metals.

FUSING AGAINST TAMMANY

And Particularly Against Legislators Who Voted for the Gaynor Charter.

Plans for a fusion campaign this Fall on the part of political organizations opposed to Tammany Hall were discussed last night at a meeting at the Manhattan Hotel. The Republican Party and the Independence League were well represented, while a score of men prominent in various civic organizations took part in the discussion. The meeting was called for the express purpose of carrying the fight against the proposed Gaynor-Murphy charter into the next campaign and to arrange a fusion whereby the Assemblymen who voted for the charter at Albany could be defeated.

The call for the meeting was signed by Samuel S. Koenig, President of the Republican County Committee; William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens' Union; Eugene H. Outerbridge of the Chamber of Commerce and Chairman of the Fusion Committee in the last Mayoralty campaign; Allan Robinson, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests; Charles H. Strong, President of the City Club; Otto T. Bannard, the fusion candidate for Mayor in the last city election, and Russell Benedict, President of the Brooklyn League.

Most of these were present last night, while others were Edward J. Donegan, of the Municipal Democracy; the Rev. Leander Chamberlain of the People's Institute; J. P. Coughlin, Louis F. Burchard, L. J. Reynolds, A. S. Frissell, Richard S. Childs, Walter D. Burtchell, William Lustgarten, Joseph M. Proskauer, Francis D. Pollack of the City Club; Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Laurence A. Tanzer, Chairman of the Charter Committee of the City Club; J. S. G. Kemp, E. B. Cochems, F. J. H. Krace, the new Republican leader of Kings; William M. Calder and Melvin G. Palliser, and John J. Hopper, representing the Independence League.

The principal work accomplished was the passing of a resolution in which those present pledged themselves to carry on the fight against the charter in the coming campaign and to do all they can to obtain the re-election of the legislators who opposed the charter, and the forming of a committee to see that the work is done. On this committee are Julius Henry Cohen, Ernest Gilmour Gardner, Collin H. Woodward, Melvin G. Palliser, Edward R. Finch, John J. Hopper and William M. Calder.

The committee will meet again at 4 o'clock next Monday afternoon at the Manhattan Hotel.

WON CAMPAIGN WITH BEER.

Stephenson Manager Says It Is Custom There to "Treat" Liberally.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 6.—After examining 725 items of amounts paid to individuals, who collectively received $107,793 for campaign expenses, the Senatorial committee which is investigating charges of bribery in connection with the election of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson to-day heard testimony that money was used for "entertainment" and not for any corrupt purpose.

Roney Sackett said it was the custom in Wisconsin, during campaigns, to send jugs of whisky and kegs of beer to localities where favorable political sentiment was to be worked up.

When Senator W. B. Heyburn asked Sackett whether Senator Stephenson had spent almost $2 for entertainment for each of the 56,000 votes he had received, the witness said that that was one way of reckoning it.

It was brought out that several ministers had acted as campaign workers.

"How many votes do you think Senator Stephenson got in consequence of his liberal spending" Senator Heyburn asked.

"I don't know that he got any on that account," Sackett replied.

Sackett and Levi H. Bancroft, a candidate for the Assembly during the campaign, received $250 for expenses, but it was not known what he did with the money. The same, he said, was true of L. H. Stevens of Lancaster, who received $700.

R. J. Shields, who was mentioned by witnesses in the investigation of Senator William Lorimer, again figured in the hearing when Sackett said the record showed Shields had received $200 from Stephenson, but Sackett did not know what for.

Harry J. Brown, a son-in-law of Senator Stephenson, and cashier of the Stephenson National Bank at Marinette, testified to having paid $700 to J. A. Vancleve.

SHOPLIFTER A BROKER'S WIFE

Woman Arrested In Fifth Avenue Store and Girl Companion Held.

Mrs. Helen Green of 101 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, said to be the wife of a wealthy oil broker of that city, and Miss Anna Merrill Jacquel of 1010 Front Street, Philadelphia, both of whom were arrested in a Fifth Avenue department store on Thursday evening charged with stealing two leather purses and some silk valued at $24, were held in $1,000 bail each for examination by Magistrate Corrigan in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday.

The Jacquel girl's parents, it developed yesterday, live at 3817 North Tenth Street, Philadelphia. Her mother yesterday declared that the girl worked as a demonstrator in department stores in Atlantic City last Summer, until she met Mrs. Green, who called herself Helen Rue, and from whom she contracted too strong a craving for fine dress and jewelry. The girl left Philadelphia on Monday, according to her mother, ostensibly with another girl friend to go to New York, where, she said, a position was awaiting her.

Y. M. C. A. MODEL FOR CITY.

Municipal Work Based on Its Principles, McAneny Tells the Boys.

The boys' department of the West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association celebrated last night the opening of its remodeled rooms. Twelve speeches followed a dinner, the only speaker of mature years being Borough President George McAneny. The other eleven speeches were all by members of the department. Every branch of the work in the boys' department was discussed. President McAneny said:

"I would like to tell you for one thing that the whole tendency of the City Government nowadays is like that of the Young Men's Christian Association, the helping of the individual by the community.

"In the schools we are taught to play, making play a part of the work of children. The city has altogether too many temptations for evil doing, and it is only right that it should provide places for public recreation. While the public is suppressing places of evil it also is advancing places of good, and in this it is merely copying the work which has been done by the Young Men's Christian Association."

HELD AS COUNTERFEITERS.

Four Italians Are Indicted at Auburn for Passing Forged $1 Bills.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Secret Service men from all parts of the East are here to testify against the four alleged Italian counterfeiters, whose operations have been traced in many cities. The fourth member of the gang, Serifanti Francis, was indicted to-day by the Federal Grand Jury on the charge of passing one-dollar silver certificates, and was held in $10,000 bail. One of the four is said to be an evangelist.

The Grand Jury, of which Thomas Mott Osborne is Foreman, also indicted William Moore, Charles Moore, and Frank Wheeler of New Hartford, N. Y., for having counterfeit coin in their possession. The Moores pleaded guilty, but Wheeler pleaded not guilty and was held.

William Burnisky of Carthage, N. Y., was to-day sentenced to two years and six months in the penitentiary for importing white slaves from Oxboro, Canada.

Rushing In Citizens In Queens.

In the Queens County Supreme Court in Long Island City yesterday Justice Townsend Scudder made a record in admitting foreigners to citizenship. He worked so fast that the court clerks and attendants could hardly keep pace with him, and when the session of the court had ended 197 men had been heard on their application to become citizens. They comprised 57 Germans, 55 Italians, 30 Englishmen, 20 Austrians, 16 Russians, 6 French, 6 Swedes, 3 Hungarians, 2 Swiss, 1 Greek, 1 Dane, and 1 Hollander. Fifty were turned down as unsatisfactory. In examining one of the Italians Justice Scudder discovered that he had only recently come from Sing Sing after having served a sentence for a Black Hand conspiracy. He was promptly sent away.

CUSTOMS MEN RAID OPIUM SUPPLY DEPOT

Outfit for Manufacturing the Drug for Smokers Seized in a House in Harlem.

NEAR-BY DRUGGIST VISITED

Places Supplied the Eastern States with "Dope," the Officers Say—11 Arrested and 5 Held in Heavy Bail.

Customs officers led by Deputy Surveyor Edward R. Norwood raided yesterday what they say was not only a plant for turning crude opium into the article used by smokers but a wholesale depot for dispensing the drug throughout the eastern part of the country and as far west as Denver. They said it was the first opium factory ever raided in this city. The place was an old three-story house, 131 East 113th Street, surrounded by tall tenements. In the cellar they found kettles, strainers, and other apparatus used in turning the crude article into its finished state.

In the rooms above were nine persons, three of whom were women. Among those arrested were Isaac Marks, charged with being the head of the establishment; Catharine Marks, his wife, and Thomas Loftus, who is said to be a helper. The other prisoners were taken to the Custom House, where they were examined and allowed to go.

At the same time this raid was being made another force of men under Deputy Surveyor Isaac Harris visited the drug store of Quillas A. Meyers, 1,822 Lexington Avenue, which they said was a distributing centre for opium. In the store they found a number of "hop toys," small cans or shells which contain the drug as sold to smokers. Meyers, the proprietor, and E. A. Sable of 141 East 114th Street, his clerk, were arrested. About $1,300 worth of opium was seized in both places.

The raids were the climax of months of patient watching by Norwood and Harris. Early this year they learned that the laws against the importation of opium had been enforced so rigidly that an opium factory had been established here. Suspicion fell on the 113th Street house and a net was spread for those at work there. This was closing slowly when Norwood said testimony was given on Thursday in Albany in an opium prosecution case which forced the raids to be made yesterday.

The officials said that Marks has been buying crude opium wholesale while ostensibly engaged in operating an opium cure sanitarium. Norwood's ring at the bell was answered by Loftus, and when he learned who the visitors were he shouted a warning and bolted for a rear door. Two inspectors who had climbed a rear fence cut off his retreat, and Marks descended only half clothed, his wife remaining in her room.

Going through the place the officers routed out the others from their rooms. Marks all the while protesting his innocence. The raiders found the cellar locked, but they broke down the door and descended.

The smell of the opium in the place and even in the street was enough to have put the house under suspicion without other evidence," said Norwood.

While this was going on in the basement Noorwood and three of his men were having a hard time inducing those in the place to go with them. One man was so stupefied they had trouble in arousing him. When he staggered finally to his feet and asked for a cigarette, it was clear that he would be of no use as a witness. A woman who was called "Mazie" was at first indignant at the intrusion and threatened to call the police, but she ceased when she learned who the intruders were. "Mazie's" ire was not lessened when she learned she had to go to the Custom House.

Just as Noorwood entered the place Harris with three customs men reached Meyer's drug store. One man was stationed in front of the home of Sable, the clerk. Meyers was found in the store and he was loud in his assertions that his was a legitimate store doing a legitimate business. A middle-aged man who was in the store, was dragged back and searched by the officers. They found no opium, but the search would have interested the police, for the man had a set of racing charts and cards. He was allowed to go, and in haste he gathered up his possessions and fled.

While this was going on Sable, the clerk, arrived.

"What opium have you here?" asked Harris.

The clerk produced a quantity of powdered opium, all there was in the store, he said, but on going behind the counter the Federal officers found, they said, several small jars containing opium. Meyers's store is only a few doors from Marks's place, and the customs officials said there was a connection between the two places.

The opium making apparatus, opium, smoking articles, and other evidence seized in the raids were taken to the Custom House on a truck. When the prisoners faced United States Commissioner Shields in the Federal Building, there were several Chinamen in court, who watched the proceedings with interest. The prisoners were charged with manufacturing opium without being bonded as required by law.

Commissioner Shields fixed Marks's bail at $5,000, Meyers's at $2,500, Loftus and Sable $1,500 each, and Mrs. Marks at $1,000. All were sent to the Tombs.

Assistant United States District Attorney Boyle said that Marks and Meyers supplied all the smokers in the Harlem district with opium, and that Marks was interested in the sale of cocaine. Mr. Boyle stated also that besides the opium outfits there were found in the 113th Street house files and other tools which the police will be asked to look at.

HIS 13TH SENTENCE AT 21.

"Thousand-Dollar Kid" Took to Crime After Squandering a Fortune.

Alle Rosenfeld, alias Harry Moses, known to the police as the "Thousand-Dollar Kid," and said to be one of the cleverest pickpockets living, was sentenced to eleven months and twenty-nine days in the penitentiary by Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday and fined $365 after he had pleaded guilty to stealing $10 from Annie Walsh of 100 East Eighty-third Street on July 21.

Rosenfield is only 20 years old, and has already served twelve terms behind the bars. He has been paroled in the custody of many persons, but each time he has been returned to the authorities for some act of lawlessness. He won his nickname of the "Thousand-Dollar Kid" from the fact that as a boy his income was $10,000 a year, but he soon squandered it all on gambling.

Expect Indictment In Stern Murder.

The Grand Jury began yesterday to examine witnesses in the case of Martin Garvey, the young express porter, who is being held on suspicion of being the man who on July 22 shot and killed Adolph Stern, a clerk in Jacob Jacoby's jewelry store at Thirteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, stole a tray of diamonds, and escaped in a taxicab. Only three witnesses besides policemen were examined, and no indictment was ordered. Action in the case is expected this morning.

Hotel Algonquin
59-65 West 44th St., N. Y.
A quiet, refined and convenient stopping place for ladies traveling alone.
Rooms with private bath, $2.50 and upward the day.
Correspondence solicited.
FRANK CASE.

CHALONER'S "SPIRIT" TIP.

He Played the Market as Instructed and Won $600.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 6.—John Armstrong Chaloner offered a letter from the late Bishop Henry Codman Potter in evidence to-day in the course of the hearing in his suit to recover his property from control of Thomas T. Sherman, committee of his person. The letter expressed approval of Chaloner's changing his name to the historic form. Concerning the merits of Chaloner's case Bishop Potter was conservative, saying:

Of course it would be very gravely improper for me, having no knowledge of the legal aspects of the case, to undertake to pass upon the arrest and circumstances which preceded your withdrawal to Virginia. But I am bound to say that I am very glad you have found in that noble, happy State a happy home and the prospect of escape from the harassments which must have caused you such discomfort.

Chaloner's "X force," as he calls it, once directed him to play the New York stock market, he testified this afternoon. The "force" has given him no more tips since, but this one was successful. He says he won $600, the amount he put up on margins for Manhattan Railway stock, in 1897, shortly before he was sent to the asylum.

The "X force" suddenly manifested itself one night while he was playing solitaire pool in the Merry Mills, his Cobham, Va., home. Three times the balls "broke in the form of a perfect map of the heavens," he said. Astounded each time, he made first one and then a second drawing of the figure. The third time instead of his pencil drawing the map, the words were written "get a planchette." Thus began automatic writing. He was skeptical of his "X force" and used to have debates with it through automatic writing.

Finally the "X force," he says, asked him if he would be convinced if he were directed to play the stock market and won. He asked the "X force" to show him. It did, according to his story. But he never got the money at that. He let it lie in the broker's office, and after he was sent to the asylum Stanford White drew it. What White did with it was not related.

Chaloner fairly shouted his antipathy to being classed with spiritualists, and denounced Mme. Blavatsky and Annie Besant. Chaloner declared himself an orthodox Episcopalian.

WATCH MEXICANS CLOSELY.

Rumors of New Revolution Keep Government Agents Alert in Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Oct. 6.—Although credited by his enemies with coming to San Antonio to head a revolution against Francisco Madero, Gen. Bernardo Reyes will receive the greatest welcome ever accorded a Mexican subject in this city, when he arrives here to-morrow. Probably every Mexican not directly attached to Madero will participate in the greeting that has been planned for the Secretary of War.

Emil Vasquez Gomez, candidate for President of Mexico in the recent election, reached here to-day with Dr. Sebastian Trevino, who was at one time an adherent of Madero, but is now credited with having joined the Vasquistas. Those who appear well informed say that Vasquez Gomez and Gen. Reyes will hold a conference to-morrow, at which representatives of the Maginistas will be present. Gen. Reyes has emphatically denied that he was coming here to head a revolution. Some, however, assert that the conference will have to do with the coalition said to have been formed for the overthrow of Madero and the inauguration of a new revolution on Dec. 1.

Hundreds of spies are now in the city. President-elect Madero has a number here, and the Reyestas are also well represented. The Magonistas, too, have men watching events, and reporting to Flores Magon, leader of that party, which is now said to be ready to launch a new revolution in Lower California and the State of Sonora.

The United States has increased its force of Secret Service men, and every man of prominence is closely watched. The Government is determined to prevent any violation of the neutrality laws, and all their movements will be scrutinized.

Agents of Madero say they captured a shipment of arms at El Paso de la Palma a few days ago. It had been smuggled across the river near Eagle Pass, Texas, on four pack mules.

ELIOT PLANS WORLD TOUR.

Ex-President of Harvard Will Spend Eight Months Abroad.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 6.—Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, is to make a tour of the world. He will leave early in November, and will be gone about eight months, a large part of his time being devoted to the East, particularly Japan, China, and India.

On Nov. 7 Dr. Eliot will sail on the Kronprinz Wilhelm of the North German Lloyd Line from New York for Cherbourg, France. Thence he will journey to Ceylon, where he expects to arrive early in December. He will spend Christmas and New Year's Day in the interior of India, and will return to Ceylon two months later. From Ceylon he will go to Singapore.

There he will make a trip to Java, and will then go to Hongkong. A side trip to the Philippines will afford him opportunity to while away a few days before he starts for Shanghai, where he will begin a sail up the Yang-tse River to Hankow, whence he will visit Peking and Tien-tsin. Returning to Shanghai, Dr. Eliot will sail for Japan, where he expects to land late in April for an extended stay.

He will set sail from Japan to San Francisco by way of Hawaii, and will arrive home about July 1.

IRONWORKERS LOCKED OUT.

Employers Act on Their Ultimatum When Sympathy Strikes Are Continued.

A general lockout of 1,500 structural iron workers on about sixty-five buildings in this city, being one-half of the men employed at this work, went into effect yesterday in conformity with an ultimatum of the Allied Iron Trades giving outside iron workers who are on strike on seven buildings in sympathy with shop workers of the Lieberman & Sanford Company until yesterday morning to return to work.

By the terms of the ultimatum 1,500 more iron workers will be locked out next Friday if the strike continues, and the lockout will be kept up until the contracts of the Lieberman company are thanned.

In some cases the lockout will make idle men in other trades, but as far as possible they will be put on work in other buildings where the iron work is completed.

The Executive Committee of the Marble Industry Employers' Association confirmed yesterday the decision of the employers never again to have any dealings with the marble workers' unions whose members have been on strike on all shops and buildings for about eight weeks.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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3 P. M.
According to Program
Admission 50c;
Grand Stand $1.

U. S. Aerial Mail From the Field.

Special Trains, Long Island Railroad, Direct to Aviation Field.

Last S

LLOYDS LONDON HERE TO OBEY STATE LAW

Fire and Marine Insurance to be Done Under Supervision of State Department.

BROKERS FEAR MONOPOLY

One Firm In Line for the Business, but London Assurances Are That All Brokers Will Be Recognized.

Lloyds London, which Superintendent of Insurance Hotchkiss has frequently denounced as "pirates" in the insurance field of New York State, threatening to do all in his power to put it out of business here unless it should put itself under his supervision and conform to the State insurance law, is soon to enter the direct fire and marine insurance business in this State, according to information in authoritative circles yesterday. It will open up in the local insurance field, however, in the guise of individual members of Lloyds London, who will, it is said, conform to the State insurance laws, and place their business under the supervision of Supt. Hotchkiss. The effect of this on insurance rates and the insurance business in general was the subject of much anxious conjecture yesterday.

Only a few months ago Mr. Hotchkiss, speaking at a dinner of insurance underwriters at the Hotel Astor, declared of Lloyds London:

"If I had Lloyds London and an axe in this room, off would go Lloyds London's head!"

The resentment of Supt. Hitchkiss was due to the stubborn refusal of Lloyds London to place itself under the State laws and pay the taxes required of other insurance companies doing business in this State. Under the insurance law, therefore it was made a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, for any insurance broker to deal with such concerns as Lloyds London on New York State property, except on "excess lines," where the broker filed affidavit to the effect that he could not procure as much insurance as he needed from admitted insurance companies. Even this excess insurance, however, as war as the Lloyds London was concerned, amounted to many millions annually.

The plan of bringing over members of Lloyds London to transact business directly here, occurred several months ago to John C. Eustace, Vice President of Willcox, Peck & Hughes of 3 William Street, who, it is said, with one other firm, do by far the greater part of the fire and marine insurance business with Lloyds London in this country. Mr. Eustace returned here from England only a few days ago. While in England he talked his scheme over with a number of the 600 underwriters, who, associated as individuals there in much the same manner as the members of the Stock Exchange here, constitute the association known as Lloyds, London.

Just what result was reached will not be made known definitely, Mr. Eustace said yesterday, until Monday or Tuesday, when a representative of the Lloyds people will reach New York to formulate definite plans of procedure. At present, however, the scheme was outlined somewhat as follows:

"Two or three years ago Willcox, Peck & Hughes bought the charters of several American Lloyds associations—not at all connected with the London Lloyds—among them one known as Lloyds New York. It has a charter approved by the State Insurance Department. Various members of Lloyds London, acting as individuals, are now to procure control of this Lloyds New York, and, doing business under the State laws, underwrite insurance as guarantors for the New York Lloyds. They will pay all taxes and obey all laws the same as any other admitted company. The risks will really be written in London, but legally, unlike they were before. They will be enabled to underwrite all general fire insurance risks, instead of merely the excess lines as hitherto.

"The purpose," said Mr. Eustace yesterday, "is not at all to cut insurance rates, as seems to be popularly feared. It is merely to do business in accordance with the State laws and to furnish additional facilities for fire insurance."

For the present at least, it was said, the London Lloyds men will seek to do only a fire insurance business, possibly extending this later to marine and other classes of insurance also. It is not contemplated at all, however, it is said, to engage in the far-reaching and varied insurance risks now underwritten by Lloyds London, which include practically every risk and contingency under the sun. One prominent insurance man said yesterday that Lloyds London has been known to insure against anything, from an undesirable rainy season, marring public exhibitions and lessening gate receipts, to the dreaded potentiality of female twins. Such odd risks are, of course, prohibited to companies under the New York insurance laws.

At the offices of Willcox, Peck & Hughes any intention on their part to monopolize the Lloyds insurance business of this country was disclaimed yesterday. In other quarters, however, the projected movement was expected to have just that effect. It was said by one authority, however, that there was a possibility that the deal might not materialize. One of the largest groups of underwriters belonging to Lloyds London—the Heath group—it was understood, had given assurances to various brokers in the United States that if they did not approve of the plan it would not go through at least, as far as the Heath group was concerned. It was feared that the change might give a stranglehold to the firm of brokers through whose charter it was made possible.

M. A. Best of the M. A. Best Company, 100 William Street, and others thought it likely that such an organization as that which the Lloyds London men planned would soon automatically monopolize the business done in this country for Lloyds London. At present, he pointed out, if a broker in this country wants relief he sends his risk to his London broker, who in turn consults with the Lloyds and they underwrite the risk. All the intermediate commissions involved in this long procedure can be done away with by the new organization, which will be able to handle all the business between the insured in this country and Lloyds London direct. In this way the insurance rates may be cut substantially, even though the advantage previously enjoyed by Lloyds London in its exemption from State taxes is eliminated.

Supt. Hotchkiss, according to Mr. Eustace of Willcox, Peck & Hughes, has been consulted about the proposed plan, and expressed himself as both willing and desirous of seeing the Lloyds come into the business of this State, provided they conform to the State's insurance laws as promised. This, it is maintained, while placing the Lloyds on the same footing and subject to the same obligations as other admitted companies, will do much to provide additional insurance facilities on risks for which there has long been a dearth of underwriting companies in this country.

DIDN'T TALK OF 'THAT GANG.'

Park Commissioner Stover Corrects Report of a Public Utterance.

Park Commissioner Stover said yesterday that THE TIMES's report of his address to the People's Club on Thursday evening, incorrectly quoted him as attacking the engineers and contractors of the Catskill Water Supply Commission. Mr. Stover was quoted as speaking of them at "that gang."

"I have not the slightest doubt," said the Park Commissioner, "that every person attending this meeting can testify that I never used such language. I am sure, also, that the President of the Board of Water Supply, its engineers and the several contractors now engaged in sinking shafts in various parks of Manhattan, can testify that in our frequent intercourse they have always received from me only courteous and generous treatment. My conception of the Park Commissioner's duties is not so narrow that I cannot appreciate the importance of this great aqueduct as fully as any member of the Board of Water Supply or any citizen of our city, and I have invariably met every proposition from that source in a broad and intelligent spirit.

"Reviewing the mass of public criticism to which I have been subjected, I can recall no instance which has pained me more than the false statement in the report of this address, which makes me allude to the members of the Board of Water Supply and their engineers and contractors as 'that gang,' for I do both respect and honor them, and I have both co-operated and will continue to co-operate with all of them in the interests of the great work they have in hand."

Killed by Train in Sight of Home.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Oct. 6.—Levi Lutz, one of the wealthiest residents of Hummelstown, Dauphin County, was instantly killed by a freight train within sight of his home to-night. Mr. Lutz, who was 82 years of age, was crossing the tracks and did not notice the approach of the train.

REBATERS MUST PAY FOR THEIR INSURANCE

Notes for Premiums Negotiable, the Appellate Court Holds, Reversing Appellate Term.

THOUSANDS ARE AFFECTED

Plea That the Policy Was Not Enforceable Because the Agent Broke the Law Is Set Aside.

The Appellate Division in Brooklyn reversed yesterday the opinion of the Appellate Term in Manhattan and sustained that of the Fifth Manhattan District Court by holding that rebating by life insurance agents to get business is no excuse for the failure of policy holders who accepted them to pay their promissory notes for the balance of the premiums when they fall due. There are said to be thousands of such notes in existence in the hands of not only the general agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society or the Equitable Trust Company, to which he assigned them, but with the general agents of practically all of the old companies. The court holds that these notes must be paid, however unlawful the practice of rebating might be.

The suit, now decided, appears to have been an outgrowth of special activity among life insurance agents of all companies in the early part of 1905 to get new business. One of the methods adopted by some of the agents was to take down the bars to the prospective purchaser of insurance as much as possible. The agent would tell such person, it is alleged, that if he would buy the policy he would have to pay nothing down, as the agent would remit the amount of cash required, and notes, payable to the general agent, could be given for the balance. At one time, it is said, there was a rush by would-be policy holders to take advantage of these terms, but later, when the notes began to fall due, the makers of them had lost much of their enthusiasm and refused to pay on the ground that, as rebating by agents was illegal, the whole transaction was illegal.

Suits followed, and it is said that at one time 500 or more such suits were on the calendars of Municipal Courts of Manhattan alone. Many of such notes were made payable to Archibald C. Haynes, General Agent of the Equitable, and by him assigned to the Equitable Trust Company, which is the respondent in the suit now decided.

Justice Burr, who writes the opinion of the court, recites that Arthur N. Taylor, the recipient of a life insurance policy and the original defendant in the suit, wrote this letter to Haynes:

New York, April 19, 1905.

Mr. Archibald C. Haynes, General Agent the Equitable Life Assurance Society, 25 Broad Street, N. Y.

Dear Sir—I hereby acknowledge having received from Mr. W. E. Watts policy No. 1,447,474, being for $1,000 on my life, in the Equitable Life Assurance Society. You are authorized and requested to place the said policy in force from this date, and I promise to pay you or your order the first annual premium, amounting to $53.10, as follows:

Cash paid W. E. Watts	$21.24
On July 10, 1905	10.00
On Sept. 10, 1905	10.00
On Nov. 10, 1905	11.86
	$53.10

Yours very truly,
ARTHUR N. TAYLOR.

The court says that about the time this letter was written Haynes paid to the Equitable the full first premium and the policy was delivered to Taylor and is still in his possession. The court adds that W. E. Watts, at whose request Taylor had signed the application for insurance, had agreed to allow him a rebate of $21.24 on the first premium. The note for this, it is said, was given to Haynes in exchange for the policy and no notice was given that the $21.24 in cash had not actually been paid. This note was transferred to the Equitable Trust Company for its full value.

Taylor refused to pay the amounts as they fell due and the trust company brought suit, holding that the instrument, though in the form of a letter, had all the effect of a promissory note.

This was the decision also of the Municipal Court, which ordered payment, but Taylor appealed, and the Appellate Term decided in his favor. The case was taken by the company to the Appellate Division, and Justice Burr decides that the letter is a negotiable instrument. He says:

We think the fair meaning of the language used is, I promise to pay you or your order $53.10, being the annual premium on policy of life insurance, less cash paid W. E. Watts on account, $21.24, to wit, $30, in three sums of $10 each, to wit, $10 on July 10, $10 on Sept. 10, and $10 on Nov. 10, 1905. We think also that it is an unconditional promise to pay this certain sum in money. The instrument contains no reference to any other method of payment, by credit or otherwise.

The policy of insurance had been delivered to the defendant, as it appears, without condition or qualification, and Haynes, the general agent of the company, had paid in full the amount of the premium thereon. Even if the premium had not been actually received by the company, if the policy had been delivered with the authority of its general agent, it immediately became a binding contract, enforceable in favor of the assured.

Lawyers throughout the city have been watching this case with great interest, and all the law journals have repeatedly discussed it. There are said now to be scores of similar suits on the Municipal Court calendars, awaiting the decision in the suit of the trust company against Taylor.

Juarez Victor Here from Mexico.

Gen. Juan Garcia, the Maderist leader, who took part in the capture of Juarez in the revolution in Mexico, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Monterey. He is accompanied by his brother, Prudencia Garcia, who is going to college at Dayton, Ohio.

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It is worth noting that we

Warrant every instrument to be mechanically perfect.
Will tune and repair them for two years free of charge.
Will make terms of payment to suit your convenience.

The sale has been in progress during the week and a very large number of instruments have been sold. The sale ends tonight, but up to that time you may have choice of a list of upright Pianos, including such makes as

Kranich & Bach	Estey	Chase	Schuman	Anderson & Co.
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PASS PRIMARIES BILL AS LEGISLATURE ENDS

Every Democratic Platform Pledge Has Been Redeemed, Declares Gov. Dix.

MEASURE IS ATTACKED

Designed to Perpetuate Bossism, Say Republican Leaders — Tammany Brought Insurgents Into Line.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 6.—With the claim that every pledge in the Democratic platform had been fulfilled, the one-hundredth and thirty-fourth session of the Legislature adjourned sine die at 1:30 this afternoon, after the Assembly had concurred in the amendments made in the Senate to the Ferris-Blauvelt Direct Nominations bill, by a party vote of 80 to 36. The bill was sent immediately to the Governor. It was denounced by the Opposition as a measure designed to perpetuate bossism by statute. Gov. Dix, however, said this afternoon that he regarded it the best direct primaries bill that could be put through the present Legislature, and seemed to be quite satisfied with it. The Governor will sign the bill some time next week, and it will take effect on Nov. 15.

In a statement given out this afternoon Gov. Dix indorsed the claim made by the leaders that all the Democratic platform pledges had been carried out, and had words of warm praise for the Legislature.

It was the most inauspicious closing of a legislative session in the memory of any person who witnessed it. Everybody had omitted flowers. The customary musical band was not in evidence. Only a handful of spectators looked down on the scene from the Senate galleries, while the galleries in the Gothic chamber where the Assembly holds forth were a void.

The Assembly was the centre of interest during the closing hours of the session, due to the uncertain fate of the Direct Nominations bill. Last night its fate seemed in doubt. But overnight the Tammany leaders had received assurances that made them wear a broad smile as they reappeared at the Capitol this morning. Five insurgents, who only yesterday signed a ringing denunciation of the Ferris-Blauvelt bill, in which they had solemnly bound themselves never to vote for that measure, came into camp very tamely this morning. Every one of the five insurgents voted in the affirmative as his name was called. The signatories who broke their compact were Assemblymen Friedman of New York, Terry and Fry of Kings, Shortt of Richmond, and La Reau of Erie.

The Assembly was scheduled to meet at 9 o'clock this morning, but waited two hours for a quorum. After Majority Leader Smith found that he had a sufficient number of votes on hand to put the bill through, he forced action at once. The debate occupied only about an hour. Assemblyman Artemas Ward, Jr., of New York (Rep.) opened it.

"Under the cloak of direct primaries," he said, "Tammany is seeking to perpetuate its organization with the aid of the party emblem, the party column, and the party funds, which the Ferris-Blauvelt bill permits to be used by the bosses in their primary fights. The enactment of this bill will make it well-nigh impossible to dislodge any boss from power when such removal is desired by an outraged constituency."

Assemblymen Murray of New York and Hoff of Kings declared that the bill had originated with Tammany Hall, and not with Gov. Dix, though it has been misnamed after the Governor. Assemblymen Drummond of Auburn and Fry of Kings, both Democrats, explaining their vote, declared that they did not think the Ferris-Blauvelt bill all that could be desired in the way of direct primaries, but that they would vote for it because they believed it to be the entering wedge.

Minority Leader Edwin A. Merritt, Jr., a stanch foe of direct primaries, who has voted against every direct nominations bill that has been presented to the Legislature, hotly attacked the Ferris-Blauvelt measure.

"The author of this bill has immortalized himself," said Mr. Merritt. "He will surely get his reward, not for what he has done for the people, but for what he has done to them. If any bill could go further to give Tammany Hall a strangle hold on New York City, I would like to see it."

"If this bill were half as bad or did half as much as Mr. Merritt says it does," retorted Majority Leader Smith, "I should expect him to vote for it. When we have passed this bill we Democrats will have fulfilled every pledge made in the Rochester platform."

The debate over, the roll was quickly called. Every Democrat in the House voted for the bill and every Republican against it. When the result was announced there was some handclapping and cheers from the Democratic side of the Assembly Chamber. The Republicans remained silent.

A concurrent resolution to adjourn sine die was then introduced, and quickly passed both houses. The closing ceremonies were gone through in great haste, and fifteen minutes after the bill had passed the final gavel fell, amid a rush of members to catch trains home.

The session which has just come to a close is the longest in the history of the State. It convened on Jan. 4. While there have been two long recesses—one after the Capitol fire of two weeks' duration, and one during July and August, which lasted five weeks—the lawmakers have actually been sitting 201 days, with more night sessions than there have been in the aggregate during the four years that preceded the ushering in of Democratic rule in this State.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, in unfavorably commenting on the bill's passage, said:

"I predict that if this system of nominations remains upon the statute books we will see party machines less susceptible to real sentiment, less careful, less responsive, and the influence of the individual in the party councils less effective.

"The machinery which the State has provided for the conduct of elections needs loosening, not tightening. It is too hard and fast now. The advocate of direct nominations feels that restriction, and in seeking a remedy has produced a law which will place upon him greater restriction and reduce his opportunity."

PLEDGES KEPT, SAYS DIX.

Declares Democrats Have Reason to Expect Popular Approval of Record.

ALBANY, Oct. 6.—Before leaving for New York this afternoon Gov. Dix gave out a statement summarizing the accomplishments of the legislative session which closed to-day. The statement says in part:

"It gives me the greatest satisfaction to be able to say that every pledge of the Democratic platform adopted at Rochester has now been fulfilled. The party declared in favor of 'State-wide direct primaries,' and by Democratic votes the Legislature has enacted a bill which discharges this obligation and will 'insure to the people the right to choose members of political committees and nominate candidates for public office.'

"We pledged ourselves 'to retrenchment and reform, and to the economical administration of public affairs.' So literally and completely has this pledge been carried out that, while upon taking office in January last the present administration faced a prospective deficit $1,500,000, and was confronted with the estimates of Controller Williams calling for expenditures of $13,000,000 in excess of revenues, the State to-day is upon a solid cash basis. For the first time in many years the total appropriations by the Legislature are less than the appropriations for the preceding year, and at the end of the current fiscal year there will be an actual and not a fictitious surplus in the State Treasury. New sources of revenue, such as the secured debt tax, have been rendered available to the State Treasury, which, while equitable to all and burdensome to no section or interest, will largely aid in establishing the State on a permanently sound financial basis.

"The prison system of the State is undergoing a complete transformation following the discovery of gross abuses and maladministration. The State penal institutions are now in charge of perhaps the best known penologist in the United States. The Banking Department has at its head a practical banker selected without regard to political considerations. The Excise Department is making a splendid record of efficiency and fairness, while business methods based on economy and practical results have been introduced in the new highway commission and in departmental work all along the line.

"Business interests have been relieved from unjust and oppressive demands. As promised in my speech of acceptance, the 'Black Horse Cavalry' has been driven from the halls of legislation. The legislative session of 1911 has been free from even the suspicion of corruption.

"We declared that 'every possible safeguard should be thrown around the right to vote—such safeguards to be uniform in their application and not made for a portion of the State alone.'

"In the new election law the Democratic Party has redeemed this pledge. The effect of this and other remedial legislation will be in the direction of 'betterment of the laws to prevent corrupt practices and bribery,' and there will be 'ample appropriations for their rigid enforcement.'

"We have discharged the party pledge in favor of the popular election of United States Senators by the adoption of a joint resolution of the Legislature petitioning Congress in favor of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which a future Legislature, if Democratic, will unquestionably ratify.

"We have carried out our pledge in favor of an amendment to the Federal Constitution to permit the imposition by Congress of an income tax, the Legislature having ratified the proposed Federal income tax amendment.

"We declared that 'the benefit of public lands and water powers should be preserved to the people at large, and as the value of these natural resources and returns from them increase, whether from development or otherwise, the State should benefit in the largest possible measure consistent with the honest enterprise of the present generation.'

"Pursuant to this platform declaration the Legislature has enacted the so-called conservation law, the greatest and most beneficial act of constructive legislation adopted by any Legislature in many years, and the new Conservation Department has entered upon its work for the conservation of public resources for the benefit of the people at large.

"Upon such a record the Democratic Party has reason to expect popular approval."

SUES AFTER THE HONEYMOON

Dr. Samarelli Declares Bride Lacked Affection—She Charges Bad Temper.

Dr. Gaetano F. Samarelli of 309 East 116th Street has begun suit in the Supreme Court to annul his marriage to Levcrina Di Giovanna Samarelli. Mrs. Samarelli applied yesterday for an allowance of alimony and counsel fees pending the trial of the action, and her petition was allowed by Supreme Court Justice Pendleton.

She is 22 years old and her husband is 35. They were married on July 26 last.

Dr. Samarelli declares that he took his wife on a wedding tour to Niagara Falls, the Thousand Islands, Montreal, the White Mountains, and Boston. He puts in an affidavit by Mrs. Cachera Spinelli of 18 East 108th Street, in which Mrs. Samarelli is quoted as saying that wifehood was so repugnant to her that she had to restrain herself from leaping over the brink of Niagara Falls.

Dr. Samarelli says his wife told him a few hours after their marriage that she had wedded him only for his name and support. He asserts that she refused to show any signs of affection in spite of the fact that he bought her $2,300 worth of jewelry and spent $3,000 on their honeymoon. After arriving home, he says, she left him and went to live with her mother, Mrs. Antonio Di Giovanni, wife of a druggist. When he called to see her he declares his mother-in-law told him that her daughter could not be disturbed.

Mrs. Samarelli says her husband owns $27,000 realty, including the house in which he lives, holds a one-third interest in a sanitarium at 115th Street and Pleasant Avenue, and has an income of $250 a week. She denies all her husband's allegations, and says she left him because of his furious fits of temper.

BANKERS AGREE WITH WISE.

His Explanation of Remarks About Morse Witnesses Satisfies Them.

Downtown bankers, so stirred up on Thursday over United States District Attorney Wise's address to the students of the American Institute of Banking, were as serene yesterday as the proverbial May morning in view of Mr. Wise's explanation of the "purpose" of his speech.

"The sole purpose of my remarks," declared the District Attorney, "was to point out to men employed in banks that, by allowing themselves to be used by unscrupulous bankers, they were liable to deprive themselves of their own positions. As a striking illustration of this I called attention to the fact that, in the case of the witnesses in the Morse prosecution, this had been the result."

"The sting is all gone," said James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank yesterday, after he had read that statement. "There is nothing more to be said or done, and the bankers are thoroughly satisfied."

Mr. Wise was first understood to have said in effect that men who were patriotic enough to aid the Government in prosecuting crooked bankers, later found the doors of banks closed against them. This would be putting a premium on silence about shady things in banking, and was quite different, bankers say, from what Mr. Wise now states the purpose of his address to have been. The bankers now regard him as pointing to the witnesses who aided in the Morse prosecution the path of rectitude as the best way, and by no means rebuking the bankers who have refused them places in their banks.

Columbia's Commons Branching Out.

Columbia students are now getting music with their meals in the Commons, the official dining hall. The other night the management surprised the students with a piano concert at dinner hour, and now it is announced there will be music every evening. Not only that. Beginning tonight, an attempt is to be made to attract women students, and Saturday evening will be known as "Ladies' Night." A full orchestra will then provide music.

Columbian-Sterling Co. Attached.

Marshall W. Taggart, manager of the Columbian-Sterling Press, obtained yesterday an attachment for $849 against the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company for salary at $100 a week and expenses. He has filed suit for that amount and got the attachment on the ground that the defendant is a foreign corporation.

JUDGE WON'T TESTIFY AGAINST POLICEMAN

Swann Reminds Waldo That His Evidence in Horay Case Wouldn't Be Competent.

MORE ACCUSE TANDLICH

He Was Made Court Interpreter, Although He Had Been Indicted and Turned State's Evidence.

Police Commissioner Waldo wrote to Judge Swann of General Sessions yesterday asking him to testify against eight policemen who will be tried on charges growing out of the statement of John Horay, who is in the Tombs awaiting sentence upon his conviction of robbing a Russian immigrant of $180, a crime for which Policeman Reuben Huntington also was indicted. Judge Swann replied that it was impossible under the law for him to appear as a witness. Waldo's letter read:

In further reply to your letter of Sept. 20, Patrolman Huntington has been tried and the decision will be rendered by me as soon as the testimony is transcribed and read. You state, "Officer Huntington's fellow-officers endeavored to swear the case out of court by proving an alibi for Huntington, and the jury after the verdict stated that they believed the testimony given by these officials to be false, and that it was given for the purpose of protecting Huntington." Charges of perjury and of conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline have been preferred against all these policemen. The cases will be called for trial on Monday, Oct. 9, at 2 P. M. You will be subpoenaed as a witness. The Police Department will furnish you every aid within its power to prove these charges. It is apparent that the interests of the good of the department demand that if these men are proved guilty as alleged they should be dismissed from the force; if not, that they be cleared from this charge.

Judge Swann was surprised when he learned that the letter had been made public by Commissioner Waldo. His reply was:

I have just received your note of this date, saying you are going to place on trial the police officers who testified in the trial of the people versus Horay with the object of establishing an alibi for Officer Huntington, and that you would subpoena me to appear in person to testify as a witness.

It having come to my attention in the regular course of official duty that the credible evidence in the case proved beyond a reasonable doubt that Officer Huntington was jointly guilty with Horay and that his fellow-officers had testified falsely for the object of protecting him and to obstruct public justice, it is my duty as a public officer to certify the evidence to you with the names and addresses of the witnesses, with the expression of the verdict of the jury upon the evidence in order that you might take such action as you deemed proper.

By consulting your counsel you will find that there is no rule of evidence that will make my evidence competent. The transaction was in May, when I had no personal knowledge of it. I have given you the sources of my information and stated the grounds of my opinion, which were sufficient to find the co-defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. They have been submitted to you, and it is for your department to say whether the identical evidence is sufficient to dismiss the offending officer, especially when supplemented by the subsequent confession of the co-defendant Horay and his wife.

Judge Swann obtained yesterday statements from two more witnesses tending to strengthen the case against Michael Tandlich, the suspended interpreter of Special Sessions, who was named by Horay as an agent in collecting hush money for the police. Frederick Ward, who was mentioned by Horay as being "a man whom Tandlich used as a witness when he needed a witness," was brought before Judge Swann in Chambers and corroborated all of Horay's statements and made several others which Judge Swann is having investigated. While Judge Swann was hearing Ward and Horay, Henry Lopacki of 141 India Avenue, Brooklyn, who, Horay declared, had paid a bribe intended for Detectives James Brennan and George Bond, through Tandlich, asked Judge Swann to give him a letter saying that the statement made by Horay about his wife's arrest for shoplifting was untrue.

"Why, I cannot give you any letter saying that the statement was untrue, as it was true. Just think a moment," said Judge Swann.

"Well, I don't remember it," replied Lopacki.

"She was arrested for shoplifting and got thirty days," said Judge Swann.

"Yes, I guess she was, but you see that was while I was away," replied Lopacki, who then proceeded to tell what he knew about Tandlich and other persons, including several who were not mentioned in Horay's statement.

It was learned yesterday that an effort was made to prevent the Justices of Special Sessions from accepting Tandlich as an interpreter, but that Justices Deuel and Olmsted got him through. Tandlich passed his civil service examinations with very little trouble, but Civil Service Commissioner Alexander Keogh refused to certify him for some time. It seems that Tandlich had been indicted several years previous to taking the examinations for attempting to bribe a Special Agent of the United States Internal Revenue Service. He turned State's evidence, and his indictment was quashed. Magistrate Corrigan held Tandlich on a charge of grand larceny while he was an Interpreter in Special Sessions, but Tandlich was not suspended, although under the law this was required. He escaped punishment in this case.

Justice Deuel said yesterday that he never knew anything about the bad side of Tandlich's character, as alleged in the many statements made about him, other than the fact that previous to his acceptance as an interpreter he had been accused of lawbreaking. Speaking of this Justice Duel said:

"And that is scarcely sufficient reason to condemn any man, inasmuch as the cardinal principle of our law is that a man is innocent until proved guilty. I knew him to be a good interpreter, and his loss at just this time has crippled us severely."

Counselor William E. Murphy of the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association called on Judge Swann yesterday and asked him if he would offer any objection to having another Judge try the case of Policeman Huntington, as the recent agitation caused by Judge Swann might give his client cause to believe he would not get a fair trial. Judge Swann said he had no objection.

Alienation Suit Ends Suddenly.

Morris Kern's hundred-thousand-dollar suit for the alienation of the affections of Darline A. Kern, whom he divorced last Spring, was discontinued yesterday. It had been marked for trial before Justice Platzek in the Supreme Court. It was reported at the Court House that Charles A. Stoneham, the defendant, had paid $4,000 in settlement of the action.

WHY SHE MARRIED WARD.

Sculptor's Widow Quoted in Court as Calling Herself a Schemer.

The hearing on Miss Elinor Ward's suit to overthrow the will of her brother, John Q. A. Ward, the sculptor, which was probated by Surrogate Cohalan in spite of her contest, was continued yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Platzek. Under the will Ward's entire estate, estimated at $150,000, went to the widow, Mrs. Rachel M. O. Smith Ward, who had been his landlady for some twenty years before their marriage. Miss Ward seeks to set aside the will on the ground of undue influence.

It was brought out yesterday that Mrs. Ward was 54 years old and the sculptor 76 when they were married in 1906. The principal witness yesterday was Mrs. Celia W. Day of Urbana, Ohio, who testified to conversations with Mrs. Ward, then Smith, in 1905 at Urbana.

"She asked me why I had married as I did, and I said that I had done as most women do—to better my condition," testified Mrs. Day. "She asked me whether I hadn't married for companionship and love, and I said that was not the only reason. Then she asked me:

"'Suppose I was to marry Mr. Ward, as I intended to do, would you say I was doing it for companionship or money?'

"'You know Mr. Ward has money and fame, and with his peculiarities you wouldn't marry him if he hadn't,' I told her.

"'You bet I wouldn't!' she replied. Then she told me that I was not the schemer she was, and that if I knew all she had done it would open my eyes."

Mrs. Ward testified that Ward lived with her in West Ninety-first Street, and before their marriage paid the rent of the house, $1,000 a year, and frequently left money on the table to buy eatables for special meals. She got other money, she said, from her son.

CAB PARADE FOR SUFFRAGE.

Englishman Hunts Hansoms in Jersey and Plans a Fast for Men.

Harry Phillips, an English suffragist, is planning a hansom cab parade for suffrage. He hopes to line up all the hansoms in town, decorate them with suffrage colors, and any women or man may have a cab at cut rates and take part in what he calls "a suffrage declaration of independence." The parade will take place in the evening with an obligato of torches and red fire, or will visit as many parts of the city as possible, and everywhere women will be asked to pledge a three-days' abstinence from cooking unless the husbands will promise to stand firm for votes for women.

The announcement of all this was made yesterday, and Mr. Phillips started out to get his hansoms, but since then he has not been heard from, and at his hotel it was said he had gone to Jersey to hunt hansoms, which since the introduction of the taxi-cab have become almost as scarce as airships in this city.

Mr. Phillips is expected back to-day from his hansom hunt, and will take luncheon at noon in the Fourteenth Assembly Club branch of Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association in Thirty-fourth Street, where he will tell details of the proposed parade and fast.

The Woman's Political Union received yesterday a response to its request to the Aldermen that women be permitted to march as suffrage sandwiches to advertise the lecture to-morrow by Mrs. Pankhurst in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn. Secretary O'Connor wrote that Vice-President Bent of Brooklyn would present their resolution and that it would not be necessary for them to attend as the motion would probably pass without trouble.

"We shall attend," said Mrs. Stanton Blatch, President of the union, yesterday. "When the Aldermen are so courteous to us we think we had better be on hand to show our appreciation."

HUNTING WILSON MIZNER.

A Vain Job, Says Lawyer, Who Will Serve Playwright by Publication.

Permission to serve a summons and complaint on Wilson Mizner, the playwright, by publication was granted yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Pendleton to George A. Carrington, attorney for Louise A. Moody, who has named Mizner as one of the defendants in a foreclosure suit.

Carrington's account of how he hunted Mizner contains a long list of hotels, cafés, bars, restaurants, theatres, and other resorts, where he heard Mizner might be, but where he failed to find him. He finally got Mizner on the telephone, and says that Mizner asserted:

"You'll have to serve me personally, and I wish you joy in your undertaking."

This answer irritated Carrington, and he follows the report of it in his affidavit with the observation that Mizner "has no place of business and no particular occupation."

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JERSEY INDUSTRIES SHOWN.

Mayor Wittpenn and 100,000 Citizens See a Great Parade.

Under the auspices of the Jersey City Board of Trade that city's industries combined yesterday afternoon in a long parade, for which the schools were closed and which brought out more than 100,000 spectators to line the streets along the ten-mile course.

The parade formed near the entrance to the Hudson County Park on the boulevard, where a temporary reviewing stand held Mayor Wittpenn, several other city officials, and members of the Board of Trade. The start was signaled by the projection of several bombs, which opened far over the heads of the crowd to send down flag-bedecked parachutes. Gray skies rather subdued the festivities, but the slight rainfall which began just as the parade started lasted for only a few moments.

There were more than 800 entrants in the industrial parade, but of these only a few were ambitiously decorated floats, for the greater part was simply a passing exhibit of various businesses, represented by their ordinary trucks and wagons, decorated with bunting for the occasion. One of the most picturesque floats, bearing the title "A Modern Columbus," was entered by the Salvation Army. Behind a statue of the discoverer were several volunteers pointing out the new land of hope to the rake and the convict. Another interesting float showed the "oldest motor power" in the form of a windmill, exhibited by a house that has been manufacturing them for sixty years.

The windmill float won the silver cup given for the best entry. A clothing firm won the cup for the most unique entrant and W. A. Alexander, whose automobile was decorated with white paper and white flowers to look like a great swan, was awarded the cup for the most attractive exhibit. The Salvation Army entrant was a prize winner as the best-decorated float. The cup offered by the Board of Trade itself for the best-decorated automobile was also won by Mr. Alexander's swan.

Board of Trade Day, as yesterday was called, was set aside for the industrial parade because of the success of a similar parade which formed a part of the Bergen Celebration last Fall.

FORGED A COURT ORDER.

Also Stole Proceeds of Suit—New Settlement Ordered.

The disappearance of two men with $4,000 they had obtained from the receivers of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, in settlement of an accident case in 1908, and the discovery that they had obtained the money by forging the name of Supreme Court Justice Bischoff to an order of discontinuance entered in the action, compelled the receivers to make a second settlement for the same amount yesterday. The new settlement was approved by Supreme Court Justice Pendleton.

The court was informed that on Oct. 27, 1908, Eva Helter, a nine-year-old girl living at 633 Columbus Avenue, was run over by a trolley car and lost her right foot. Two men, who called themselves Mason and Remington, but are believed to be brothers named Mercer, persuaded the girl's father, a shoemaker, to retain James A. Howard as lawyer to prosecute two actions against the street railway receivers, one for $75,000 on behalf of his daughter, and one alleging a loss of $25,000 to himself. The company settled the case with the two men, and they got the check.

Herman A. Heydt, the lawyer who was retained by Mrs. Helter, learned that the two men had presented a forged order of discontinuance and had the action reopened. He will get $1,000 for his services, by the terms of Justice Pendleton's order.

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AVIATION TOURNAMENT

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TO-DAY

3:30 P. M.

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Attacks Made for Political Effect, He Says, and He Justifies Big Trust Decisions.

IN FAVOR OF COMPETITION

Must Get Back to That or Take Socialism—No Control Over Prosecutions, He Says.

POCATELLO, Idaho, Oct. 6.—In a speech before the Chamber of Commerce to-day President Taft bitterly assailed the critics of the United States Supreme Court, and asserted anew his views as to the relations of government to business.

"I love Judges and I love courts," said the President. "They are my ideals on earth that typify what we shall meet afterward in Heaven under a just God. And when a court is doing its duty, when it is trying to interpret the law as it ought to be, to have it condemned and attacked and its motive questioned for mere political purposes, without any solid ground for attack, goes to my heart, and I resent it with deep indignation."

Mr. Taft spoke with far more feeling than he put into his Detroit and Waterloo speeches, but along the same lines. He said he had received many criticisms on the point, but as yet he had failed to receive an answer to his challenge to W. J. Bryan and other publicists, to cite a single case of restraint of trade which ought to be condemned under the Supreme Court's interpretation of the anti-trust law in the Standard Oil and the Tobacco Trust cases.

"What distinguishes this country from any other one," said the President, "is the Supreme Court that we have in Washington, that oft has stood between us and errors that might have been committed that would have been greatly injurious to this country; and to turn upon that court and to question its motives and to attack it seems to me to lay the axe at the root of the tree of our civilization."

Mr. Taft referred to the Supreme Court's disposal of the Standard Oil and the tobacco cases as "two great decisions."

"They were two of the greatest trusts that existed," he said, "and in the working out of the decree the court had to make a remedy. The Standard Oil Company presented all the phases of illegality and criminality necessary to establish a monopoly at a time when they did not feel the necessity for concealing their methods or their motives. The Tobacco Trust represented an organization made in anticipation of the operation of the law, helped out by the advice of cunning lawyers in order to avoid its operation. But against them both the decree of the Supreme Court has been pronounced."

Mr. Taft said it was unfortunate that the country had got into a condition that required a remedy like this. A remedy of any evil, he added, was bound to produce for a time, not business disaster, but a difficult situation that might make business slow. But, after the solution had been worked out, he saw no reason why the country should not go on to greater and greater prosperity.

"To one in my place," said the President, "there is no discretion with reference to the trial of cases brought to the attention of the Executive as violations of the law. The prosecutions must go on. It is not for the Executive to say he can withhold criminal prosecutions, or any kind of prosecutions, just to help business. Business must reform itself, and these executive duties must be performed under the oath of office that I took and under the oath that those under me took.

"But when that part of the business community that thought that the anti-trust statute did not mean anything, understands that it is to be enforced, then we may reach a solution that will enable the business community to settle down on a proper and legitimate basis. I hope the time is near at hand when we must get together for prosperity. We must eliminate, so far as we can, this desire to attack wealth earned by thrift and gathered by foresight, attention, and industry, because that is to set up a feeling that bodes no good for the result.

"I believe we are going on to a greater future. If we had allowed these combinations to go on and develop the only remedy would have been to change by force the power thus concentrated in the hands of a few individuals to the State, and then we should have had a State socialism. It was the inevitable result of the movement toward trusts unless broken up.

"Now we can get back to competition. We must get back to competition as an element in this country. If it is impossible, then let us go to socialism, for there is no way between. I for one, am not discouraged as yet in the hope that we may return to a legitimate and independent competition. I am an individualist and not a Socialist."

Mr. Taft then pleaded for kindlier feeling between various elements of the community. He declared the business of "muck-raking" would cease if people would disregard the attacks upon the motives and character of those exercising authority and ascribe proper incentives until the motives are shown to be improper.

"It is good times, it is prosperity," the President concluded, "when people are happy, when wages are good, when prices are normal, when the family has shoes and something to eat, and the children go to school. Those are times when everybody is happy."

Mr. Taft said that the railroads were entitled to proper treatment and should be saved from the attacks of the demagogue or the man who would seek by the position of his victim to climb over his shoulders into popular esteem.

The President's engagement list for Pocatello included, besides his address, a breakfast with the Commercial Club, and an automobile trip to the Bannock County Fair. At Caldwell he also made a short speech, and at Boise he inspected the barracks.

To-morrow the Presidential train will invade Washington.

From Seattle the President expects to cross Puget Sound to Bremerton to visit the navy yard, and at San Francisco probably will make a trip to the Presidio, the military post there.

COOK QUITS THE ARMY.

Taft Accepts Resignation of Captain Who Was Court-Martialed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The resignation of Capt. Frank A. Cook, recently court-martialed at San Francisco for conduct unbecoming an officer, has been accepted by the President, it was announced at the War Department to-day.

The findings of the court-martial were not made public.

The acceptance of the resignation, it is believed, will end the case. Capt. Cook, who is a native of Rhode Island, was shot last Spring by a watchman with whom he quarreled on the wharf in San Francisco.

NO AEROPLANE TARGETS.

Aerial Gun Tests at Sandy Hook to be Made with Box Kites.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Army Ordnance officers are expressing some disappointment at the disinclination of the Signal Corps to furnish an aeroplane as a target for the tests of the balloon gun at Sandy Hook next week. The Signal Corps people say that the local conditions at Sandy Hook, with the disturbing winds from the ocean, would make it practically impossible to furnish any adequate problem for the Ordnance people.

Secretary Oliver, Acting Secretary of War, and Major Gen. Carter, acting Chief of Staff, have decided in deference to the wishes of the inventor of the balloon gun, not to permit newspaper men or photographers to enter the Ordnance grounds at Sandy Hook while the tests are being made. This is done to avoid any invalidation of the patent on the gun. The targets for the coming tests will be box kites and not all balloons. There are several guns to be tested, but it is expected that very little firing will be done. The tests will be mainly in sighting.

One gun that is being furnished can be shot at an angle of 90 degrees. It will hurl a ball 8,000 feet in the air, which is higher than the average aeroplane goes at present. The chief obstacle to the destruction of an aeroplane fleet by one of these guns would be the accuracy of the gunners. The aeroplane, at its lowest speed, moves through the air at thirty miles an hour. When at an altitude of 3,000 feet or over, it appears a mere speck.

A number of attempts have been made to devise a gun that would do the work. A shell carrying knives, which unfolded after the shell was discharged from the gun was not successful.

CRITICISE ALASKAN POLICY.

Coal Claimants Say Congress Pledged National Honor to Prospectors.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—A scathing arraignment of the Government's Alaskan coal land policy was made to-day in briefs filed in the Supreme Court of the United States in behalf of Charles F. Munday and Archie W. Shiels, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government out of Alaskan coal lands, valued at about $10,000,000. The case involves the so-called "Stracey claims."

The United States Circuit Court for Western Washington quashed the indictment on the technical ground that the laws applicable to Alaska did not limit the quantity of land a person or association might enter as set forth in the indictment.

In the Shiels brief it is contended that Congress in 1904 enacted a law without limitations to the effect that locaters or their assigns should receive patents on land located "and thereby committed the National honor and integrity of the Government of the United States to make good its promise to convey to those, or to their assigns, whom it had invited to go out and explore, discover coal, and open up mines in Alaska."

It recites how the Acting Director of the Bureau of the United States Geological Survey in 1906 recommended that Alaskan coal lands be withdrawn from entry and how the President ordered that done.

"This court is now asked to decide," the brief reads, "whether the will of Congress shall prevail in the matter of the disposition of the public domain, or be stifled by the Geological Survey or any other power."

$129,000,000 FOR THE NAVY.

No Increase Over Current Year and $5,000,000 Less Than Last.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—It will cost, in round numbers, $129,000,000 to maintain the United States Navy and provide for suitable increase during the next fiscal year, according to the estimates just completed by Secretary Meyer. This includes a provision for two super-Dreadnoughts, probably of about the size of the projected Nevada and Oklahoma, which will displace about 28,000 tons, and a suitable number of auxiliaries.

This figure marks low water in the retrenchment policy of the Administration so far as the navy is concerned. The estimates are the same as the appropriations for the current fiscal year. These appropriations were $5,000,000 less than the estimates for the preceding year, and these, in turn, were $10,000,000 less than the estimates for the fiscal year 1908-09, which was the last year of the Roosevelt Administration.

It is believed by Secretary Meyer that the present estimates, therefore, have brought the expenditures on account of the navy down to the lowest point consistent with its healthy development and maintenance.

HALT HANGING LAKE CLAIM.

Part of Grand River Canyon Included in Homestead Entry.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—"The falls and hanging lake" in the Canyon of Grand River, Col., one of the most wonderful scenic attractions in America, is included in the homestead entry of Thomas L. Bailey, which was held for cancelation to-day by Commissioner Dennett of the General Land Office.

Commissioner Dennett held that the scenic value of the site, its acessibility to tourists, its worthlessness for agricultural purposes, and its unfitness as a permanent abode, together with Bailey's meagre improvements, convinced him of the absolute lack of good faith. This land was granted by Congress last year to Glenwood Springs for a public park. If the Commissioner's decision is not reversed by the Secretary of the Interior the land will revert to Glenwood Springs.

SCHLEY FAMILY'S THANKS.

Are Grateful for Tributes Paid to the Dead Admiral.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—So many tributes to the late Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley have been received by the members of his family that they to-day issued this statement:

"The family of Admiral Schley are deeply moved by the loving and cherished tributes from so many and take this means, through the kindly medium of the press, to express to all those whose sympathy and help have been so appreciated an acknowledgement which individually must be somewhat more tardy."

TO HEAR RAILROADS' PLEA.

Court Fixes Oct. 16 for Injunction Proceedings Against Rate Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The Commerce Court to-day fixed Oct. 16 as the date for hearing the applications of the transcontinental railways for an injunction against the orders of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in what are known as the Pacific Coast cases, affecting immense general freight traffic.

It will probably be several days after the hearing before a decision is reached by the court.

IS YOUR HOME HAPPY?

Are the children of to-day to grow up without home influences? Are they not entitled to happy childhoods?

THE PASSING OF THE CRADLE

By Farmer Smith

Tells in an amusing and inoffensive way just what a husband's rights are in the home and just what a wife's position is. It tells why MRS. JONES is washing the clothes while MISS JONES is playing the piano and singing "Every Little Movement Has a Meaning of Its Own."

If you would really like to know what is the matter with our homes to-day read "The Passing of the Cradle." If you want to know why business is upside down and what relation the home bears to business—send 10c. silver or 12c. stamps for this little book. It will do you good.

GEORGE HENRY SMITH, Publisher of Quick Sellers, Cedar Grove, New Jersey

ARMED POSSE HUNTS ASSAILANT OF GIRL

Deputies Take a Prisoner and Have to Fight Maddened Father to Save Him.

VICTIM FOUND BY ROADSIDE

Auto Party Rescues Her, Then Aids Farmers, Vowing Vengeance, to Search the Countryside.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Oct. 6.—A party of motorists, on their way this morning to the fair at Danbury, Conn., saw a girl lying unconscious at the edge of the new State Road, just outside of Golden's Bridge, a hamlet in the northern end of Westchester County. The girl's clothing was torn, her face was scratched, and her hair in disorder.

The motorists lifted her into their car, and presently she regained consciousness. She wept hysterically as she told of having been dragged from her bicycle a few hours before by an Italian, who sprang from the concealment of some bushes. Despite her struggles, the girl said, she was pulled into the underbrush and finally beaten into unconsciosness. She did not know how long she had lain in the road before the motorists found her.

The rescuers of the girl, who was seventeen-year-old Nora Goad, daughter of Joseph Goad, a farmer of the neighborhood, drove her to her home, abandoning their trip for the day, and placing their machine at the disposal of the posse of farmers which was formed as soon as news of the attack had been made public.

From miles around, so fast did the news travel, farmers soon began to drive into Golden's Bridge, all armed with weapons ranging from modern rifles and shotguns to rusty old relics of Revolutionary days, but each determined on killing the Italian at sight. The girl was put to bed, and then her father and Caleb Green, a neighbor, set out at the head of the posse.

Some one meantime sent word to the Sheriff's office here. Sheriff Scherp is confined to his bed as the result of a recent automobile accident, but Under Sheriff Doyle, with Deputies Nossiter and Donnelly, jumped into an automobile and made a record run to Golden's Bridge, intent on catching the Italian before the angry farmers should find him.

The officers reached Golden's Bridge while the posse was still out and immediately began a private search. From N. J. Montross, foreman of the construction work on the new State Road, they learned that a man answering the description of Miss Goad's assailant had been employed on the work until recently, when he had been discharged. His reputation was that of a dangerous man.

With some knowledge gained from Mr. Montross as to where the man would be likely to hide if he proved to be the assailant of Miss Goad, Doyle and his assistants started to search the underbrush back of the Rock Cut, as that section of the road near where the girl was attacked is known. Presently they came on Antonio Rosa hiding in the bushes. It was he of whom Mr. Montross had told them, and seeing his clothing torn and his face scratched the officers decided that he was their man. They put him in the automobile and set out at full speed for Miss Goad's home, hoping to reach there in time to have the girl identify him before the return of the posse.

Miss Goad was in charge of her mother when the officers and their prisoner arrived. She was in bed, suffering from the shock of her experience, which had made her hysterical. Rosa was led into the room and the girl was asked to look at him. She raised her eyes till they rested on the man's face and then suddenly shrank down into the bed, shutting the man from her vision by clapping her hands over her eyes and crying out:

"That's he. That's the man. Oh, take him away! Take him away!"

Rosa turned pale before the girl's outburst and shrank out of the room, a Deputy Sheriff clutching each arm. They were hurrying him to their automobile when Mr. Goad rushed into the house. He had heard of the officers' success and had rushed home as fast as he could. He was carrying a big club, and brandishing this in the air he made a rush for the prisoner.

"Let me at him," he cried. "I'll kill him."

Doyle sprang on the frenzied man from behind, pinioning his arms to his sides while he strove to calm him, telling him that the man would receive his deserts at law. Goad struggled for a time, but meantime the Deputies had got their man into the automobile; Doyle sprang behind the steering wheel and started the machine, sending it into full speed as soon as he could.

The run to this place was made rapidly, and Rosa was put in jail. The attempted attack on him by Mr. Goad had frightened him, but once he was safe behind bars here he seemed to regain his courage, and presently was joking over his arrest, declaring that he had done nothing wrong and had nothing to fear, while his captors would find out their mistake in time.

Jacob H. Schiff to Endow School.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Berkowitz, Chairman and founder of the Jewish Chautauqua Society, the National organization, with headquarters in Philadelphia, to-day received from Jacob H. Schiff of New York notification to the effect that he will endow the society in the sum of $5,000 for the establishment of a correspondence school for religious teachers.

$10,000 for Strikebreaker's Death.

A Supreme Court jury, before Justice Delany, returned yesterday a verdict of $10,000 against the Manhattan Transit Company in favor of Wilson Berryman, whose son, Ashley, a Cornell University student, was killed in 1908 by falling into an unprotected elevator pit at Second Avenue and Forty-ninth Street while he was a strikebreaker in the taxicab strike.

John Jameson Three ★★★ Star Whiskey

John Jameson Three ★★★ Star Whiskey

A PERFECTLY LOVELY HAZING

Barnard Freshmen Merely Treated to Good Advice by Way of the Drama.

The 200 Barnard freshmen had looked forward with fear to yesterday, which had been set aside for their hazing. They prepared for it by removing pins, belts, collars, combs and anything they thought the dreaded sophomores might be able to confiscate.

At 4 o'clock sharp each freshman was seized by a demon in a black domino and conducted to the cellar, where she was quickly blindfolded, and sent tumbling upstairs, where other ready hands led her into the theatre.

But here the heart of the tormentor softened. Instead of the freshmen signing their names with their own blood or drawing pictures with their noses, or swimming on a floor of hard peas, as has been the fate of previous classes, their eyes were unbound and a drama was enacted before them.

The scene was laid in the Roman Forum, where three vestal virgins, 1912, 1913, 1914, were worshiping at the altar of the high priestess. A fourth virgin, 1915, was bound to a tree, and it was proclaimed that she was to be torn to pieces by wild beasts for worshiping the goddess "Class Spirit," instead of "College Spirit." The mascots of the upper classes represented the wild animals, the dragon of 1912 hissed and fumed terrifically with the aid of a siphon bottle carefully tucked away under its cheesecloth hide.

Fear of death made poor 1915 repent, and as her prayers rose to Goddess Alma Mater, so these fierce foes turned to stanch friends. The freshman President, Louise Walker, was then summoned to the platform, and she appealed to the class to help her in making 1915 one of Barnard's strongest supports.

But the flag of truce between freshmen and sophomores is only half raised. For two weeks the newcomers may not use the elevator, no matter how far they may have to walk, or how late they may be, or how empty the elevator may be. As for men friends, a ban is put upon them within five blocks radius of the college. Kissing and hugging are not permitted. Sadder still, each freshman must wear a goat hung around her neck with a green cord; on one side of this mascot is printed "Green Goat, 1915," and on the reverse are the words, "Freshman Goat."

INDORSE THE STILWELL BILL.

Civic Bodies Urge Mayor to Accept It and Settle Court House Site.

Civic associations united in a letter sent to Mayor Gaynor yesterday urging him to approve the Stilwell bill recently passed by the Legislature providing for the erection of a County Curt House elsewhere than in City Hall Park. The letter reads:

New York, Oct. 6, 1911.

To the Hon. William J. Gaynor,
Mayor of the City of New York.

Sir:

The undersigned societies and associations of this city respectfully urge your approval of the Stilwell act recently passed by both Houses of the Legislature, amending the Court House act, being Chapter 336 of the Laws of 1903.

In this connection they call to your Honor's attention that the provisions of the Stilwell act comply with those conditions which your Honor deemed essential to a prompt and orderly progress toward the erection of the new much-needed Court House in the County of New York. The act remits the entire and exclusive power to select a site to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for a period of six months, and then provides, in accordance with your Honor's suggestion, that should the Board of Estimate and Apportionment fail to exercise that power during that period the exclusive power so to do shall pass to the Court House Board for another period of six months, with the limitation that the Court House Board may not select a site in any public park, there being, however, no such limitation upon the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

It is confidently believed by the signatories that the acceptance by the city and the approval by the Governor of this amendment to the existing legislation will result in the speedy erection of this most needed public building, and bring about the termination of the intolerable delays now aggregating eight years which have resulted from the division and conflict of authority on the subject of a site which exists under the present state of the law.

We remain, yours respectfully,

The Association of the Bar of the City of New York, Charles F. Bostwick;
New York County Lawyers' Association, Job S. Hedges;
New York Chapter, American Institute of Architects, C. Grant Lafarge, President;
Fine Arts Federation, William A. Boring, Chairman, Committee on Sites and Landscape Gardening,
Architectural League of New York, William A. Boring, President;
Merchants' Association, Henry R. Towne, President;
Parks' and Playgrounds' Association, Eugene A. Philbin, President;
National Sculpture Society, John DeWitt Warner;
American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, Henry W. Sackett, Chairman, Court House Committee;
Association for Improving the Conditions of the Poor, R. Fulton Cutting;
Municipal Art Society, Bert Hanson, President;
Citizens' Union, Albert S. Bard, and The City Club, Charles H. Strong, President.

There will be a public hearing on the bill at the City Hall on Monday.

Won't Wed Girl Who Wants Jewels.

Michael Guttenberg filed yesterday his answer to a twenty-five-thousand-dollar suit for breach of promise begun against him in the Supreme Court by Anna Hindock. He admits that he and Miss Hindock talked of marriage, but declares that she demanded jewelry and precious stones as a condition of an agreement to marry and that he refused to consider her terms.

Holeproof Hosiery

Guaranteed to Wear Six Months

Though the statement that Holeproof Hosiery is guaranteed to wear six months cannot be emphasized too strongly, that fact is by no means the only reason why every man, woman and child should wear Holeproofs.

For, were they again as durable, if the requirements of appearance, fit and comfort, which most of us demand in hosiery, were not fully met with by Holeproof Hosiery, they could not have proven so satisfactory that in the past year more than nine million pairs have been sold.

For Men, six pairs, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
For Women & Children, 6 pairs, $2; Women's Silk Lustre, $3
Men's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs, guaranteed for 3 months, $2
Women's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs, guaranteed for 3 months, $3

We are New York Agents. Mail and phone orders promptly filled.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125TH ST., at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., West of Broadway.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS

10 Minutes Jersey City to Hoyt St. by Tunnel and Subway.
17 Minutes Grand Central to Hoyt St. Direct.

Men's Hand Sewed Gloves, $1.50

THE BEST ENGLISH made Gloves, in both regular and cadet sizes; almost indestructible.

Embroidered tan Cape, one horn clasp, $1.50
Embroidered gray castor, pique sewn, $1.75
New colorings, in embroidered mocha, butternut and pearl gray.....$2.00
Adler's Rutland, saddler sewn, new shades.....$1.50
Meyer's spear point, P. X. M. Cape, $1.50
Fownes walking weight Cape....$1.50
Dent's best town made, various style backs.....$2.00
Extra value in men's Cape Gloves, spear point backs.....$1.25
Tiny Tim, smallest Gloves made, English kid, pique sewn.....$1.00
Silk lined Cape, from the tiniest size up.....$1.15 to $1.35
Boys' hand sewed Gloves, best made, $1.25

Main floor, front, East Building.

Men's Silk Half Hose, 3 Pairs for $1.

PURE THREAD SILK Half Hose, in drop stitch with lisle heels and toes; in tan, cadet, green, Burgundy, gray and black; also some in plain black.

Main floor, Men's Building.

Men's Fall Weight Underwear, 98c

NATURAL WOOL Underwear, "Stuttgart" finish, of fine worsted yarn; Shirts have mohair fronts, English necks and long sleeves; Drawers have coutil facings, pearl buttons and reinforced gussets; regular or stout sizes.

Men's Fall Weight Underwear, $1.50. Natural wool Underwear; extra superfine quality, "Stuttgart" finish. Shirts have mohair facings, English neck and long sleeves; Drawers have cloth facings, pearl buttons and reinforced gussets; in regular or stout sizes.

Men's Fall Underwear, 75c. Pure Egyptian cotton Underwear, spring needle ribbed, perfection of finish and fit; extra fine quality. Shirts have sateen fronts, French necks and long sleeves; Drawers have coutil facings, pearl buttons, strap backs and reinforced gussets.

Men's Combination Suits, $1.50. Fall weight Union Suits of extra fine combed pure Egyptian cotton yarn, self fronts, French necks, in regular or stout sizes; perfect fitting, durable and comfortable.

Main floor, Men's Building

Men's $1 Lion Brand Shirts, 69c.

Brand New---Direct From the Factory.

FANCY SHIRTS, coat style, cuffs attached; the famous Lion Brand; an immense assortment of new patterns in desirable colorings.

Men's 48c. Four-in-Hands, 25c. 15 different plain colors, with fancy striped borders; reversible shape.

Men's Muslin Nightshirts, 50c. Made V neck, neatly trimmed.

Men's Domet Nightshirts, 50c. Heavy grade domet Nightshirts, neat striped designs.

Men's Blanket Bathrobes, $5.48. Variety of good color combinations made in best manner.

Main floor, front, East Building.

Women's Featherweight Raincoats at $2.89.

Of tan rubber, plaid back, cut on excellent lines—loose fitting—raglan sleeves. Just the thing for travel wear. Store orders only, none C. O. D. or on approval.

Women's Rubberized Raincoats at $5.95.

Examine these Coats and price the same quality and make in other stores and you will find $8.50 is a conservative value. Semi and loose fitting, full length, rubberized poplin Coats—high rolling collar, patch pockets. Colors, navy and black.

Women's Rubberized Tan Mannish Raincoats, $9.95.

Canvassing around leads us to state $13.50 as a fair value for these handsome Coats. Full length, single texture, light weight, tan, mannish Raincoats, with high collar, inverted side pocket, bone buttons.

Women's Rubberized Satin Raincoats, $14.98.

Full length rubberized satin Raincoats, loose fitting, high neck, inverted side pocket. Colors, navy and black.

Second floor, center, Central Building.

Misses' Suits, $27.98, $32.98 and $37.98.

Undeniably Pretty and Top Notch Style.

CORDUROY and velvet Coats, plain tailored or Norfolk models, lined throughout with excellent quality satin; skirts high girdle, with panel back; sizes 14 and 16 years.

Misses' Suits of serge, cheviot and fancy mixtures; coats plain tailored or fancy trimmed, lined throughout with satin; new model skirts, well tailored throughout; sizes 14 and 16 years.....$15.98, $17.98, $19.98 and $21.98

Junior Dresses of good quality nonpareil serge, button front model, pointed collar and deep cuffs of broadcloth in contrasting colors; sizes 13, 15 and 17 years, at.....$7.98

Girls' full length chinchilla Coats, double-breasted style, lined throughout with flannel, high rolling collar of velvet, gilt buttons; sizes 6 to 14 years, $11.50. Colors are navy and gray.

Second floor, center, Central Building.

Boys' $7 Two Trouser Wearwell Suits, $4.95

Made of specially selected fabrics, in gray, tans and brown cheviot in overplaids, checks and mixtures, with yoke and box plaits, sizes 7 to 12 years. Plain double-breasted jacket style, sizes 12 to 18 years. The best Two Trouser Suits ever offered anywhere at this price.

Boys' New Polo Overcoats, $7.95 to $12.50.

The new and popular Coat with belt of self fabric, for little fellows from 8 to 10 years of age. Just one hundred in the lot. Fabrics are in gray and tan effects, all rough-faced materials so popular for the Winter season 1911-12. Extra large size buttons, full sweep to the skirt of Coat and comfort and warmth written in every line of the garment.

Boys' Finest Mixed Fabric Norfolk and Double-breasted Suits, $6.95 to $18.00. All this season's nobbiest fabrics, models, patterns and styles in grays, tan, brown cheviots, tweeds and homespuns; sizes 8 to 18 years.

Finer qualities, in plain and fancy weaves.....$7.00 to $12.50

Washable Russian Suits, sizes 2½ to 8 years.....$1.95 and $2.95

Boys' serge Russian and Sailor Suits sizes 3 to 8 years...$4.95 and $6.95

Boys' wool Jacket Sweaters, in silver gray and combinations; sizes 28 to 34, at.....98c. and $1.48

Boys' plain blue serge Suits, the A. & S. special.....$5.00

Young Men's Nobby Long Trouser Suits.

Our new nobby cut Clothes have carried Brooklyn by storm.

Shop-made Suits, at $9.75 and $12.50, values $12.00 to $15.00

Fine hand-tailored Suits, values $18.00 to $35.00, at.....$15.00 to $30.00

A Stylish Trimmed Hat for $2.95.

The special in the Mezzanine Floor Underprice Hat Store for Saturday—stylish Hats for street wear for women, and styles particularly pleasing for college girls. Another remarkable offering—and, MIND YOU, no Hat is just like any other one—so that you will not see the woman next door wearing the same Hat, as is so often and annoyingly the case where Hats at so little a price are sold. It's really best to forget the price until you see the Hat, as it gives the wrong impression. These Hats are very stylish.

A Sample Line at $5.00.

These are bewitchingly becoming Hats and no two alike. Just received from a maker famous for quality and style in his products.

REMEMBER, you cannot pay over $12.00 for any Hat in the Mezzanine underprice Hat Store, rear, East Building.

QUICK ACTION URGED ON STEINWAY TUNNEL

Deal with Interborough Seems to be Prevented by the New York Central.

CRAM FOR CONDEMNATION

Queens Folk Want It Put in Operation Promptly, Even at the Cost of the City Paying an Unfair Price.

Commissioner J. Sergeant Cram brought up the Steinway tunnel matter at the regular meeting of the Public Service Commission yesterday and declared he was in favor of bringing condemnation proceedings immediately if an agreement could not be reached with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. This led to a hearing in the afternoon, at which several residents of Queens expressed strongly their indignation at the neglect of their borough in rapid transit matters, although their taxation had been increased because the tunnel was built.

For two or three weeks the Public Service Commission and the Interborough have been in negotiation about the Steinway tunnel, and, as Chairman Willcox announced after the first meeting with Mr. Shonts that their discussion had appeared to be favorable to the inclusion of the tunnel in the Subway system before long, it had been supposed that no hitch had arisen. It was learned yesterday that the terms which Mr. Shonts then spoke of were the purchase of the tunnel for its cost of construction, which the company sets down at $7,500,000; its completion by the city at a cost of about $1,500,000, and its assignment as part of the Subway to the Interborough, which would equip and operate it without an extra fare.

It came out at yesterday's proceedings, however, that the New York Central Railroad had refused to assent to the completion of the tunnel. If the tunnel is to be continued to about Madison Avenue, as the plans call for, the consents of more than half the abutting property owners must be obtained, or the commission can apply to the Appellate Division for the appointment of a commission to condemn it.

The New York Central, in consequence of its large improvements at the Grand Central Station, bought up a good deal of the near-by property, and now owns rather more than one-half. So far it has not been willing to give its assent to the extension of the tunnel, and this blocks the first method of acquiring property for the tunnel.

On the other hand, an authority on the railroad law of the State gave his opinion that it was impossible to acquire any land of the New York Central by condemnation proceedings, the Court of Appeals having held that land once devoted to railroad purposes cannot be condemned except by special act of the Legislature.

It is understood, however, that the attitude taken by the New York Central is not unalterable. The company has been objecting to giving up the control of any parcel of land which it has acquired, in order to protect the entrances to its new station, but the Public Service Commission and the New York Central may come to terms over this point as soon as the necessity arises.

Commissioner Cram brought up the Steinway tunnel matter by asking if counsel for the commission had reported as yet, as he had requested, on the extension of Seventh Avenue southward, in order that the commissioners might take up the Seventh Avenue Subway. He thought such a report should be returned "within a reasonable time."

Commissioner McCarroll, who was presiding in the absence of Chairman Willcox in Washington, replied that he understood there were many difficult points to be cleared up, but that the report would be ready within a few days.

"Some time back," went on Commissioner Cram, "before I became a member, the commission determined to acquire the Steinway Tunnel. It would be a useful link in the Subway system, and has never been used. It is private property, and as such could be bought or condemned. The commission determined to buy, but the negotiations failed—not through any fault of the commission, but owing to the bad faith and dilatory tactics of the owners.

"Condemnation is now in order. An offer must be made to the owners of what the commission thinks the tunnel is worth. Should it be declined, the commission should begin condemnation proceedings."

The Commissioner's remarks were supported by John W. Paris, President of the Real Estate Exchange of Long Island, and other members of Queens organizations.

Commissioner McCarroll replied that the commission had recommended to the Board of Estimate only a few weeks ago a definite plan that would have included the completion and operation of the tunnel, but the board had rejected it and the then President of Queens had voted against it.

As Commissioner Eustis remarked that the Steinway Tunnel would be of no use to Queens unless it was connected with some other route, Mr. Paris suggested that if no arrangement could be made with the Interborough the tunnel might be connected with a route down Seventh Avenue, and thus a line capable of independent operation might be formed.

"New subways cost money," said Commissioner Maltbie. "Would you prefer the route you suggested to the lines the commission has laid out to Corona and Astoria?"

"We want both," replied Mr. Paris. "The lines you speak of cannot be completed for six years, and the Mayor has vetoed the Fifty-ninth Street line, and we must remember that the tunnel is already built. Of course we should not be satisfied to have the tunnel open with only its nose sticking into our borough. We are looking to you, gentlemen, to help us out."

At the public hearing in the afternoon John Adikes of Jamaica laid before the Commissioners the views of his neighbors.

"One may stand on the Queensboro Bridge," he declared, "and look over hundreds of acres that might be used for homes, if they were only accessible to the people who work downtown in Manhattan. It seems to us that the city could afford to be liberal to the Interborough in the matter of the tunnel."

Other speakers favored paying even an unfair price for the tunnel if it were necessary.

Maurice J. Connolly, the newly elected President of Queens, entered the room amid some applause. He declared that he was in favor of purchase or condemnation without hesitation, but he admitted that he was not thoroughly familiar with the law, and he did not object to reasonable delay.

"Oh, you will get plenty of that," retorted Commissioner Cram.

GERMAN-AMERICANS GATHER.

Delegates Honor Washington and Listen to Tribute to Schley.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The German-American National Alliance began the meetings of the sixth biennial convention here to-day at the New Willard Hotel with a large attendance. Dr. C. J. Hexamer of Philadelphia presided. After the business session the delegates to the number of 300 went down to Mount Vernon to pay a tribute to the memory of Washington.

Col. Ernest C. Stahl of Trenton, N. J., delivered an oration, and Dr. Hexamer and Mrs. Dornhofer of New York, the President of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the alliance, laid wreaths on Washington's tomb.

Rudolph Cronu of New York paid a tribute to the late Admiral Schley. He said Schley always delighted to speak of his German ancestry, and spoke of the pride that German-Americans might feel in Schley's career.

To-night Marion Dexter Learned of the University of Pennsylvania reviewed the main historical facts connected with the movement of German-Americans to the United States.

WHY LEDERLE WANTS MORE.

Child Hygiene Work, He Says, Demands a Larger Health Appropriation.

Health Day at the Budget Exhibit at 330 Broadway yesterday was marked by an address by Health Commissioner Lederle, who explained why he wants $4,387,679.25 to run his department during 1912. This is an increase of $1,564,178.75 over the expenses for 1911. The Commissioner said he would like to use most of the additional appropriation for the extension of infants' milk depots, child hygiene, food and milk inspection.

For the milk depots $40,000 was appropriated in 1911. The Commissioner wants $308,890 for the coming year. Child hygiene in 1911 received $346,390, and to carry on the work next year the Commissioner thinks that $540,558 will be necessary. The food inspection branch was given $45,540 for this year, but according to the Commissioner $297,270 is needed for 1912, while he would like an increase of $226,345 for milk inspection. In his talk the Commissioner said:

"While important increases are asked for in practically every division of the department, the four fields mentioned here are those in which the most radical enlargement is proposed for the coming year. If the extension of services and functions contemplated in the estimates submitted is permitted by the appropriations, the number of Inspectors, nurses, and other facilities by means of which the Health Department controls the sanitary quality of the food consumed in the city and protects the health of infants and children will be very materially increased. The measures proposed will materially strengthen the control of the department over the preventible illnes sin the City of New York."

Dr. Lederle said he intended to establish seventy-three milk depots, as follows: Thirty-fourth in Manhattan, thirty-five in Brooklyn, two in the Bronx, one in Queens, and one in Richmond. Better plans for the protection of school children, he said, are under way. These include an increase of school nurses from 142 to 222, an da special corps of nurses for special investigations will be established, if the plans go through. It is proposed to establish six school clinics at a cost of $85,000 in order that adequate treatment for the children may be furnished in co-operation with diagnostic work of the school physicians.

DIVORCES DR. WEBSTER.

Second Wife Eager to Avoid Being Widowed by Capital Punishment.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Zoe V. Webster, second legal wife of Dr. Harry E. Webster, confessed slayer of his third wife, obtained a divorce in the District Court here this afternoon. Judge Treichler gave a decree on statutory grounds. Mrs. Webster was nearly overcome with joy when the result was made known to her.

OREGON, Ill., Oct. 6.—Dr. Harry Elgin Webster, who confessed to the murder of his third wife, Bessie Kent Webster, said he felt as if he had signed his own death warrant when he attached his signature to time waivers in the divorce proceedings which Zoe V. Webster brought in Cedar Rapids for the purpose of avoiding the possibility of being widowed through capital punishment.

One of the most peculiar documents found among Dr. Webster's belongings yesterday was the certificate of his marriage to Blanche Mae Graff, his first wife. He had sealed the certificate, which was dated Nov. 2, 1904, in an old medical examination paper. On one of the many seals he wrote:

"This contract becomes valid Nov. 2, 1905."

He was divorced by her two years later. The only way the marriage could have been invalidated between 1904 and 1905, the police say, would be the existence of another wife, whom Webster expected to get rid of. The police, accordingly, are seeking for traces of wife No. 4.

COTTON SWINDLE NETS $2,000

Mobile Brokers Lose Small Sums by Scheme of Meridian Man.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 6.—A cotton bill of lading swindle by which no less than five local cotton brokers have been victimized out of sums ranging from $450 to $650, and which was worked from Meridian, Miss., and probably has ramifications elsewhere, became known here to-night when the police were asked to arrest A. L. Smith.

According to the police and the victims of the scheme, the bills of lading were those regularly used by the Mobile & Ohio Railroad. They were apparently regular as regards their issuance. It was stated that something like $2,000 had been obtained from the local brokers on the bogus bills and warehouse receipts. According to the police, letters were sent the victim in which was inclosed a bill of lading calling for a certain number of bales of cotton. These letters were signed by A. L. Smith and were from Meridian. Smith requested that he be sent New York draft to cover cotton shown on the bills of lading.

VERMONT UNIVERSITY INSTALLS DR. BENTON

Keys and Seal Delivered to New President by Darwin P. Kingsley of New York.

LEADING EDUCATORS THERE

Honorary Degrees Conferred on Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, George Harvey, and George W. Perkins.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Oct. 6.—The most notable gathering of educators in the history of Vermont assembled here today to participate in the ceremonies attending the inauguration of Guy Potter Benton, A. M., D. D., LL. D., as the twelfth President of the University of Vermont. Dr. Benton resigned the Presidency of Miami University to accept the Presidency of the Burlington institution.

The Federal Government was represented by officials of the Department of Agriculture and Bureau of Education. Gov. John A. Mead headed the list of Vermont State officials at the exercises.

Among the college Presidents attending the ceremony were: William H. P. Faunce, Brown University; William H. S. Demarest, Rutgers College; Ernest Fox Nichols, Dartmouth College; Eugene Allen Noble, Dickinson College; Harry A. Garfield, Williams College; Francis L. Patten, Princeton Theological Seminary; Elmer Burritt Bryan, Colgate University; Charles Alexander Richmond, Union College; George Harris, Amherst College; William A. Shanklin, Wesleyan University; Herbert Welch, Ohio Wesleyan University; John H. Finley, College of the City of New York; Kenyon S. Drinker, Lehigh University; Edmund Janes James, University of Illinois, and Henry S. Pritchett, Carnegie Institute for the Advancement of Teaching.

The procession formed on University Place, confronting the college green, about 1:30 P. M. More than 800 men were in line, and the gay colors of the doctors' hoods gave a touch of life to the otherwise sombre black academy gowns and caps.

Preceded by a band and headed by C. E. Allen, who for thirty-five years has been the university marshal, the procession moved along Main Street to Strong Theatre. In addition to the educators on the stage, places were also reserved for the Justices of the Vermont Supreme Court, the Vermont delegation in Congress; Col. T. W. Jones, Tenth Cavalry, U. S. A.; the Right Rev. C. A. Hall, Episcopal Bishop of Vermont, and the Right Rev. Joseph J. Rice, Roman Catholic Bishop of Burlington. The presiding officer was Elias Lyman, until recently the acting President of the university.

The keys and the seal of the University of Vermont were delivered to the new President by Darwin P. Kingsley of New York, on behalf of the university's Board of Trustees. In performing the ceremony Mr. Kingsley said in part:

"To-day, after the lapse of 134 years, we proudly salute the men of 1777. They wrote into the fundamental law of the Republic, which later became Vermont, the order that the University of Vermont should be created. We salute them proudly because we bring evidence that their ideals have been honored, their ambitions realized.

"Guy Potter Benton, into your hands—in so far as we properly may—we place this noble heritage. We charge you with the task of using it to mold and develop the manners and morals of the youth of this State and of sister States and to inspire their minds."

In opening his address President Benton paid a graceful tribute to his predecessors in office, especially the last President of the university.

Then taking up the general subject of his address, President Benton said, in part:

"We may rejoice that the colleges of the country are encouraging many sports. Occasionally there are found people living in college towns who, having no sense of humor, are utterly unable to enter into an appreciation of the spirit which animates young manhood and womanhood. I confess that it has always been a mystery to me, and the mystery deepened with every added day, why it is that certain sanctimonious individuals pucker up their sour faces, and, if possible, look even more acetose than common, whenever their ears are greeted with a college yell. There is no music in all the world so sweet to me as the yell of the college student. It is the expression of abounding life, of healthful youth, and of unselfish loyalty. Every time a boy yells for his college or his university he is drawing its colors about him a little more securely, and thus he is laying the foundation for that larger patriotism which, in later years, will accentuate his love of country every time he gives a cheer for the 'Stars and Stripes.'"

At the conclusion of his address President Benton conferred honorary degrees upon 24 persons, prominent among them being Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the Government's pure food expert; George Harvey, a publisher, and George W. Perkins, formerly of J. P. Morgan & Co.

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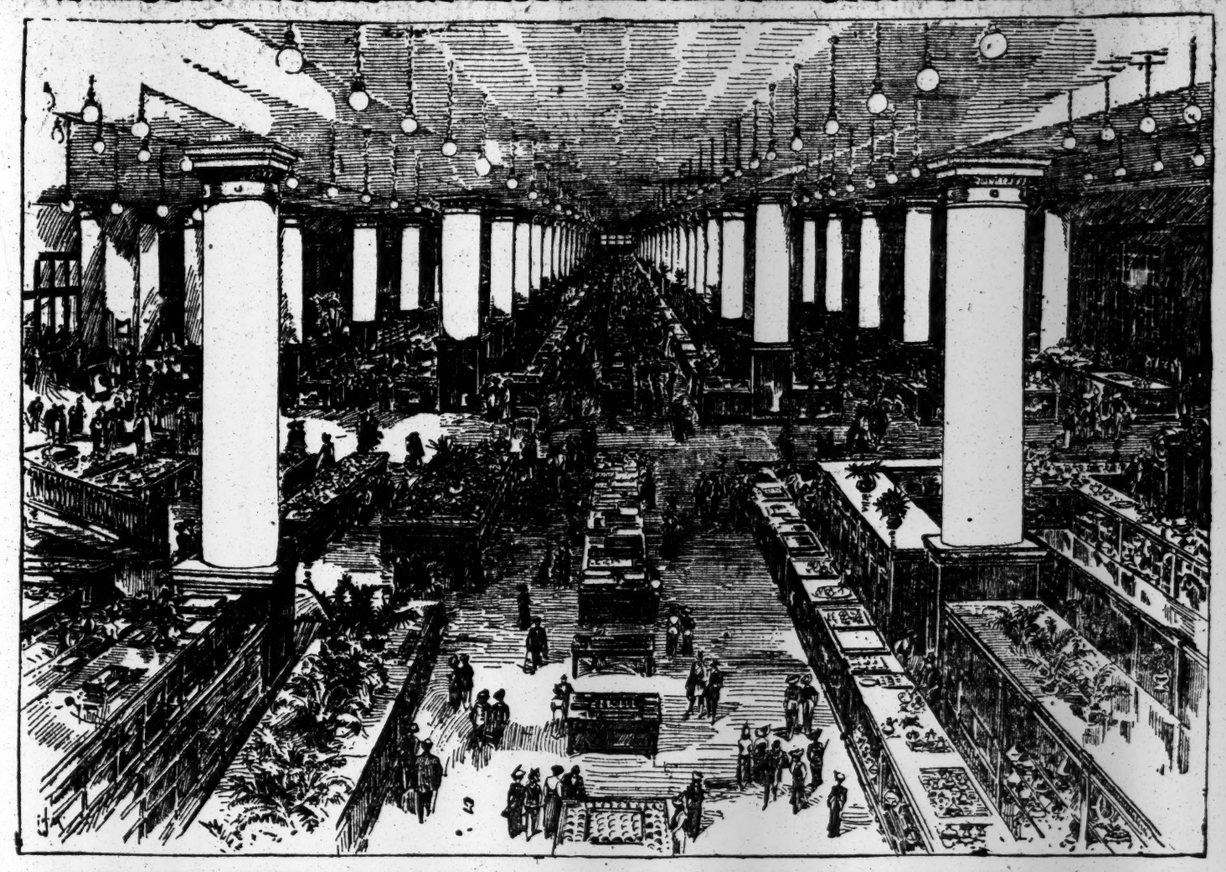

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Imported Model Gowns, Wraps and Furs

are not only the latest models but beautiful creations that will appeal to women of good taste.

Millinery and all the Accessories of Dress will also be shown on Living Models between 10 and 12:30 A. M. and 2:15 and 4:30 P. M., Eighth floor.

Prices of this apparel may be ascertained in the Ready-to-Wear Salons, Third floor. Reproductions of these models will be promptly and carefully executed in the Dressmaking Salon, Tenth floor.

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For special consideration is this offering of

$25 Silk-lined Overcoats at $18

In the always good Chesterfield style, fully silk-lined, with plain or silk-faced edge, in plain black, Oxford or Cambridge gray—splendid Fall Overcoats at a remarkably attractive price. Fourth floor

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We are firm believers in the enternal fitness of things—and exemplify this belief in this collection, which ought to appeal, by its snappy, juvenile styles, to its boy wearers, if ever clothing did:

At $7.50, Blue Serge Suits with Extra Knickerbockers—made of fast color all-wool navy blue serge; Norfolk styles, ages 8 to 15, and double-breasted styles, ages 9 to 18.

At $5, Boys' All-wool Suits with Extra Knickerbockers—Norfolk or double-breasted styles of pure all-wool materials in the most desirable shades of gray or brown. Two pairs of full-lined trousers. Ages 8 to 18.

At $10, $12 and $15, Boys' Fine Suits—made of imported worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots, smooth or unfinished weaves. Mostly with two pairs of trousers. Norfolk styles, ages 8 to 16, and double-breasted styles, ages 9 to 18. Every desirable color-effect.

At $5, Boys' Sailor or Russian Suits and Fall Reefers—for small boys ages 2½ to 10; of navy blue serge or mixtures. Suits with sailor or military collars and double-breasted Box Reefers with sleeve chevron.

At $7.50 and $10, Boys' Chinchilla Reefers—double-breasted button-to-neck styles with flannel linings. Navy blue and different shades of gray and brown. Finished with velvet collars and sleeve emblems. Ages 2 to 10. Fourth floor

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STETSON SOFT HATS in two styles to be found nowhere in New York but at GIMBELS. Shaggy fur felt, with stitched boat-shape brim, or flat brim, in four colors. $3.50. Other Stetson Soft Hats, smooth finish and mixtures, $3.50 to $12.

STETSON DERBIES—including the 1912 "Philadelphia"—the name always given by Stetson to his best Derby model of the Fall season. With twenty other styles, at $3.50, and others up to $10.

ENGLISH SOFT HATS, $2. Of FUR felt—hence most unusual at the price. Rough finish, with three rows of stitching on the brim, and in three colors; light-weight and guaranteed waterproof. Fourth floor

Men's $5 Shoes at $3.95

Fine models from our regular, new stock—calfskin and patent leather button and lace, also soft Vici kid in Blucher lace style. Second floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

TEST SAVES CHILD FROM IDIOT ASYLUM

Means Devised by the French Alienist Binet Show the Lad to be Only Mentally Backward.

RESULT ACCEPTED BY COURT

Though 14 Years Old, Andrew Bianco Could Not Answer Questions Designed for Ten-Year-Olds—Goes to a Farm.

As a result of the first practical trial of the Binet test for defective children by any public institution in this city, fourteen-year-old Andrew Bianco, who has been brought up in a Mulberry street tenement, was sent yesterday by Justice Russell in the Children's Court to a New Jersey farm, instead of being committed to the School for Feeble Minded in Randall's Island.

The test by which the defective boy was saved from the Randall's Island institution was made last Monday by Dr. M. G. Schlapp, head of the Cornell Medical School, in the rooms of the Children's Society. Officials of the society were much pleased at the success of the test and announced that it would be used in all future cases where children may be suspected of being defective.

After pointing out the grave injustice, not to say cruelty, of committing children who are merely intellectually backward to live with hopeless idiots in Randall's Island, an officer of the society said that an effort would be made to establish in this city a central school for defectives, where all such children may receive proper education in a proper environment, that their minds may be developed in the proper way.

Andrew Bianco, who submitted to the Binet test, proved to have the mind of a boy of nine years. He has caused his parents trouble for a long time. The family lives at 280 Mulberry street. He was arrested about a week ago on complaint of his mother on a charge of associating with juvenile thieves. No actual evidence of theft was found against the boy, but the Children's Society, suspecting the boy was more defective than criminal, asked Dr. Schlapp to test the development of his mind.

Seated in the society's rooms, with Andrew in front of him, last Monday, Dr. Schlapp asked the boy many scientifically graded questions formulated by the French surgeon and alienist, Binet. For instance, the questions which a normal child of three years should be able to answer are such as, "Point to your nose, eyes, mouth?" "Repeat: 'It rains,' 'I am hungry?'" "What is this a picture of?" The scope of the questions widens year by year, until at the age of eight it should be able to tell the difference between a butterfly and a fly, wood and glass, paper and cloth. It should be able to count backward from 20 to 1, Binet believes; name the days of the week in ten seconds and count three one-cent stamps and three two-cent stamps in ten seconds.

The boy was able to answer these questions, with little hesitation, and then Dr. Schlapp asked him questions for a normal nine-year-old. First he was asked to make change of 20 cents, and of 4 cents. He was able to do this, but was not able to describe a fork, table or chair. He did not know what the date was. He could not name the months of the year in fifteen seconds. He could not arrange weights of different sizes in their proper order in one minute.

When asked the questions for a normal ten-year-old child, such as to identify a cent, a nickel, a dime, a quarter, a half-dollar, a one, two, five, or a ten-dollar bill, he could not answer correctly. He could not construct sentences containing the words, "Philadelphia, money, or river."

Dr. Schlapp then told the boy an absurd story about a painter, who fell from a high scaffold, and was instantly killed; but when taken to a hospital, the doctors found he would recover, and he left the hospital, entirely well, a few days later.

This story was repeated many times, but, although a normal boy of 11 should be able to detect its absurdity, this fourteen-year-old lad could not.

As a result of this examination, Dr. Schlapp reported that Andrew, although 14 years old, had the mind of a normal boy of 9 years. Justice Russell read the report, and then said he believed the boy was neither criminal nor idiot. He accepted the suggestion that the boy should not be committed to the School for Feeble-Minded, and turned him over to his mother, who promised to take him to the farm of her brother in New Jersey.

"The Binet test is going to keep the city from making the mistake in future of treating a merely defective child like a criminal or an idiot," said an officer of the society. "We hope, in time, there will be a central institution in this city, where defectives may develop their backward minds, and learn some simple trade that they may become self-supporting. We believe every defective can develop intellectually if properly trained, even children whose minds are 75 per cent. below normal."

AGED BRIDE-TO-BE SLAIN.

Man of Sixty, Coming to Wed Her, Found She'd Been Murdered.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Oct. 6.—Sam Polokoff, an aged farmer and peddler of East Canaan, drove to the southern Berkshire village of New Boston, across the State line in Massachusetts, this week to marry Rose Umansky, whom he met in Winsted about a year ago. It had been planned between the two that the ceremony should be performed at the home of Joseph Kaplan. The prospective bride, who was about Polokoff's age, 60 years, was to give him her four cows and two heifers as a dowry.

When Polokoff arrived he was informed that the woman he was to have wed was found murdered on her son's little farm in West Granville, Mass., last Wednesday. She had been struck on the head with a blunt instrument, then strangled to death, and her body thrown into a well. The assassin or assassins took the old women's $120 she had saved for her wedding day.

One of two Poles suspected by the authorities of committing the murder is under arrest awaiting a hearing. Polokoff wept bitterly as the story of the crime was recited to him and then started back to his farm alone.

FOR ASTRONOMICAL TRUST.

Prof. Doolittle Thinks Observations Should Be Made by Central Body.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—An astronomical trust with a central body making observations for the world and spending the money now spread in various observatories is predicted by Prof. C. L. Doolittle of the University of Pennsylvania.

In addressing the first meeting of members of the graduating school in Houston Hall, Prof. Doolittle declared that by the year 3,000 astronomy will be a more exact science, and that the distance of the earth from the stars will be more accurately calculated.

"Much time at present wasted by astronomers," he said, "would be saved by the formation of a trust, which would have concentrated power and unlimited money for instruments and research. The Society for Co-operation in Solar Research has blazed the way for such a trust, and other organizations which have concentrated their efforts and worked for the benefit of the entire world of science."

ADMIRAL GONI IN SUBMARINE.

Chilean Officer Makes Trip in Grayling—In New York To-day.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 6.—The officers of the Newport naval establishment entertained a distinguished guest in the person of Vice Admiral Goni of the Chilean Navy to-day. After visiting the Naval War College the guest was taken to the Torpedo Station on Goat Island, where he appeared greatly interested in the manufacture of the high-power explosives.

A submarine trip—the first that Admiral Goni had ever made—was then taken on the submarine Grayling. The craft was sent on an under-sea run from Brenton's Reef Lightship to Point Judith and return. The next event was a trip on the destroyer Mayrant, which steamed at top speed, exceeding thirty-two knots an hour, up and down Narragansett Bay.

To-morrow Admiral Goni will inspect the fortifications around New York. On Monday he will visit the Brooklyn Navy Yard and sail for England the following day.

FOR PLAYGROUNDS ON TENEMENT ROOFS

Would Take Children Out of the Streets, Says Instructor of Physical Culture.

PLENTY OF ROOM FOR PLAY

Census Shows the East Side Youngsters Have Only 18 Square Feet Each for Recreation.

The roof of every tenement in the crowded sections of New York should be a playground, in the opinion of Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Director of Physical Training in the public schools.

"Do you know," he asked a few days ago, "how much room the New York child who lives below Fourteenth Street has for play?"

And he replied: "Just enough for a grave, by actual measurement. And what is more, that little room is dangerous, dirty and dark. Why should the boys and girls of this city, when they look for a few hours of fun and exercise, have to dodge trucks and autos on reeking pavements in sunless streets?

"Did you ever look out of your windows across the city and notice large roofs of tenements stretching out before you? Did you ever think of what a grand time the children could have on those roofs if they were allowed to play there, and if the roofs were fenced in to guard against accidents? The roof of every tenement should be made a playground. There the youngsters could play all they wanted without risking life and limb, with the sunlight pouring down when the streets below are in twilight or darkness.

"Because there is no place for the children to play the Board of Education has to give instruction in physical training. Physical training is necessary because civilization has cut down the living space, and there is not now in this city enough room for us to live as we used to. Our children can't play as we did. Many probably wonder why we are making so much fuss about having the children play.

"We wouldn't insist on children playing if we didn't know that it was the best thing for them. Play is nature's best method of education. Before ever a school was built children taught themselves all they had to know by playing. They mimicked everything their parents did. The children, by playing, prepared themselves for the parts they would take when they grew up.

"Play developed the body as well as the mind, and if we look at ourselves now we will see that our bodies are still with us. And these bodies of ours are not made merely to huddle over a desk or to run a typewriter. If they were, they would be about half as heavy and about half as large, and they would hold about 500 times as much brains. But our bodies are made to walk and run, and jump and fight with. If we do not use them they will die. That is why we have physical training in our schools. We want our bodies to live and grow as well as our minds.

"The bodies of children need play, and since there is not enough room in the city to let them find their play naturally for themselves, we give them a chance to educate their bodies through physical training in the schools."

"What would you do if you sat at a ball game for two hours and the seventh inning came along?" he asked. "You'd bet up and stretch, wouldn't you? Well, when it gets to be 2 o'clock in the afternoon a child is pretty well fagged out. The child, however, may not know enough to stretch itself, and formerly the teacher wouldn't allow it. But now, at 2 o'clock, throughout the city, every school child rises from its seat and goes through a two-minute drill which stretches its tired body and helps it to relax. That two minutes is taken away from study every day in every class room, and yet you will not find a single teacher who will not say that the loss of those two minutes is not amply recompensed in the added attention which the children pay to the lesson which follows the physical exercises."

ACQUIT ALLEGED LYNCHER.

Jury Frees Stoll, Accused of Share in Coatesville Burning.

WEST CHESTER, Penn., Oct. 6.—George Stoll, aged 16 years, the second of those charged with a share in the burning of the negro, Zack Walker, at Coatesville to be placed on trial was acquitted by the jury here this afternoon. A murmur of applause greeted the announcement of the verdict, which was made after the jury had been deliberating for one hour and four minutes.

Stoll as he left the courtroom was seized by his friends, some of whom had been called as witnesses against him, and was raised on their shoulders and carried in triumph through the main street.

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NEWS OF BOOKS

Contents of The New York Times Review of Books Published with To-morrow's Times.

America's Red Dawn.
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Britain's Busy Hand in Egypt.
An Egyptian Says There Is Still Time for England to be Graceful and Evacuate.

When's a Book Not a Book?
Boston Wanted to Know and New York Told Her—Interest in Irish Drama.

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BOOKS REVIEWED

Among the books which will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS are the following:

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN OF 1860. By Emerson David Fite, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of History in Yale University. New York: The Macmillan Co. $2.

THE BRIDE OF TWO KINGS: A Forgotten Tragedy of the Portuguese Court. By Edmund B. D'Auvergne. Imported by D. Appleton & Co.

THE FAIR QUAKER: Hannah Lightfoot and Her Relations with George III. By Mary L. Pendered. With fourteen illustrations. Imported by D. Appleton & Co.

THE REASON WHY. By Elinor Glyn. D. Appleton & Co. $1.50.

HILDA LESSWAYS. By Arnold Bennett. E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

THE NINE-TENTHS. By James Oppenheim. Harper & Brothers. $1.25.

ETHAN FROME. By Edith Wharton. Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.

UGANDA TO KHARTOUM. Life and Adventure on the Upper Nile. By Albert B. Lloyd. With a preface by Victor Buxton. With fifty-seven illustrations. Charles Scribner's Sons.

THE FRUITFUL VINE. By Robert Hichens. With frontispiece. Frederick A. Stokes Co. $1.40.

THE LAST GALLEY. Impressions and Tales. By Arthur Conan Doyle. With illustrations. Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.20.

IN THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS. By Duse Mohamed. New York: D. Appleton & Co.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

A catchword emanating from Mark Twain is, "Be virtuous and you will be eccentric." Another is that "there isn't a parallel of latitude but thinks it would have been the equator if it had had its rights." There is something peculiarly American in his warning to girls not to marry—that is, not to excess! To Prof. Henderson, Mark Twain made a remark likely to rank with the best of his sayings, now that it has been published. Prof Henderson was advised before undergoing a surgical operation, "Console yourself with the reflection that you are giving the doctor pleasure, and that he is getting paid for it!"

Of the hundreds of Twain sayings none is better known than one often attributed to Andrew Carnegie. "Put all your eggs in one basket—and then watch that basket."

Among the authors who will return to this country on the Mauretania, sailing Oct. 21, and due to arrive in New York Oct. 26, is Montague Glass, author of "Abe and Mawruss," to be brought out in book form this Fall. Mr. Glass and party will arrive but a short time after the publication of his new book. For the last two months he and Mrs. Glass have been at St. Malo, France, where the author of the Potash and Perlmutter stories has been at work.

A number of other authors now abroad are expected home within the month. Among them are Booth Tarkington, one of the leaders of the Hoosier writers; Mrs. Corra Harris, author of "The Circuit Rider's Wife" and "The Recording Angel"; James Hopper, now in Paris, author of "9009," and Frederick Townsend Martin, now in England, whose book "The Passing of the Idle Rich" was an early September publication.

Seumas MacManus, new editions of whose books on Ireland are announced by the publishers, will start shortly on a lecture tour, taking Ireland as his topic.

William Dean Howells, who is now in Spain, divided his Summer holiday so as to make it conclude with an Autumn trip abroad. After spending some time at Kittery Point, Me., Mr. Howells sailed late in the season with his daughter, and the time for his return to America has not yet been fixed. His going to Spain is largely to gratify the desire of years to revisit that country, which was the scene of his earliest wanderings. Whether or not the trip will yield a book Mr. Howells declares he is unable to tell.

Clara E. Laughlin, whose novel, "Children of To-morrow," a story of New York life, which involves in its plot people of all social grades, has just returned to this country from England. Her visit there has covered six weeks, and six very busy weeks. She has seen and talked to many of the literary celebrities in the British Isles, and has brought back with her a great many vivid impressions, which, it is said, are likely to form a book. She had one especially amusing experience—as guest at a literary garden party. One of the attractions of the afternoon was a Punch and Judy show, and the two onlookers immediately in front of Miss Laughlin were William De Morgan and Sir Sidney Colvin. The two were absorbed in the tragedy, especially Mr. De Morgan, who almost sobbed aloud when Punch's victims were laid out in the regulation row. "Now, don't tell me," he whispered anxiously to Sir Sidney, "that Punch is to be killed, too."

Mr. Richard Barry, whose magazine articles on woman suffrage have attracted attention, has been spending the Summer at Briarcliff-on-the-Hudson and in Virginia, where he has completed a new novel, "The Bauble," which his publishers hint involves the suffrage problem. Mr. Barry's articles have been translated into German by Prof. Dr. Franz Sigismund of Weimar, and are being widely read in Germany, where the question is much agitated.

Mrs. Blanche Shoemaker Wagstaff has returned from her travels in Africa and Sicily. Her new dramatic poem, "The Blue Grotto," is laid in the time of the Arab invasion of Sicily, and will be published in the early Winter. A Greek idyl "Hylas" and many translations will be included in the collection. "Alcestis," that was staged by the Coburn Players last December at the Hudson Theatre, will also appear in book form for Christmas.

Susan Glaspell, author of "Glory of the Conquered" and "The Visioning," has been camping in the wildest wilds of Temagami, among the Indians, exploring portions where a white woman has never been seen. At present she is at South Gloucester writing and sailing.

Samuel G. Smith, pastor of one of the leading Congregational churches of St. Paul, Minn., Professor of Sociology in the University of Minnesota, and author of "Social Pathology," which is to be published early in October, was appointed last Spring by the Governor of Minnesota as the citizen member of the State Board of Parole, which is engaged in working out a successful system for applying the principle of the indeterminate sentence. Dr. Smith has just returned from a Summer spent in visiting the principal prisons and making a study of criminology in the chief countries of Europe.

Bolton Hall spent the summer at Northeast Harbor, Me., in practically rewriting his book, "The Gift of Sleep," after it was in type. His "Questioning" brought so many points of interest and suggestions that it became necessary to give more attention to the psychological side of sleep phenomena. In this Mr. Hall has had the enthusiastic aid of Dr. Edward M. Weyer, Professor of Philosophy at Washington and Jefferson College. Prof. Weyer is deeply interested in physiology also, and is resting himself by a change of work at the United States Fisheries at Woods Hole, Mass.

The Rev. Anna Howard Shaw has written as follows to James Oppenheim:

"I took great interest in your novel, 'Wild Oats,' and I wish some plan could be devised for getting the book into the hands of every young man in the country, and of every young woman also. There is no subject upon which our people have so little correct information as the one with which you deal in that book, and, to my mind, there is nothing to-day which is threatening our National existence and our value as a people more than these conditions. The future will be greatly indebted to you for placing this subject in such a form that an ordinary person may be induced to read it, and, personally, I thank you."

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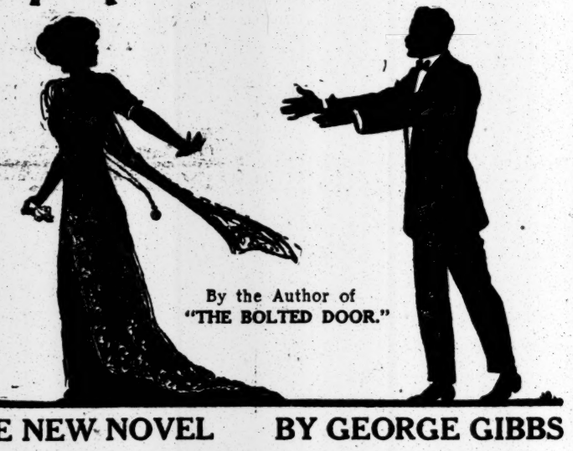

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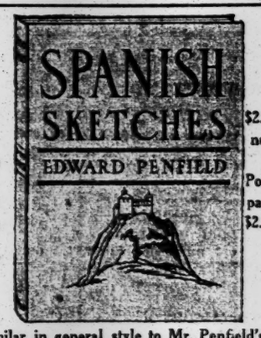

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SEEK TO END STRIKE BY ENFORCING LAWS

Illinois Central Counsel Suggests Injunctions, Damage Suits and Criminal Prosecutions.

NO CONCESSIONS BY ROADS

Gov. Noel's Arbitration Plan Not to be Considered—Violence at Southern Points.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.—There is no likelihood of arbitration to settle the differences between the Illinois Central and the striking shopmen, according to reports which came from the offices of the road to-day. The telegram from Gov. E. F. Noel of Mississippi, requesting that the Illinois Central meet the strikers half way, was discussed. No direct reply was made to the Executive, but the intimation was made that the request would not be considered further.

The legal department of the Illinois Central was busy to-day preparing applications for injunctions to be asked of Federal courts at various points affected by the strike. It was announced that wherever any attempt to interfere with the railroad's service or to damage its property was made an injunction would be asked. General Counsel Bleuett of the Illinois Central has mapped out three courses of action that might be taken against the leaders of the strikers.

These courses are:

1. Injunction against officials of the unions preventing them from further promotion of the strike.

2. Damage suits against the union officials under the Sherman anti-trust law.

3. Criminal prosecutions under the Sherman law.

The leading men to be affected by these courses of action are Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; John Fitzpatrick, President of the Chicago Federation of Labor; the International Presidents of the nine unions involved in the strike, and the heads of the System Federation.

The steps toward ending the strike were taken after reports of the death of four more men and the fatal injury of several others were received.

Friends of the four International Presidents who brought on the strike fear they will be prosecuted under the Anti-Trust act. No move has been made, however, to secure indictments against the international officers.

The Pennsylvania Central has offered to loan the Illinois Central 170 engines and the Northwestern 70 should they be needed. The offer was declined, however, by the Illinois Central officials.

Complications involving other railroads were foreseen to-day by Samuel Osten, District President of the Blacksmiths, as the result of the reported offer of railroads to loan locomotives to the Illinois Central.

"If rolling stock were loaned by these roads it could not be repaired in their shops without precipitating a strike there," he said. "Their shopmen would refuse to touch engines used by the Illinois Central."

W. L. Park, Vice President of the Illinois Central, states that business has not only returned to normal conditions, but is improved despite the unsettled labor trouble. He said to-day:

"New men are being employed and assigned to their duties as fast as they can be handled. There is no violence attempted, except in one or two Southern towns. Elsewhere the men are orderly and conducting their affairs in a business-like way. At McComb, where rioting occurred, there is a good force of men at work this morning and no disturbances. The State Fair at Springfield has occasioned heavy travel to that point which has been well handled."

A leader of the strike said: "Our men are sticking to us, and the railroads cannot get competent men to fill their places. We will win."

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—Following an assault at 11 o'clock to-day upon a brick building, in which are quartered 216 strike-breakers, 800 ex-employes of the Illinois Central Railroad Company and strike sympathizers, withdrew upon the approach of police reserves, and at noon declared a truce until to-morrow morning to permit the railroad company to comply with their demand to transport the strike-breakers out of the city.

Nearly the entire police reserve force of New Orleans is on guard in the railroad yards to-day to prevent a repetition of rioting, which yesterday and last night marked the Harriman lines strike. The forces of railroad detectives and Deputy United States Marshals were also increased.

Another day of rioting and bloodshed may force the Governor to take a hand with the State Guard, or eventually call out the Federal troops to enforce the injunction issued by the United States court.

Eight strikebreakers and a Deputy United States Marshal were wounded in yesterday's trouble with strikers and sympathizers. Five non-union men are in hospitals. Louis Lackauer of Brooklyn is believed to be fatally hurt.

Twelve strikebreakers, a half dozen strikers, and George Pence, a Roanoke, Va., detective, are in jail, charged with rioting. Pence and Arthur Copeland of Roanoke are accused of shooting Officer Roach of Algiers.

An Illinois Central coach and two coaches on the Southern Pacific Railroad were shot-riddled and stone-battered almost beyond use during the affrays. During the night other depredations were committed in the railroad yards.

McCOMB CITY, Miss., Oct. 6.—The Gulfport and Aberdeen companies of the National Guard, which arrived here yesterday and last night, left shortly before noon to-day on a special train for Water Valley, where there has been rioting growing out of the Illinois Central strike. A hospital corps will be picked up at Caledonia.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 6.—A temporary injunction restraining striking firemen and enginemen of the Georgia & Florida Railroad from interfering with the road's affairs was issued here this afternoon by Judge William B. Sheppard of the United States Circuit Court.

The strikers are ordered to show cause before the court on Oct. 16 why the temporary restraining order should not be made permanent.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 6.—Following the granting of a restraining order by Judge Sheppard to-day in the Georgia & Florida Railroad case, conferences were held at Douglas between citizens, officials of the road, and representatives of the strikers. What form of arbitration is proposed is not known here, but the President of the road has wired General Manager Turner to agree to arbitration under the Erdman act.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 6.—Dissatisfied with conditions about the Memphis shops, Illinois Central strikebreakers struck to-day, and to-night officials assert 100 were sent to Chicago. At strike headquarters it is declared more than 400 men walked out, practically the entire force. The walkout was without disorder.

FACTS ABOUT RABIES.

Public Health Doctor Names Those That Should Always Be Borne in Mind.

Dr. A. M. Stimson, Passed Assistant Surgeon, United State Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, read a paper in the section on preventive medicine and public health of the American Medical Association, at its recent session, on "Controlling Hydrophobia in the Human Subject," which is printed in the journal of the association, in which he says that these factors concerning the disease must be constantly borne in mind:

"Although all mammals are susceptible to rabies, it is perpetuated in nature almost exclusively by the domestic dog, but also to a small extent and a few localities by wild animals of the dog family and by skunks.

"Human infection occurs, in the vast preponderance of cases, directly from the rabid dog through bites, and in the remaining minority of cases from animals which in turn have received their infection from dogs.

"Rabies is an infectious disease, transmissible by bites from infected to healthy animals, and by other methods of inoculation with the specific virus. It never originates spontaneously or as a result of starvation, bad food or water, excitement, fear, or other like causes.

"Statistics from the most diverse parts of the world show that rabies is not confined to and not even markedly prevalent during any particular season of the year. It may flourish at any season.

"All parts of the world are potentially capable of harboring rabies. Climatic influences do not operate to its extinction.

"Under the present conditions of communication in the United States, physical barriers are insufficient to prevent the introduction of rabies into any State or Territory.

"Animals may be suffering from rabies and their saliva may be virulent for some days before symptoms become sufficiently marked to excite notice.

"Dogs suffering from furious rabies often have a tendency to run long distances, twenty-five miles or more being reported, often inoculating large numbers of other animals and persons en route, and carrying infection into previously rabies-free regions.

"Animals killed early in the course of rabies may fail to show unmistakable evidence of the disease on microscopic examination, and in this manner the diagnosis may be indefinitely delayed pending the result of inoculation tests.

"By means of the Pasteur treatment, promptly administered, immunity may be induced in exposed persons to the extent that a mortality of no more than 1 per cent. need be expected from rabid dog bites of the average severity."

WEAPONS IN PRISON TUNNEL.

Search at Dannemora Shows Discipline Was Slack—Opium Smuggled In.

Special to The New York Times.

DANNEMORA, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Clinton Prison officials have discovered a tunnel excavated under the laundry, half way to a sewer. It has been three years under construction, and scores of convicts knew of its existence, yet the secret was kept until Col. Scott, then new head of the State Prison Department ordered an investigation of every prison in the State.

After the tunnel was found a search was made of every convict in the prison. From the cells were taken two wagon-loads of nondescript stuff, including stilettos, hammers, monkey wrenches, blackjacks, fish poles—used for passing things from one cell to another—hundreds of knives and forks, and sand bags.

The tunnel under the laundry was started by two convicts named "Whitie" Roberts and George Willis. They could not make rapid progress because of the difficulty of disposing of the dirt, which they had to mix in small quantities with furnace ashes from the laundry.

A year ago work on the tunnel ceased. It was resumed by William F. Gillespie, a checker in the laundry. Its mouth was in a dark corner of the building, and was concealed by a drop curtain used to cover soiled linen. Gillespie is an educated man, and had worked out by algebra the exact angle at which the tunnel should be dropped to reach the sewer. He was assisted by a convict named Susdorf, and they continued at work until Sept. 25, when they discovered that the Warden knew what was happening.

Col. Scott's agents also discovered that the convicts were being supplied with morphine, arsenic, laudanum, and other drugs by hospital attendants, to whom it was shipped by ex-convicts. Dannemora discipline, it is claimed, has been slack for several years. A number of outbreaks have taken place, and the prisoners have been able to get possession of revolvers, or, failing them, have made ingenious pistols out of gas pipe loaded with match heads and slugs of lead.

NO SUNDAY FLYING; WOODRUFF YIELDS

Justice Garretson Declines to Enjoin the Sheriff from Interference.

MEET WILL END TO-DAY

Rodgers, In Transcontinental Flight, Held Up by Rain and Wind at Hammond, Ind.

Timothy L. Woodruff announced last night that the aviation meet will take place at the Nassau Boulevard field beginning at 3 o'clock this afternoon, according to programme.

Mr. Woodruff also stated that there will be no flying at Nassau Boulevard to-morrow, in conformity with Justice Garretson's decision that Sheriff De Mott could not be restrained from making arrests for violation of the Sunday laws.

The flying to-day will be the last of the season, unless arrangements are made during the coming week for the continuance of matinées on Saturdays during the remainder of this month. Grahame-White, Sopwith, Beattie, and the other noted fliers will take part in to-day's programme, which promises to be the most sensational and spectacular that has been seen this year at Nassau.

Mlle. Dutrieu, Miss Moisant, and Miss Quimby, it is announced, will make their farewell public appearance around New York for this season.

Justice Garretson refused to continue the temporary injunction to the officials of the Nassau Aviation Company restraining Sheriff De Mott from interfering with Sunday flying, and Mr. De Mott would have been free to make arrests if Timothy L. Woodruff and other officials had decided to continue Sunday exhibitions and to charge admission.

BEAUMONT HURT.

French Airman Breaks Leg in Testing Machine for French Army.

RHEIMS, France, Oct. 6.—While testing a new monoplane for the French Army to-day, Lieut. Conneau, who flies under the name of Andre Beaumont, met with a serious accident. In making a landing part of the frame of the machine struck the ground, and as the monoplane rebounded Lieut. Conneau was violently thrown out. The aviator suffered a broken leg and other injuries, but it is not believed he is mortally hurt.

Conneau is a Navy Lieutenant and has won such notable events as the Paris-to-Rome race, the European circuit, and the British circuit race.

RODGERS STILL AT HAMMOND.

Rain and Wind Prevent Aviator Flying to Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 6.—C. P. Rodgers, the Chicago aviator, who now leads in the coast-to-coast race, was prevented from adding more mileage to his record to-day. Rodgers had planned to fly the twenty-five miles between Hammond, Ind., and Grant Park, but on account of the weather conditions was forced to postpone his attempt to cross the State line until the rain and wind subsided.

Despite the weather, crowds gathered on the lake front early awaiting the first glimpse of the aviator. It was not until late in the afternoon that Rodgers decided he would not fly.

"The wind currents are too dangerous," was the message Rodgers sent after all hope that the wind might subside had vanished. "Weather permitting, I will make my start early to-morrow and arrive in Chicago before noon."

AEROPLANE TURNS TURTLE.

Judge Woods and Son Hurt at Parkersburg, W. Va.

PARKERSBURG, West Va., Oct. 6.—Judge Homer B. Woods of the Circuit Court was slightly injured and his son, Homer B. Woods, Jr., was seriously hurt to-day at Harrisville when an aeroplane which young Woods had constructed collapsed.

Judge Woods had assisted his son to start the machine, which rose rapidly to a height of thirty-five feet and then turned turtle.

ARMY AVIATORS TO COMPETE.

Contests Planned for Opening of Rockingham Country Club.

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—Three United States Army aviators, having been granted permission by Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commanding the Department of the East, will participate in an aviation meet at Salem, N. H., to mark the opening of the new Rockingham Country Club at Rockingham Park on Thursday, Oct. 12.

The aviators are Capt. P. W. Beck, Lieut. A. H. Arnold, and Lieut. T. D. Milling.

WIRELESS ACROSS PACIFIC.

Messages Pass Between San Francisco and Japan, 6,000 Miles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—Wireless communication between this city and Japan, a distance of 6,000 miles, was established yesterday. This is the first time that a wireless message has been received across the Pacific Ocean.

When the operator at Hillcrest station caught the signals he made them out to be the call for the Chive Maru, a steamer that is due to-day at Honolulu. He answered the signal and learned that the call came from the Japanese wireless station on Hokushu Island, in the northern part of the Japanse archipelago. The operators exchanged messages for some time.

TOBACCO PLAN DELAYED.

Curb Brokers Take a Chance and Deal in New Bonds, "When Issued."

The plan of the American Tobacco Company for its disintegration was not filed in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. It may be filed to-day and may be delayed until next week. No definite statement was forthcoming from the company beyond what has been said for several days about difficulty in getting it corrected and printed in final form.

Although nothing more definite than rumor is authority for the belief that 5 and 7 per cent. bonds are to be issued by the P. Lorillard Company and the Liggett & Myers Company, two of the three new companies among which it is proposed to distribute the business of the American Tobacco Company, and that these new bonds will be issued in exchange for the securities of the parent company, Curb brokers took a chance on the outcome yesterday and began a market for the new bonds, when issued.

The P. Lorillard 5s were most in demand, and contracts involving $85,000 par value changed hands at prices ranging up from 90¼ to 92. The Liggett & Myers 5s sold $10,000 at 91, and the P. Lorillard 7s sold $10,000 at 120.

AWAITING TOBACCO PLAN.

Independents Not to Act Until Terms of Dissolution Are Known.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 6.—"What action is the Independent Tobacco Manufacturers' Association going to take for a more complete dissolution of the Tobacco Trust?" was the question put to William T. Reed, Vice President of the independent association to-day. Mr. Reed, who is an official of the Larus Brothers Company, said:

"The independent manufacturers are not presuming that the Supreme Court's order will not be carried out satisfactorily to the independents, and for that reason we are not active in the matter.

"We are not fully cognizant of the plans of dissolution, which, it was said, would be made to-day, but so far have not been announced. When the plans are made public, and if they do not treat the independents right, we will take proper action in court.

"The Independent Tobacco Manufacturers' Association meets only once a year, in January, and there has been no call for a special meeting of the Executive Committee.

"Several of the independents in New York named me as a member of a committee to take up the matter of the dissolution of the trust, but I declined the honor until I had some knowledge of the plans of the court for the trust's dissolution."

DENIES WALL PAPER BOYCOTT

W. A. Huppuch Says "Trust" Story Is Absurd.

ALBANY, Oct. 6.—Public Service Commissioner Winfield A. Huppuch gave out to-day a statement regarding his indictment in Cleveland for a violation of the anti-Sherman law in connection with other indictments growing out of a combination in restraint of trade in the wall paper business. The statement follows in part:

"This matter was based upon a complaint made by Frank Hall of Pittsburgh that certain jobbers and manufacturers had met and decided not to sell their goods to five and ten cent stores. This allegation has positively no basis, the facts being that upon the date which Mr. Hall states the meeting referred to was held there were no five and ten cent wall paper stores in existence other than the stores which he ran.

"The intimation that this action has been taken against a wall paper trust is so ridiculous that it is hardly worth attention were it not made with the idea of misleading people who are not acquainted with the facts. There is no wall paper dealer in the United States, large or small, who cannot testify as to the absurdity of his charge."

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—Thomas J. Roche, Secretary of the wall paper manufacturing firm of Carey Brothers, who was before the Federal Grand Jury at Cleveland in the case against the wall paper manufacturers, charging a conspiracy in restraint of trade in violation of the anti-trust law, said to-day:

"It is true that I testified before the Grand Jury, but I was not the only witness, nor were the indictments made on my evidence."

Thomas W. Barlow, counsel for the Carey Brothers, said Mr. Roche had done nothing one way or another for which the Government should grant him an immunity bath.

Costly Brewery Team Goes Overboard

A pair of horses, valued at $1,500, harnessed to a brewery truck of the S. Liebmann's Sons Brewing Company of Williamsburg, became uneasy on the Roosevelt Street ferryboat Oregon while the boat was in the slip at the foot of Broadway, Williamsburg, yesterday, and before James Burns, the driver, could check them they broke through the guard rail, plunged overboard, and sank with the truck. A wrecking tug recovered the truck. Many kegs of beer were lost.

Moonshiner of 30 Years' Standing.

Internal Revenue Agent Sinset led a raid yesterday afternoon on an alleged illicit distillery at 333 East 101st Street, which Mendel Yam is accused of running. He was arrested and held by Commissioner Shields in $3,000 bail for examination on Tuesday. The Government agents say that he has been making contraband liquor for thirty years.

Arrest Postal Clerk for Theft.

As the result of an investigation of thefts of money from letters passing through the Post Office at Newark, Inspectors Holtby and Brigham of Jersey City arrested last night Ross Estelle, a substitute night clerk. The prisoner is 24 years old and was married a short time ago.

MICHIGAN COPPER MERGER ABANDONED

Hyams and Chadbourne Win Fight Against Plan of Calumet and Hecla Directors.

COMPANY'S STOCK GOES UP

Prospect of Long Litigation Given as Reason for Abandonment—Nine Companies Involved.

BOSTON, Oct. 6.—A little band of minority stockholders in a couple of smaller companies who instituted court proceedings in Michigan are responsible for the abandonment announcement to-day of the proposed merger of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, one of the richest copper companies in the country, with nine subsidiary companies.

On the local stock market the entire Calumet group advanced sharply to a close that was the highest in weeks.

The Directors of the Calumet, Quincy A. Shaw, Rodolpho L. Agassiz, Francis W. Hungewell, Francis L. Higginson, and James MacNaughton, in making known the abandonment, stated that the reason was the uncertainty as to when the final decision in the various suits now pending would be rendered, and also that the officials would be obliged to sacrifice much time in case the litigation was continued.

The companies which it was proposed to consolidate with the Calumet and Hecla were the Seneca, Ahmeek, Allouez, Osceola, Centennial, Tamarack, Laurium, La Salle, and Superior. All but the Laurium had voted in favor of the merger, and the Directors in their statement to-day announced that at the Laurium meeting on Nov. 16, when the merger comes up for action in that company, they would vote the Calumet holdings against the proposition.

The Directors declare in a circular to the stockholders that the valuation of the property of the parent company is held to be conservative and fully borne out by the actual conditions, and the stockholders are assured that there is no cause for uneasiness.

The merger plan was announced on Jan. 2, 1911. It was proposed to form a new company under the Michigan laws, to have the same title and a capital of $10,000,000.

There was opposition from the first announcement and litigation began in a few days in the Michigan courts. Some of it was settled, but there are many suits and questions of permanent injunctions still awaiting disposition in the United States courts. Several of the suits were instituted by G. M. Hyams, formerly associated with the Bigelow mining properties, while another strong opponent was the late Thomas L. Chadbourne of Houghton, Mich. Waldemar A. Chadbourne subsequently joined in opposing litigation.

The plan was not received with favor on the Stock Exchange, and, although a committee reported in favor with qualifications, Calumet and Hecla dropped from 550 to 360, while there were declines in the stocks of all the smaller companies.

With the announcement of the abandonment of the merger, Calumet rose to 399½ and Osceola advanced to 93. The entire copper list followed the upward move.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Saturday and Sunday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North Carolina—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair, somewhat cooler; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly Sunday.

South Carolina—Fair Saturday. Sunday, fair, somewhat cooler in the interior; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Georgia—Fair Saturday. Sunday, fair, somewhat cooler in northern portion; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Florida—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light, variable winds, except moderate northwesterly in northwest portion.

Alabama—Fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly cooler in northern portion; light to moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Mississippi—Fair Saturday, except showers and cooler in the afternoon or night in northern and central portions. Sunday, fair; moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Louisiana—Fair Saturday, except showers and cooler in the afternoon or night in northern portion. Sunday, fair; light to moderate southerly winds on the coast.

Eastern Texas—Fair in southern, local showers in northern portion Saturday; cooler in the interior. Sunday fair; moderate southeast to south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Fair Saturday; local showers at night or Sunday, except fair in southeast portion; slightly warmer Sunday.

Utah—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair Saturday; moderate temperature. Sunday fair, slightly warmer.

Arkansas—Local showers and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

Tennessee—Fair in eastern, local showers and cooler in western portion Saturday afternoon or night. Sunday fair, cooler in eastern portion.

Kentucky—Showers, probably thunder storms and cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

Ohio—Thunder showers and cooler Saturday, with brisk to moderately high north to northwest winds. Sunday fair and cooler.

Indiana—Saturday showers; cooler in extreme southern portion; moderate to brisk north to northwest winds. Sunday fair.

Illinois—Showers Saturday; cooler in southern portion; moderate to brisk northerly winds. Sunday fair, slightly warmer.

Lower Michigan—Cloudy Saturday; showers in southern portion. Sunday fair, slightly warmer; moderate to brisk northerly winds, becoming variable Sunday.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; slightly warmer Sunday; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Wisconsin—Fair Saturday, preceded by showers in southern portion. Sunday fair, slightly warmer; moderate northerly winds, becoming variable.

Minnesota—Fair Saturday. Sunday fair, slightly warmer; moderate northerly winds becoming variable.

Iowa, Nebraska, and South Dakota—Fair Saturday. Sunday fair, warmer.

Missouri—Fair Saturday; cooler in eastern portion. Sunday fair; warmer in western portion.

North Dakota—Fair, slightly warmer Saturday. Sunday fair.

PLAN $30,000,000 MERGER.

New York Trust Companies to Finance Alabama Coal-Iron Consolidation.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 6.—The Manufacturers' Record will say that a $30,000,000 consolidation of iron and steel and coal interests in Alabama "of great magnitude and far-reaching importance, bringing into the development of that district great financial forces not heretofore identified with it, is now rapidly materializing through plans which have been worked out for the final completion of the merger of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company and the Southern Iron and Steel Company.

"The committee which now has this consolidation in hand and which to-day completed many of the details represents some of the strongest institutions in New York, and many of the members have never before been identified in any way with the development of the iron and steel interests of the South. The committee also represents leading financial interests of England and Canada. This committee, which has finally organized through a combination of two committees that have been at work on the matter for months, comprises:

"Cecil A. Grenfel, Chairman; Alexander J. Hemphill, President of the Guaranty Trust Company; John W. Platton, President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company; Edwin G. Merrill, President of the Union Trust Company; Benjamin Strong, President of the Bankers' Trust Company; Harry Bronner of Halgarten & Co., bankers; M. N. Melville, President of the Canadian Northern Railroad; S. H. Voorhees, general counsel; Samuel Untermyer, and Albert Rathbone.

"The depository will be in the Bankers' Trust Company of New York. A voting trust for the new securities will be composed of Cecil A. Grenfel, Pliny Fisk of Harvey Fisk & Co., Henry L. Melville, President of the Canadian Northern Railroad; Alexander J. Hemphill, President of the Union Trust Company, and Edwin G. Merrill, President of the Union Trust Company."

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THE term "consulting engineer" does not fit the case exactly, but it will serve the temporary purpose of this article. There are some three or four different kinds of service which are to be mentioned, and no satisfactory designation which would cover them all has come to hand.

One of these forms of service may best be illustrated by a personal experience. One day last January two members of the Board of Education of the City of Baltimore came into my office in Washington. The problem which concerned them was quickly stated. Controversy relating to the public schools had reached an acute stage in Baltimore. The recently reorganized School Board was desirous of getting an impartial opinion regarding their system. As one of my visitors said: "If the schools are all right, we want to be told that they are, so that we can get the community together again in support of them. If they are all wrong we want to be told, so that we may go in for a general reorganization. If they are part right and part wrong we want the specifications on both sides, so that we may keep the good and reform the bad." They were seeking a report which should be non-partisan and expert, and should show in detail how the schools of Baltimore compared with those of other American cities.

It was easy to make clear to these visitors that an expert opinion is not to be had as yet concerning an educational situation, in the same sense that it may be had in several other fields. If it had been a question regarding the construction of a bridge, the purity of the milk or water supply, the solvency of a bank of deposit, the diagnosis and treatment of a case of suspected hookworm or tuberculosis, the competent man or commission could be quickly found, very likely in one of the Federal offices at Washington, who could render an opinion, which, up to a small marginal percentage, should be correct beyond question, and would be accepted everywhere by those who know the subject. Such close approximation to finality is not possible in a report on an educational question. The very complexity, human-naturalness, ideality, of the problem puts such exactitude out of the question.

But it was possible to add that there is a good deal of what is worth while that can be done in this field, and a good deal more than was possible ten or twenty years ago. Comparisons between different city school systems, while they are still inexact and liable to all manner of misleading interpretation, can be made with more certainty than was attainable even three or four years ago, because of improvements in our statistical reports.

The conversation with the Baltimore men, while it may have moderated their expectations, confirmed their belief that a really useful and informing report on their schools was obtainable. The outcome was that a commission of three members was formed for the purpose, consisting of the Professor of Education in the Leland Stanford University, the Superintendent of the City Schools of Indianapolis, and the Federal Commissioner of Education, who were to be assisted by two other members of the staff of the Bureau of Education. They made their observations and inquiries in Baltimore, instituted comparisons with other cities, and rendered a report, which was published by the Bureau of Education in the latter part of June.

This commission found itself confronted at the outset by a lack of precedents. There have been a few inquiries into the school systems of different cities, by locally constituted committees. Baltimore itself presented an example, that of the "Latrobe Commission," appointed in 1877. But the available reports of such bodies, while of undoubted value for the times and conditions to which they belonged, could not offer much of guidance for such an inquiry as is called for at this time. The report of Prof. Paul Hanus on the schools of Montclair, N. J., was before us in only fragmentary form. There are generally accessible reports by Prof. S. S. Laurie of Edinburgh on certain parochial schools of Scotland, but these not only relate to conditions very different from our own, but they were published a generation and more ago. Much more recent and of greater value are the reports on education in some of the cities of England by Dr. Michael E. Sadler, but these, too, could not serve as models for our inquiry.

It became evident that our work must be not only to survey, analyze, and suggest improvements in the Baltimore school situation, but also, in some measure, to block out a procedure for inquiries and reports of this character as they may be undertaken in other cities. While we made no claim to scientific expertness, and entered upon our task rather as students and practitioners of education, it seemed clear that the essay, if even moderately successful, must blaze some trails for the work of more expert consultants in the educational field, whose service will undoubtedly be in demand within this generation.

After the possible field of such an inquiry had been roughly mapped out under eleven divisions, attention was concentrated upon one of these, that relating to the system of supervision and teaching, and upon certain others closely related thereto, as the financial support of the system, upon which some of the most needed improvements were found to depend. Under each of the topics considered the attempt was made to set forth the historical development and present condition of school organization, with some appraisement of the system, as compared with that of other cities. It was the constant endeavor of the commission to abstain from the expression of mere private opinion, and to deal in the main with those things which could be treated as matters-of-fact; and the most informing treatment of these matters of fact which was available was the comparison with corresponding facts relating to other systems.

Examples of such comparison, taken here and there from different divisions of the report of the commission, are the following:

The ratio of school expenditures to the total expenditures of the City Government. The table and diagram covering thirteen of the larger cities of the country, but not all of the largest cities, show this ratio ranging from 20 per cent. in San Francisco to 37 per cent. in Minneapolis, with Baltimore at 24 per cent.

The ratio of the number of teachers to the number of supervising officers in the eighteen largest cities of the country. The number of teachers to one supervising officer ranges from 11 in San Francisco, Cincinnati, and New Orleans, to 32 in Baltimore and 39 in Washington, with New York reported at 18.

The proportionate allotment of school time to the older subjects, such as reading, writing, spelling, with other subjects in English, arithmetic, geography, and history; and to the newer subjects, sometimes known as the frills and fads. Here a comparison of twelve of the largest cities shows the percentage of time devoted to the older subjects ranging from 52 in Chicago and 62 in New York to 81 in Pittsburgh and 83 in Detroit, with Baltimore in the middle ground, at 77 per cent. A more detailed comparison regarding arithmetic and geography shows significant differences. The percentage of time devoted to arithmetic (and algebra) ranges from 10 in Chicago and 13 in New York to 18 in Baltimore, Pittsburgh, and Cincinnati, with the average at 15.8. Twenty years earlier, in 1890, the range was from 9 in Chicago to 26 in New York, with the average at 16.5. As regards the proportionate amount of time devoted to geography, the range this year is from a little over 4 per cent. in Chicago, and a little over 6 per cent. in New York and three other cities, to 9 per cent. in Pittsburgh and 11 per cent. in Baltimore, with the average a little over 7 per cent. In the year 1890 the corresponding range for geography was from less than 3 per cent. in New York and less than 5 per cent. in Chicago to nearly 9 per cent. in St. Louis, Detroit, and San Francisco, with the average at 6½ per cent.

These few examples are sufficient to give some indication of the ways in which those making a special study of a public school system find it possible to-day to show where that system stands, in its formal organization and direction, as related to the norms of current practice.

This, to be sure, is only a starting point for an estimate of the real vitality and efficiency of such a system. The Baltimore commission did not limit itself to statistical or other colorless statements of bare facts. It recognized, and all engaged in such undertakings must eventually recognize, the larger fact that the sentiments, the aspirations, the moral convictions of a people must be reckoned with in judging of their schools; and that the judgment, to be worth anything, must represents not only precise measurements but also a view of life, a view of human society, and an organized conception of training for life in society. The accomplished consulting engineer in education when he shall appear, will be equipped not only with an apparatus and formulae for pedagogic measurements but also with a philosophy of education and of life.

The present purpose, however, is to emphasize the fact side of his work. For he cannot be an engineer of any sort without a mastery of this side. It is his facts that are to keep him from being simply a doctrinaire and a disseminator of his private opinions, and it is because progress is making in the determination of such facts that the consulting educator can begin to speak with some little confidence of scientific standards in his domain.

Before leaving this part of the subject, which has to do particularly with the criticism of city school systems, reference should be made to the large undertaking upon which Prof. Hanus has entered in the City of New York. Here is by all odds the most extensive experiment which has yet been made in this country in the expert investigation of the school organization of a great city. New York is nearly nine times as large as Baltimore. The fund available for this investigation is twenty-five times as great as that which the Baltimore commission had at its disposal. And while the Baltimore inquiry, from the time it was ordered by the School Board to the day of the issuance of the reports in its final form, occupied almost exactly five months of the time of men constantly crowded with other duties, it will in all likelihood take two or three years of close application on the part of men making this their main occupation to complete the examination of the New York system.

Whatever its significance for the New York schools, this inquiry should result in giving definite form to the procedure of the consulting educator, in so far as that functionary shall have to do with the city systems of schools. It should show with great concreteness what are to-day the most widely recognized forms of city school administration. There can be little doubt that under Prof. Hanus's direction the undertaking will have this outcome.

The fact-side of education in bulk, as that of a city school system, depends at many points upon ascertained facts regarding the education of individuals. The past year has given us at least one work of importance relating to the more precise determination of facts concerning individual development, namely, Prof. G. M. Whipple's "Manual of Mental and Physical Tests." This book, in a way, marks an epoch in the progress of objective methods in the formation of educational judgments. It brings together the results already attained in this field. It sets off the mental test for educational purposes from the experimentation of the psychological laboratory. It makes a serious attempt to standardize the rules and methods of such tests. The fifty examples which occupy the body of the work apply these general principles to definite cases.

The cases are representative of many fields with which education has to do. We find here, for instance, a treatment of such familiar topics as the height and weight of children, strength and endurance of grip, "vital capacity," rate of movement, and steadiness of motor control. There is a review of the common tests of sight and hearing, and the various forms of sensory discrimination which are chiefly of interest as connected with the use of the hands. Various tests of attention, association, imagination, and invention are included, the memory experiments which have followed on the classic work of Ebbinghaus, and the vocabulary studies to which Stanley Hall gave an early impetus. Finally, there is an important chapter on the standard tests for the diagnosis of mental backwardness. Reference is had to such progressive activity in this field on the part of European investigators, as that of Meumann; and the work of American students within the past few years, such as that of Bagley, Boas, Dearborn, Kirkpatrick, Seashore, Smedley, and Thorndike, with many others, is given due consideration.

Reference is made to Whipple's work for the reason that it represents the gradual growth of a literature on which the consulting engineer in education may lean in his efforts to deal expertly with educational facts. Other materials, such as the Stone tests in arithmetic and the Thorndike tests in penmanship, may be mentioned here as having wide application in the teaching of large bodies of children

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Very different from the foregoing, but not without relation to it, is the special examination of institutions of higher education with which the educational public has become familiar of late. The Carnegie Foundation has made the most conspicuous advances in this field, and Mr. Flexner's report on medical schools which they published a year or two ago is a notable example of the new endeavor to report concretely and expertly on cases in professional school administration. The General Education Board has made original studies of great importance which have not yet been made public. In a quiet way the Secretaries and other officers dealing with the details of university administration are conferring regarding standards of expertness in their field. Mr. Birdseye's prophetic books have helped to make for such efforts a sentiment and a constituency. A particularly notable book of the past year in this field is that on the "Administration of the College Curriculum," by President William T. Foster of Reed College, Oregon. "It was the hope of increasing the proportion of fact," says Dr. Reed in his preface, "indeed, the urgent necessity for scientific guidance in pressing problems of administration—that prompted" the studies reported in this book.

The consulting engineer for colleges and universities has within the past year appeared in the Federal Bureau of Education at Washington. An interesting account of the beginnings of his work appeared not long ago in The Boston Transcript. Dr. C. Babcock, who is the first incumbent of the position of "specialist in higher education," has brought to his work the results of wide experience and study, and he has found an interesting task confronting him. Numerous questions flow into the bureau respecting the equipment, teaching, and standards of various American colleges and universities. In large part these are serious inquiries for serious purposes. Sometimes they come from the responsible heads of such institutions, who desire an expert and impartial judgment regarding their own standards and methods. It is obvious that competent objective criticism in this domain—both unfavorable and constructive criticism—may be made to serve greatly the educational interests of the country. And here again a good piece of work, such as is now well assured, will not only meet the immediate need, but will also contribute to the perfecting of the instruments and the processes of inquiry to be employed by all competent advisers concerning the administration of schools and colleges.

There is another practical outcome to which the whole of this article points. To present it most clearly, we should cut loose from the title of the article, which has already been shown to be a makeshift, and resort to some other analogy. What we come to is this: That there is need in every large community of an educational clinic. Perhaps we may best use a group of analogies, and say there is need of an office which shall be for educational matters, at once a clinic, an office of consulting engineers, an art commission—for education is an art—and a teachers' exchange. In a general way such purposes as these are served by the Bureau of Education at Washington and the Education Department at Albany. But not many can go to those offices in person. Such an office as is here suggested should be one to which a parent might take a backward or otherwise exceptional child, and receive competent advice concerning the child's present advancement and limitations, and the places where he may best receive the nurture that is needed. To the same office a teacher might go to find out what are the results of the most recent experiments in this or that method of teaching; or a Superintendent or member of a board of education to learn what has been reliably ascertained regarding some disputed point in education administration. A parent who is dissatisfied with his children's school, whether public or private, could find there either ammunition for his warfare or plain facts to set him right if he is simply misinformed. The innumerable questions regarding fitting school or college for John or Jane, could there be answered, in so far as they are merely questions of fact. And something of illumination could be added to the bare information in all of these cases, if the masters of the office should have a little of the seer in them as well as the scientist.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 7, 1911.

PORTENTS OF THE BUDGET.

According to Controller PRENDERGAST the estimates of the departments indicate an increase in the budget of 23 per cent., to an unprecedented total of $215,000,000. There will be no such calmness in the receipt of this intelligence as there was in the announcement of the tax valuations, and there ought not to be. The valuations were increased in a workmanlike manner, in marked contrast to the similar operation in Mayor Low's time. Then there was merely a horizontal increase, falling on overvaluations and undervaluations alike, the increase in Manhattan being fourfold the increase in some other boroughs. The crudity of this method of getting a credit to spend was masked by the fact that the tax rate fell from 22.73 to 14.13. There will be no such happy sequel to the recent increases. All that is left to break the blow this year is the fact that the increases of this year and last have been availed of to make the burden bear more evenly. There has been both intelligence and equity in an equalization against which there has been a minimum of protest this year because of the appreciation that an effort was made for justice as well as for a mere increase of debtmaking capacity.

If the announcement of the budget is not to be followed by vain recriminations it is necessary to study every step by which it is made up, to apply a check to all avoidable expenses, and to make a debit against all responsible for the inclusion of them. The item of four millions for the direct State tax payable by the city is a matter of State administration necessitated by Republican extravagance, the burdens of which are felt under a Democratic Government. There are certain mandatory salary increases for which the city administration is not responsible, although it must find the cash. There are eight millions of uncollected taxes which must now be funded, and there are certain current expenses which hereafter are to be included in maintenance instead of being defrayed by bonds. Horse feed and band concerts and pavements are expensive when bought by bonds on which the interest charge is larger than the price paid. It is necessary to admit that it is expensive to be straightforward in matters of accounting.

Those now in responsible positions are to be praised rather than blamed for correcting the excesses and errors of their predecessors, but they should be held to strict responsibility for their own acts, and it is easy to indicate how they are making the ways of the taxpayer rougher than is necessary. An example is afforded by the proposal broached yesterday to condemn the Steinway Tunnel by proceedings to be begun in a week. If the tunnel shall be bought forcibly under the forms of law it will cost unnecessarily dear, and the city cannot put it to the best use. Proposals have heretofore been made by which this tunnel might be put to the best use it is capable of without cost to the city or to the taxpayers, and it is the rejection of these proposals that now leads to a plan to swell the city's financial burdens.

In principle the same thing is true regarding the entire subway project which is now under way on a plan that commits the city to an expenditure of a quarter billion dollars on which it takes all the risk. It seems hardly credible that this plan shall be proceeded with in the condition of the city's finances when a better plan might be had without a cent's cost to the city. The city is immeasurably the gainer by the present Subway contract. By the time that the road comes to the city as a freehold possession for nothing its cost will have been equaled by the increase of taxes which the city has collected because of the Subway. A billion of dollars has been added to the tax valuations, with a rate rising to the old burdensome figures, and only a beginning has been made on a plan to prevent the repetition of our fortunate experience under Rapid Transit Contract No. 1. No taxpayer should forget this addition to his woes. And no farepayer should forget that the accommodations thus to be furnished will be incurably defective. No lavishness by taxpayers can cure an irremediable defect of route. And this road to trouble is being taken without any binding obligation that the plan will be executed, even with all its defects.

There is room for endless complications at every step of this way to swell the taxes. Those pressing this plan are making every effort to postpone and evade the inevitable crisis. The response should be an equally vigorous effort to precipitate the crisis, or at least to perfect the plan. No credits should pass unchallenged until the route is perfected and the contracts are made. If there is any trouble about those points now is the best time to face them. It will be a blessing in disguise if the mounting of the valuations and the budget and the tax rate should compel attention to these points. It has been said that the art of taxation consists in gathering the most feathers from a goose with least squawking. If the squawking becomes intolerable the bungling of the city's finances will not have been wasted.

"DIRECT GOVERNMENT" DELUSION.

There is probably no man in public life more thoroughly informed as to the practical working of our system of representative government than Mr. SAMUEL MCCALL of Massachusetts. He has been for some twenty years in Congress, where he has had an active part in some of the most important and most difficult legislation. Previously he was a member for some years of the State Legislature of Massachusetts. He is a lawyer by profession, has had his experience in journalism, is a writer and student in political history, and is highly respected for the care and candor with which he forms his judgments and the independence with which he holds and discusses them. He contributes to the current number of The Atlantic Monthly an informing article on "Representative as Against Direct Government," in which he examines the essential features and the practical working of the "initiative," the "referendum," and the "recall."

We shall not undertake to summarize his article. It should be read carefully by all who wish to have a clear notion of the changes now so eagerly advocated in various parts of the country. We content ourselves with noting one or two interesting points. Mr. MCCALL hits the nail on the head when he characterizes these measures as the reverse of "progressive," and as, in fact, reactionary, in the sense that they are in essence old notions that have been tried and found wanting, and that belong to the earlier and simpler stages of democracy. In point of practical utility they compare with the truly representative system, very much as the oxcart compares with the railway train. They are clumsy; they are costly; they are unequal to the task imposed on them; and the larger the task, the more sure they are to do more harm than good. The instance cited by Mr. MCCALL, in which the voters of Oregon approved at one election two inconsistent and mutually destructive modes of regulating the salmon fisheries, making illegal both modes of fishing previously used, is only an extreme one. The overloading of the attention and reflection of the voters with numerous propositions, to the utter dulling of all sense of responsibility, is the inevitable consequence of the extensive application of the idea of the initiative and the referendum.

It is true that the present movement for "popular" government has its origin in the abuses that have grown up in connection with the representative system. These abuses, for the most part, are due to the greed of some of those who make a business of politics, who have managed to seize the machinery of representation and pervert it to their own ends. But they have been able to do this largely because the voters have been confused and distracted by having too many names and too many claims submitted to their decision at the polls. The measures seeking "direct" government, so far from lessening this evil, greatly increase it. Instead of adding to the power of the people, they make it harder to use what power they have. Instead of simplifying the process of election, they muddle it. In place of voiding risks they multiply them. And so far from restricting the field of activity for the professionals in politics, they widen the field and make of politics a calling that the professionals alone can be expected to follow with success.

It is to be remembered, also, that we now have in actual use all that can be regarded as practical in the proposed measures. The "initiative" is at the disposal of any body of citizens who think that their ideas, put in practice, would be of use to the State. And it has often been employed. The present civil service system, so far as it embraces the principle of fitness tested by competition, is the fruit of a purely voluntary organization of citizens of various States, whose labors have been persistent and intelligent, and who brought public opinion to their support. The pure food and drug laws are the fruit of similar effort. The resumption of specie payments and the defeat of free silver and greenbackism were largely due to like agitation which passed beyond all party lines and embraced the majority of the Nation. The referendum is applied to all amendments of the State and National Constitutions and to the assumption, in most States, of public indebtedness. And the recall exists only too widely, available at intervals of from one to four years, or, in the case of the judiciary, at longer periods. Would it not be far better to improve the use of the facilities we have for direct government, guarding them against error, than to set up extravagant and impracticable forms fraught with inevitable risks?

TAMMANY'S CONSISTENCY.

There is a brazen consistency in Tammany's refusal to pander to the better lement. There were two Democratic Assemblymen from Kings, Mr. TERRY and Mr. FRY, who had the independence and the courage to disobey MURPHY in the Senatorship contest and in the vote on the Charter. So MCCOOEY, who is a mere henchman of MURPHY'S, refused the renomination to these two Assemblymen. In the Twenty-ninth District of Manhattan Mr. HAROLD J. FRIEDMAN, who was one of the insurgents in the Senatorship contest and who was the only Manhattan Democratic Assemblyman who voted against the Charter, has not been renominated. To be sure, Mr. FRIEDMAN announced that he did not desire a renomination, since he was warned by the extraordinary length of this year's session of the Legislature that a public career made too great demand upon a young's man's time, but it is well known that Tammany would not have renominated him anyway. Mr. FRIEDMAN was elected by Republican votes in that Republican district. His independence and his demonstrated capacity for public service should have insured his renomination, and a party organization conducted for other than purely private ends would, no doubt, have been able to persuade him to continue a career begun with such high promise. But Mr. FRIEDMAN is not the kind of man Mr. MURPHY wants in the Assembly.

Tammany wears no mask. It is confident of its strength, of its dominance, and spurns disguises. The setting aside of Assemblymen of the quality of FRIEDMAN, TERRY, and FRY is a notice to the public that Tammany's thinking is done under Mr. MURPHY'S hat. He wants slaves at Albany, he demands cringing obedience, and no questions asked. Such a policy is perfectly consistent with the aims and purposes of Mr. MURPHY'S organization. Obviously his purposes would be ill-served by men who had wills and consciences of their own. Defiance of orders is troublesome, it endangers the passage of such measures as the Charter, drawn up entirely in the Tammany interest, not in the public interest. Of course the canceling out of the names of these independent Assemblymen advertises the fact that the men nominated are trustworthy; that is, they are not men but slaves, mere tools of MURPHY. The acceptance of a nomination from MURPHY now is equivalent to a renunciation of manhood, to a disclaimer of any intention of acting and voting according to the dictates of individual conscience. The Manhattan and Kings delegations to the Assembly will be MURPHY'S chain gang.

RETURN OF MARY ANDERSON.

The announcement that MARY ANDERSON (Mrs. NAVARRO) is returning to this country, not, indeed, to resume her professional career, but to be present at the first performance of a play which she has helped to write, and, therefore, on a theatrical mission, will be received with much interest. Although more than twenty-one years have elapsed since Miss ANDERSON'S retirement from the stage, it is a fact that she is well remembered here, and her noteworthy theatrical career in still a frequent subject of conversation. She has revisited her native land, we believe, several times, but never before has her visit been associated in any way with the theatre. Now she comes to lend her distinguished presence to a first performance which has been very skillfully advertised, and which will have several other features of extraordinary interest; wherefore, her return will have some theatrical significance.

In the circumstances, it will not be amiss to direct attention to the recurrence, in the English newspaper press, of an ancient lie, which of old was generally regarded as too obviously a lie to need refutation. The present generation of newspaper readers, however, may be misled by its republication. The Globe of London, in the course of a review of a theatrical book, recently said:

> Miss MARY ANDERSON * * * renounced the stage and her native America after a campaign of calumny in the United States which broke down her health, and which, in its bitter malignity, remains one of the worst blots on the reputation of the American press.

As a matter of fact Miss ANDERSON from the beginning of her career to the end of it was the subject of a veritable chorus of adulation. The purity of her private character helped to make her a popular heroine. Her natural gifts were uncommon, and her youthful triumphs in MILMAN'S "Fazio," TALFOURD'S "Ion," Mrs. LOVELL'S "Ingomar," and KNOWLES'S "The Hunchback" were practically unmarred by a single note of hostile criticism. Even in her more ambitious efforts in the Shakespeare plays much was left unsaid by the most of the chroniclers of theatrical events that might honestly have been said, because of the sympathy and esteem she commanded and her almost unique position among actors. That her Rosalind was mournful and her Juliet cold as ice, a few daring commentators may have felt bound to say. But this was not calumny or bitter malignity. It was merely the simple truth politely expressed. The breath of scandal never touched her. The admiration of her fellow-countrymen was never withheld.

Miss ANDERSON, of course, is in no way responsible for the recurrence of this old falsehood. She left the stage after a short but brilliant career, to marry, like Miss O'NEILL and Miss HELEN FAUCIT, two illustrious English actresses with whom she was often compared by the old theatregoers in her hour of triumph. Her welcome on her return will be cordial, but there is no need of any underlying feeling that in her case a republic has been ungrateful and she was not treated as she should have been treated while she was on the stage.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Yesterday's Ships for Targets.

If the Navy Department, it seems, can get the consent of Congress, it will be glad to sell all of our warships that are out of date, according to the standard of efficiency among first-class nations, to countries like Turkey, that cannot afford to have the best of vessels and must be content with those which have been "marked down" as not of this season's style or slightly damaged. That seems to be a sufficiently business-like plan, and though to carry it out might excite criticism as in some ways incompatible with our proclaimed love of universal peace and our determination to get it, Congress wouldn't be apt to mind a little thing like that.

But the department will hang on to its second and third best ships unless it can be clearly understood that the money they bring is to be added to, not form a part of, the regular appropriations for new construction and the increase of our fleet, and that is almost sure to displease the Congressional mind—for reasons not all bad. To permit it would almost certainly lead to the condemnation by enthusiastic naval men of ships before even their present short lease of life had expired. There would be no economy in that, except as economy is viewed by those who see it nowhere except in the potential and somewhat problematical savings involved in having bigger and better ships than anybody else.

If we do not sell our old ships, the only profitable way to get rid of them, apparently, is to use them for targets. The canvas screens so much shot at are unsatisfactory in that they tell nothing except as to accuracy of marksmanship. Firing at armor plate set up on shore doesn't tell what the navy really wants to know about the power of its guns, since reduced charges are used and the angle of the hits cannot be conveniently varied. Even real ships for targets do not quite content the professionals when they are so far out of date as to have nothing like the resisting strength of our new vessels.

The Scientific American, in discussing this subject, goes so far—whether in jest or earnest—as to say that only a truly modern warship, embodying all the latest improvements and of the largest size, would be an ideal subject for target practice. It doesn't suggest that this ideal target should be fully manned when bombarded, but obviously that would be the way actually to duplicate the conditions of real war—and to reduce the whole argument to highly desirable absurdity.

Clerical Fees and Tips.

Acceptance of fees by clergymen for performing marriage, burial, and christening services was warmly defended by a correspondent whose letter we printed yesterday. Perhaps his defense was a little more warm than successful.

He made out something of a case, indeed, for the taking of fees from persons not members of the clergyman's own congregation—persons who contribute nothing for his support in the regular way, and who want of him nothing except the exercise in their behalf of his ministerial and official powers on these infrequent occasions. Nobody will deny that expectation of payment from these extra-congregational people is reasonable, nobody would assert that to take it lowers clerical dignity, or would deny, for that matter, the propriety of insistence on getting it.

But—a fee is one thing and a tip is another, and quite different. If the clergy had, and where the clergy have, a fixed schedule of charges for these services, there could be and is no complaint or criticism, except of course as to the amount of the charges, if more than some can afford to pay. When the size of the clergyman's fee, however, is "whatever the gentleman pleases," exactly as is the waiter's or the barber's, he should not be surprised if it be called by the same name or if it become a subject of derision by light minds and of occasional grieved reproach by those serious and reverent.

Our correspondent said that ministers turned their fees over to their wives, and also that most ministerial salaries are so low that to cease taking fees would cut off a much-needed source of revenue. These are undeniable statements, but they are not obviously relevant to the discussion.

Probably the best defense that can be made of the custom is insistence on the fact that it is a custom—one long established and widespread, as well as one that has been followed, whether with submission or approval, few know, by innumerable good men, at least as regardful of dignity and the essential proprieties as are they who call these fees "tips" and unseemly. That doesn't quite prove that the custom ever was, is, or ever will be right or wise, but a large probability in its favor can thus be raised.

It is hardly necessary to consider our correspondent's effort to establish an analogy between the fees of clergymen and those of doctors and lawyers. The doctors and lawyers do not take "whatever the gentleman pleases," nor do they do nothing and try to look pleasant when the gentleman pleases to keep his money in his pocket.

The Problem of the Bank Clerks.

United States District Attorney WISE seems to have been right as to his facts when he said that the bank employés who testified against MORSE have not since been able to get positions in other banks. Whether or not he was also right in his deductions from these facts and the implications he based on them remains, unfortunately, a matter of some doubt.

The bankers, after showing some inclination to deny that the facts were as stated, afterward contented themselves with denying the deductions and implications. Not one of them, so far as we have noticed, explains the non-employment of these men as due to their demonstrated inability to resist temptation or "pressure" to take part in wrongdoing and their willingness to remain where it is going on. That would have been perfectly and easily tenable ground, and why it was not taken it is hard to understand.

The matter as it stands is an unpleasant one, and it will not be settled until it has been settled right—by a clear exposition of the whole truth, that is.

The Brooklyn Bridge Melee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You print a letter regarding "the men's rush at the Bridge." This rush could be obviated if the Brooklyn Rapid Transit would run its express trains on one track, and the local (to Ralph Avenue) on the other. As it is now a passenger cannot tell whether his train is coming in on the north or south track, and the result is that when the train comes in on the south, those who are in the line for the train arriving on the north track make a grand rush for position in the line on that side, and vice versa. A. B.

New York, Oct. 4, 1911.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

Dr. Paton Answers Dean West of Princeton and Appeals for the Particular in Education.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are a great many intelligent persons who will not sympathize with the attempt made by Dean West of Princeton University in his recent letter to THE TIMES to make vocational training the scapegoat for all the pedagogue's sins of omission and commission. He has unwittingly demonstrated the dangers of "substituting the universal for the particular" by contrasting all the imperfections of the vocational training with the virtues of the so-called liberal studies, and this is certainly not a just method of comparison.

One of the hopeful signs of the times has been that prominent educators have at last attained "an appreciation of the important relations of knowledge"—an attitude of mind very justly commended by Dean West—and a position which eliminates the possibility of controversy by substituting for personal predilections and prejudices this important first principle.

To insure the success of the "ceaseless" campaign carried on by educated men against ignorance it is necessary to have a well-formulated plan of attack; otherwise the motives generated by good intentions but not tempered or directed by the special knowledge of a difficult problem will lead to an attack as futile in its results as Sancho Panza's assault upon the windmills.

Lord Bacon's admonition against the possible increase of our misfortunes by overindulgence of the human tendency "of failing to descend to particulars" is strikingly exemplified by current controversies on the subject of educational reform.

Dean West will, I am sure, pardon me for entering a field in which he is eminent, if I remind him that the original idea of the word "educate" was a drawing out of the latent faculties without any suggestion of adding something to the intellectual potentiality of the individual. Educators, like physicians, have learned through experience of the dangers that arise from putting too much faith in so-called specific remedies. The problem of the modern educator should be to try to estimate the functional capacity of the brain and nervous system of each individual student, and then to prescribe the amount and character of the mental discipline in each case, always remembering that in the spiritual as well as the physical world "what is one man's meat is another man's poison."

Any attempt to magnify the imaginary cultural potency of one subject by speaking in derogatory tones of any other is equivalent to an attack upon those who believe in the potential equivalence of all forms of knowledge. By understanding and not by misunderstanding, by agreement and not by disagreement, will we attain "the unity of truth which would have made them one."

The expression of faith in the specific value of an educational system in which the general is always substituted for the particular is open to criticism, for its author places too much importance on the relative value of the subject studied, diverts attention from the spirit in which the task is performed and would question the truth as stated by Ruskin that the essential greatness of an artist is not to be judged by whether he paints a house rather than a Madonna, but is measured by the spirit in which his work is executed.

This same idea is clearly brought out by the author of "The Way of All Flesh" in his affirmation that it is not what a man has actually put upon his canvas, nor yet by the acts which he has set down, so to speak, on the canvas of his life that I will judge him, but by what he makes me feel that he felt and aimed at.

The plea of the privileged classes, and if we understand Dean West correctly, those who have studied certain subjects of his choice are privileged persons, is always difficult to criticise because of the indefiniteness with which it is expressed.

In several instances Dean West goes to the root of the trouble when he directly attacks present educational methods and emphasizes the necessity for mental discipline. He will meet with general approval and sympathy in his desire to get rid of "individual narrowness, personal prejudice, amateur knowledge, half-baked impressions, facile judgments," which are the chief obstacles preventing the spread of culture, but before proposing a remedy he should remember that those who have studied the brain and nervous system do not know of any single system which may be relied upon to correct these psychic abnormalities.

Each case should be studied separately and the remedy prescribed to meet individual conditions. Frequently the substitution of the universal for the particular in education gives rise to just those mental states which Dean West hopes to eliminate. From the beginning of our educational system to its close the student is fed on generalizations, and practically no assistance or sympathy is extended to him in the effort to gather by his sense-organs the material which forms the basis of all degrees of intelligence.

Darwin waited for thirty years before he substituted the universal for the particular. In his attempt to suggest a universal remedy for the defects of our educational system, Dean West, keenly alive to many of the defects, fails to appreciate that in any scheme to develop the brain capacity of an individual to the limit of normal activity "doing" should be as important a part of the programme as knowing things. Mephistopheles tried to impress this idea upon Faust. Prof. Terman has recently given eloquent expression to this vital principle in the following words: "Every person can be taught to do something well, and take pleasure in doing it, and the result will contribute much more to the person's own mental balance and to the welfare of the world in general than will a smoldering volcano of sentiment and frothy but inactive desire." Hamlet had trouble with the universal.

Just at present the foe is pressing hard at the gates of the citadels of learning—the universities. The moment is propitious for the cultivation of alliances. A temporary defeat is sure to follow the attempt to introduce factional disputes and schisms among the defenders. There are virtues in the vocational training. The defects did not kill Maury's ambition to write the "Geography of the Sea," and Whistler tells us if he had not gone to West Point he should never have known how to draw a straight line.

Lazear, Reed, and Carroll were the recipients of vocational training. They aimed to do the immediately useful thing and as a result of their self-sacrificing labor yellow fever is no longer a menace to a large part of the human race. In the Middle Ages the doors of many institutions were closed to all those whose chief interest was the particular and the immediately useful thing.

To-day our universities welcome those who can do things, and by doing add to the sum total of human happiness. The philosophy of common sense represents the philosophical traditions of the English speaking race, and this will in the end influence our educational system. The contemplation of the universal is Buddhistic. STEWART PATON, M. D.

THE CREED OF CAIN.

How It Has Operated in the Construction of Cement Dams.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the last analysis, the cause for a number of recent dam and bridge downfalls is poor cement. In many instances the contracts for dam construction and for the building of concrete and stone bridges are let to the lowest bidder. In nearly all such cases that means the use of the poorest materials and the lowest grade of labor. In the making of cement our country has long held the world's record for the outturn of millions of barrels of alleged Portland cement that is not Portland cement, and for other kinds of cement that should not be allowed in the market.

Corporations and firms that retain the services of high-class engineers are assured of good materials in dam and bridge construction. But in many instances concerns that are building dams as a part of a power project that is to be highly capitalized and sold out to the investing public will not employ engineers to test materials, and they take care to employ ignorant men to "jerry" the work through with the lowest-cost materials. The illustrious and lamented engineer George S. Morison, in his fine Phi Betta Kappa address at Harvard University a few years ago, spoke of the tremendous power for evil that is exerted in our industrial life by men who are ungodly and greedy and whose creed is that of Cain, "I am not my brother's keeper." Among all the great engineering works of Morison there was none that was greater than his lifelong warfare against men who through greed scrimped constructional engineering works so that they were dangerous to human life and property. Many a time Morison expended time and money in order to expose frauds in dams and bridges. Thank God, we have many such men in engineering life!

It is well known in engineering and political circles in a certain State that the political complexion of the State was changed from one party to another because a body of hotel keepers protested against a dam-building contract being given to men who were known to use none but low-grade materials and labor. Back of the project was a public afforested land stealing scheme. The dam was to be built cheaply and for a short life, as the schemers expected to cut off all the timber and sell out their stocks by the time the dam would give way and destroy several hotels and gun and rod clubhouses and cottages in the course of the rushing waters.

To the help of the protesting landlords of several very large Summer hotels went several rod and gun clubs, which collectively have 2,500 members from the very flower of the mercantile and professional life of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New England. These rod and gun clubs retained the services of several eminent engineers, who examined the plan that had been approved by the projectors of the dam. The finding was that a dam built from that plan and with the low-grade materials which the contractors admitted they had provided would bring down the dam in ruins in a short while. The result was that the schemers decided largely to increase their allotment for the dam, in order to use good materials, and they employed an able engineer in place of an ignorant contractor.

Now while this was going on an illustrious New York lawyer who belonged to a rod and gun club in the vicinity, and who never shot or fished in his life, while roving around the woods reading poetry got into touch with some local men who knew the whole inside of the art of getting afforested lands for a few cents an acre and developing them at big profits. The lawyer had been a hurricane fighter in the proceedings to compel the dam owners to do good work, and, his blood being up, he went in for an exposé of the land-grabbing scheme. Then came a grand row, in which everybody in the hotels, rod and gun clubs, and the owners of Summer bungalows and the dam owners and politicians got into a beautiful "shindy" that resulted in a red-hot political campaign, in which the backers of the dam people put up lots of money to down the hotel landlords, among whom were several of the bosses of one of the great political parties.

The dam people won, and that is why a certain State astonished the country by swinging far over into the side of a political party that had been in a minority for many years. But for all that, enlightened public opinion compelled in that instance conformity to the best engineering practice. No experienced engineer doubts that the owners of a certain dam that lately gave way and caused large losses of life and property had no idea of making the dam safe; they figured it as something that was worn out and of no more service to them. It was built for a short life—timed to endure while the timber held out. That being almost gone, why, let the dam go to pieces. The creed of Cain again was exhibited there when the dam failed—"I am not my brother's keeper."

G. WILFRED PEARCE, C. E.

Newark, N. J., Oct. 5, 1911.

A THEATRE FOR THE RICH.

Enough Fashionable People to Patronize It Are Here.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that H. B. Harris has discovered to his cost that New York is not yet equal to the gastronomic drama as presented at the Folies Bergere, is he convinced that an ultra-fashionable theatre at or near the corner of Fifty-ninth Street and Madison Avenue would not pay? New York has no ultra-fashionable theatre, one where evening dress is de rigeur, though it has the "deriger" people all right, and there is no site in town more favorable for such a one as at this corner. It is practically next door to the millionaire colony occupying the district to the north, south, and west of it; it is within five or six minutes of such hotels as the Plaza, Savoy, Netherland, St. Regis, Gotham, and Ritz; it is within the zone of the most elaborate and expensive apartment houses in the city; it is removed from the most popular means of street transportation; it is the nearest available point to more money set aside for social display than any other spot in the world; it is not in the atmosphere of the "common herd" as are the theatres further downtown, and so on and so forth. Will Mr. Harris say that a theatre at this corner designed especially for the rich and fashionable, whether of the New York elect or not, a theatre in which only the rich could afford to buy seats, would not be a paying investment?

Nor should it be along other than plain theatrical business lines. It may be a theatre with a purpose—The New Theatre was that—but its purpose will be the profit of its promoters. It should be no more than a first-class theatre of the first class; that is, first-class in architecture, first-class in prices, first-class in patronage, and first-class in shows. The patrons of such a theatre would not be so particular about the plays they saw as the place in which they saw them, and the people among whom they saw them. Does Mr. Harris or any other theatrical projector get the idea? What's the answer? W. J. L.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

Poor Sunday School Music.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Gov. Wilson, in his attitude toward Sunday school music, expresses the sentiments of many intelligent people. It seems too bad that churches which profess high ideals should admit music that violates all rules of harmony and poetry that does not conform to the demands of literature. The modern Sunday school and many church hymns are as far removed from harmony as the comic supplement is from art. The crudest musical comedy contains more true music and poetry. It is time that ministers realized that unless they restore the better hymns to their services they will lose not only music lovers from their congregations, but they will also drive musicians and poets into branches of art other than religious.

E. F. GRIFFIN.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1911.

NEW PARISH FOR PAULISTS.

Catholic Order Buys a Big Tract for Church in Dyckman Section.

A new uptown parish is about to be established in the Dyckman section by the Paulist Fathers. For the new church and other buildings practically a whole block has just been purchased, bounded by Broadway, Isham, Cooper, and Emerson Streets, the last being more generally known now as 207th Street. The property cost about $150,000.

It is the intention of the Paulist Fathers to begin on a small scale, widening the scope of their work as the population grows in that part of the city.

Their ultimate aim is to establish a great Catholic centre in a part of the city which, in the near future, is destined to have a large population. Within the past year there has been a marked impetus in building activity in the old Dyckman tract and a number of apartment houses have lately been finished. The Subway line is just to the east of the Paulist Fathers' recent purchase, while to the west the property will overlook the new park of six acres, to be known as Isham Park. The land bought for this new Catholic parish was acquired from the Isham estate, and Isham Street is being cut through toward the Hudson River.

The Paulist Fathers have one of the largest and finest churches in the city, in Columbus Avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth Streets.

PLAN GREAT NAVAL DISPLAY.

Atlantic Fleet to Mobilize Off This Port on Oct. 31.

Orders were received yesterday on board the battleship Connecticut, flagship of the Atlantic Fleet, for the mobilization of the fleet off New York on Oct. 31. The mobilization will be the most imposing naval display in which only American vessels are participants, ever seen in Atlantic waters. The great fleet will be reviewed by the Secretary of the Navy and possibly by the President.

All of the battleships in the Atlantic Fleet, possibly half a dozen more that are in reserve, at least two armored cruisers, two scout cruisers, several flotillas of torpedo-boat destroyers and submarines, and a dozen big naval auxiliaries will figure in the mobilization.

The official order making known the mobilization plans goes on to say that the proposed Mediterranean cruise of the fleet, which was scheduled for this Fall, has been abandoned and that the Atlantic Fleet will operate in home waters until Jan. 1 next, when it will proceed to Guantanamo, Cuba, to join the torpedo fleet in extended battle manoeuvres that will last two months.

TO OBEY INTER-STATE RULE.

Washington Motormen Pay $2 for Neglecting to Stop at Crossing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Many in Washington have disputed the authority of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to regulate the street railways of the city, but twelve motormen of the Washington Railway and Electric Company to-night admit that the commission really has some power over the local roads.

The men were instructed to stop their cars at the intersection of East Capital and Eighth Streets, where the line crosses that of another company. Sharp-eyed policemen stationed there yesterday took the numbers of eighteen motormen who failed to stop their cars. The policemen reported the numbers and twelve men were arrested and to-day fined $2 each.

The evidence showed that twice there occurred very close escapes from collisions in consequence of the violation of the Inter-State Commerce Commission's regulation.

GERMAN-AMERICANS MEET.

Delegates Representing 2,000,000 Hold Convention in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Problems affecting the welfare of German residents in the United States were discussed in Washington to-day by the National German-American Alliance, which began a three days' session with more than 200 delegates in attendance.

The Alliance represents about 2,000,000 German-Americans of the United States. Delegates came from nearly all States. The convention will consider protection to German immigrants, promotion of the study of German in the public schools, and other subjects.

"THEOLOGICAL TIPS."

This Clergyman Wishes They Were Larger and More Numerous.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to offer a word on this matter of ministerial fees which "W. J. L." brings up. In twenty-five years of pastoral service I never knew a clergyman to exact a fee from any one for anything. I know of none who expects a fee from members of his congregation who contribute to his support. I know of none who would accept a fee from any one obviously too poor to afford it. But every pastor has enough to do within the bounds of his own congregation, and outside the church there are multitudes who will have nothing to do with church or clergymen until they marry or die. From these he need not hesitate to accept a fee. Here is a case in point: I was called to bury a saloon keeper. He had never attended my church nor contributed either money or service to the advancement of my work. I was told he had heard me at a funeral and expressed his desire to "have the same kind of a send-off." Unfortunately, I could not give it to him, the conditions being different, but I did what was possible to comfort those who loved and mourned him.

As to wedding fees, it should be remembered that the clergyman acts as an officer of the State, and has exactly the same work to do as the Magistrate, in the way of furnishing a marriage certificate, keeping exact records, and making certified returns to the City Clerk and the Bureau of Health.

I imagine that the real objection to "theological tips" is based on the supposition that they are used for the personal benefit of the officiating clergyman. This I believe to be an error. They are used by him to swell his personal benevolent funds. The salary of the average preacher is nicely adjusted barely to meet his necessary expenses. But for his wedding and funeral fees he would rarely know the joy of being able to give some small measure of relief in the many cases of worthy need he finds within his parish. That joy is so great that I am sure "W. J. L." will pardon me for wishing that the "theological tips" might be much larger and more numerous.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 5, 1911. A. D. C.

The Marriage Business.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Help! We are sinking in the maze of all this marrying and divorce business, no two alike and the inter-State commerce laws not able to do a blessed thing, and here comes Mme. Eames-Gorgoza, who says she is all right because she had joined the Catholic Church before she married; and Mr. Gorgoza, or Gogorza, whichever it is, he's all right, too, because the lady he married some time ago in New York was not a Catholic or was an infidel because she hadn't ever been baptized, or something like that, and so that marriage wasn't a marriage at all and he had a perfect right to marry Mme. Eames, and so they were married in Europe, and what have the marriage law of the State of New York got to do with it anyhow?

But to get down to brass tacks, as it were. How about that sort of marriage? Can a priest, who is licensed to marry couples under the laws of the State of New York, or any State, marry a Catholic couple, one member of which has been married civilly to a non-Catholic, said marriage not being recognized by the Church? Isn't there a sort of a Pooh Bah backaction somewhere in the woodpile on performing a marriage ceremony like that? Doesn't the priest lay himself liable to prosecution for treason, or mayhem, or arson, or something? Isn't the marrying power conferred by the State upon priest, preacher, and Magistrate the same in each person? Where are we at? Is there a Pope in the Constitution? What are we here for? Will somebody please scratch a match so we can see our way out? Help! Q. C. D. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

FIVE BRIDES TO-DAY IN CITY AND COUNTRY

Miss Hopkins of Washington to Wed Crawford Blagden of New York in Williamstown, Mass.

CEREMONY AT GREENWICH

1,500 Invited to Wedding of Miss Dorothea Geddes and A. B. Chittenden—Brill-Mayer Nuptials.

October is proving to be a popular month for brides, and from now on until the last of the month there will be weddings at the rate of four and six a day. There are five weddings scheduled for to-day, nearly all of them, however, being out of town.

Some of the important nuptials of the Autumnal season will fall in November, and three New York society girls have chosen the same day for the weddings. Miss Bess Bryan Sloan, daughter of Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, will marry Monson Morris on Nov. 15. On this day Miss Olga Roosevelt, daughter of Robert Roosevelt, will be married to Dr. J. Breckenridge Bayne in Washington, and Miss Adelaide Taylor Buchanan, granddaughter of William H. Buchanan, will marry Charles L. Baldwin in this city.

Many well-known people will attend the wedding to-day at Williamstown, Mass., of Miss Mary Hopkins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Hopkins of Washington, to Crawford Blagden, son of Mrs. Samuel P. Blagden of 16 East Tenth Street. The ceremony will take place at noon in the Thompson Memorial Chapel of Williams College, and will be performed by the Rev. Dr. John Hopkins Denison, the bride's uncle, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Billings of Groton.

Among those who will attend the wedding are Mrs. Joseph W. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Giraud Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Parmalee Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. Barrett Wendell, Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, Commodore and Mrs. J. W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Medill McCormick, Admiral and Mrs. Brownson, Mr. and Mrs. Wendell Blagden, Chief Justice and Mrs. Nott, Prince Koudascheff, Russian Charge d'Affaires, and Constantine Nabokoff, secretary of the Russian Embassy.

In the First Christian Church at Richmond, Ky., to-day Miss Louise Covington will be married to Hasbrouck Haynes of this city. Franklin Crosby of New York will be best man. The bridegroom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. David Oliphant Haynes of 11 West Ninety-fourth Street.

Miss Ella Lawrence Lewis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Leon Lewis of Allenhurst, N. J., and New York, will be married to-day to H. Henry Bertram of this city in St. Andrew's Church at Allenhurst. A reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents. The bride gave a dinner and dance to the bridal party last night at the Deal Golf Club house.

About 1,500 invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Dorothea W. Geddes, daughter of the late Charles O. Geddes of this city, to Abraham Baldwin Chittenden of Burlington, Ia., which is to take place to-day in Christ Church, Greenwich. A special train will convey the guests from this city.

Miss Josephine Mayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander T. Mayer of 23 East Seventy-fourth Street, and Samuel Brill will be married to-day at Delmonico's. A reception will follow the ceremony.

BRIDE 71, BRIDEGROOM 70.

Widow of Commodore Wm. P. McCann Married to Dr. Joseph T. Johnson.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Oct. 6.—A quiet wedding took place to-night at the residence of Dr. Clarence C. Guion, 115 Centre Avenue, New Rochelle, when Mrs. Mary Elizabeth McCann, the widow of Commodore William Penn McCann, U. S. N., became the wife of Dr. Joseph Taber Johnson of Washington, D. C. The bride is 71 years of age and the bridegroom is 70.

Commodore McCann died in New Rochelle on Jan. 15, 1906. Mrs. Guion, at whose home the wedding was performed by the Rev. Dr. Charles P. Canedy, rector of Trinity Church, New Rochelle, is a niece of the bride, who is a half sister of Dr. Herman T. Vulte of Park Avenue, New Rochelle, Professor of Sanitary Engineering in Columbia University.

The couple will make their home in Washington, D. C. Dr. Johnson also has a home in Virginia.

Washburn-Thompson Wedding Oct. 24.

The wedding of Harold Connett Washburn, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Washburn of New York, and Miss Rosalie Thompson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Warriner Thompson of Louisville, Ky., will take place in Louisville on Oct. 24 at the home of the bride.

The wedding was to have been a large affair, and the ceremony was to have taken place at the Cathedral there, but owing to the illness of a member of the family it was decided to have a quiet home ceremony.

Mr. Washburn, who was graduated from Harvard in 1906, and who is an instructor at the Naval Academy at Annapolis, will have his younger brother, Arthur Lawrence Washburn, who is studying at the Harvard Medical School, for his best man. Miss Thompson will have Mrs. Brooks Nicols of Detroit as matron of honor, and her maid of honor is to be her sister, Miss Marie Thompson.

The bridesmaids will be the Misses Christine and Elizabeth Thompson, sisters of the bride, and Miss May Foster and Miss Elizabeth Bishop.

Reiley-Chatillon Wedding.

Miss Amanda Chatillon, daughter of Mrs. Gorge Henry Chatillon, will be married to Robert Joseph Reiley on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 11. The ceremony will take place in St. Ignatius' Church, Park Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street, after which there will be a reception at the home of the bride's mother, 14 East Eightieth Street. On account of Mr. Reiley's family being in mourning, only a few guests have been invited.

COLEMAN—HODGES.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6.—An engagement of much interest in society which has just been announced is that of Miss Coleman of San Antonio, Texas, and Lieut. Neale Hodges, U. S. A. Miss Coleman is a member of an important and wealthy Texas family. Lieut. Hodges is a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Hodges of Baltimore and a nephew of Mrs. Wilson Patterson, of whose household he became a member in infancy upon the death of his parents. He is a graduate of West Point, and is stationed at Fort Russell. The date for the wedding has not yet been fixed.

ANDERSON—THATCHER.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 6.—Joseph Longworth Anderson of Tutbury, Howard County, Md., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Ethel Anderson, to Dr. Henry Clark Thatcher of New York, formerly of the Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore. The wedding will take place in Washington on Oct. 21 in St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, and will be followed by a reception at 2,202 Massachusetts Avenue, the Winter residence of Mr. Anderson.

GILLESPIE—JONES.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Gillespie of South Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jean Gillespie, to H. Seaver Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Jones of East Orange. No date has been set for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay will keep Harbor Hill, their Roslyn country estate, open all Winter, and will not open their town house, 244 Madison Avenue. When in town they will occupy a suit at the Ritz-Carlton. They have taken the same box at the Metropolitan Opera House they had last season, 54 in the Grand Tier. They gave a dinner last night at Harbor Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. William Allan Butler, Jr., and their family have returned from North East Harbor and opened their town house, 30 East Seventy-second Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Francis Shaw and Miss Katharine Shaw have returned from their country place and are at their city home, 31 West Fifty-first Street, for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Edgar and Miss Mary Chapman Edgar, who are now at Tiamarla, their country place at Montrose, Penn., will probably spend the Winter in Williamstown, Mass., as Mr. Edgar has not recovered his usual health since his severe illness of the early Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry James Hemmons (Miss Shaw) have returned to town and have taken an apartment at 449 Park Avenue.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roger Minton (Miss Anita Ingersoll) was christened last week in the Lady Chapel of the cathedral, and was named Anita McKim Minton. The Mintons have taken an apartment at 1,190 Madison Avenue.

Mrs. W. B. Dinsmore and Miss Dinsmore will be at the Belmont for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig Colgate have returned from their tour through New England and have opened their residence, 131 East Sixty-seventh Street, for the season. They are spending the week-end with Mrs. John D. Wood at Tuxedo Park.

LUNCHEON ON VICTORIA LUISE.

Emil Boas of Hamburg-American Line Talks of Tourist Trips.

The Hamburg-American Steamship Company gave a luncheon yesterday on board the steamship Victoria Luisc, the converted yacht, formerly the flier Deutschland. Emil Boas, the general manager of the line, made an address in which he said that the company had been in the cruising trade for about twenty years. The Victoria Luisc, he said, is an up-to-date yacht and hotel, and is intended to make the tourists comfortable.

There tourist trips, especially around the world, in Mr. Boas's opinion, tend to create a friendly feeling between the people of this country and the nations of the world.

WIFE LEAVES TARKINGTON.

She Likes Home, While Author Prefers New York and Europe.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 6.—Friends of Mrs. Louisa Tarkington, wife of Booth Tarkington, the author, announced in her name to-day that she and her husband had separated and that Mrs. Tarkington, who is now at the home of her brother, has taken a residence on Alabama Street for herself and daughter.

The old Tarkington homestead at Pennsylvania and Eleventh Streets was remodeled during the Summer and the interior decoration entirely changed, and it was announced that Mr. and Mrs. Tarkington would make their residence there. To-day's announcement is given in explanation of the fact of the change from the Summer announcement.

No suit for divorce has yet been filed, but it has been under consideration for a month. The cause of the estrangement is said to be Mrs. Tarkington's desire for a domestic life, while her husband's inclinations run in an opposite direction, he preferring to spend his time in New York and Europe. Mrs. Tarkington, through her late father's will, is the possessor of a fortune of $1,000,000, and this she holds in her own name, her brother managing it for her.

The Tarkingtons have one child, a little girl about 3 years old, and it is understood that she will live with her mother. The separation has caused a good deal of talk in Indianapolis society, though it has been rumored as a possibility for some time.

R. G. COLT, JR., REACHES WIFE

Now at Bedside of Ethel Barrymore, Who Is Improving.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Oct. 6.—Russell Griswold Colt, Jr., arrived in South Bend to-day in answer to the summons of Ethel Barrymore, his wife, who is ill. Mr. Colt went to his wife's apartments immediately after his arrival at the Oliver Hotel. He has been constantly at her bedside since, his meals being served in the apartments. Miss Barrymore is reported improved. According to her physician, she has passed the danger point. It is expected she and her husband will leave for Chicago Monday.

William Frank, Miss Barrymore's business manager, said he expected her to resume her theatrical tour next week.

CRANE AIDS YOUNG MAN.

Massachusetts Senator Pays His Tuition Fees at Worcester Institute.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 6.—One of Senator W. Murray Crane's secrets has become known. Though he wished nothing said about it, it has just been discovered that it is through his check for $225 that Thomas A. Coyne of 100 Florence Street, Marlboro, is enrolled in the Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

Senator Crane became interested in the young man through his efforts to enter the Annapolis Naval Academy. He was appointed by Congressman John J. Mitchell, and passed the educational test, but was rejected for a defect in eyesight. The young man went to Washington to seek Senator Crane's aid. The Senator advised Coyne to enter the Worcester Institution, and surprised him a few days later by sending him a check for his tuition fees.

WADSWORTH AUTO WRECKED.

Ex-Speaker's Car Was Burned and Chauffeur and Man Hurt.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The automobile of ex-Speaker James W. Wadsworth, Jr., was wrecked at 1 o'clock this morning near Mount Morris, overturning in a ditch.

Thomas Hanby, the chauffeur, and Celia Meyers, a maid in the Wadsworth home, were pinned under the car and severely injured. The car was completely demolished.

Ball in Aid of Nassau Hospital.

Preparations have been completed for the third annual charity ball in aid of the Nassau Hospital, which is to be held on Friday evening, Oct. 13, in the assembly rooms at the Mineola Fair Grounds. Dancing will begin at 9 o'clock. Tickets for the ball may be obtained from Mrs. Robert Bacon, Treasurer of the committee, at Westbury, L. I. On the committee are Mrs. Philip W. Livermore, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. O. W. Bird, Mrs. Arthur S. Burden, Mrs. Middleton S. Burrill, Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., Mrs. Ladenburg, Mrs. H. V. R. Kennedy, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. W. Crittenden Adams, Mrs. J. A. Albertson, Mrs. W. M. Baldwin, Mrs. J. Searle Barclay, Mrs. C. B. MacDonald, Mrs. E. D. Morgan, Mrs. H. L. Pratt, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Miss Atala Thayer, Mrs. Richard Trimble, and Mrs. A. Murray Young.

Arthur H. Hahlo & Co.

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COUSIN OF ALFONSO IS AT HOT SPRINGS

Spanish Prince Offers a Cup for Winner of Woman's Tennis Match.

RIDES WITH MISS FORCE

Miss Mary Johnstone, the Novelist, Buys Land for a Summer Home at the Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 6.—Prince L. Pignatelli Aragon, a cousin of King Alfonso of Spain, arrived at the Homestead this morning for October. He is an enthusiastic sportsman, and spent the afternoon riding with Miss Katherine Force of New York. He is interested in tennis and has offered a cup for the winner in a tennis tournament in women's doubles.

While society matrons amuse themselves with bridge and taking the cure, horseback riding is the most popular diversion with the younger contingent. In addition to the much-ridden trails of other seasons a number of new ones have just been opened up. They cover from four to six miles of the most beautiful mountain scenery and include the McDanald Trail, which starts at the McDanald farm and leads through Dunn's Gap and Little Switzerland and the Lonesome trail, which, beginning at the Rubino Healing Springs, leads over the lower Cascade bridge and comes out on the Covington Road.

The colony of artists and writers here has an addition in Miss Mary Johnston, who has just bought a building site of twenty-five acres near Warm Springs Hotel. She will begin immediately to build a Summer home, which she expects to have ready for occupancy next Spring. The site is east of the Boulevard on the crest of one of the smaller hills overlooking the Hot Springs Valley. Miss Johnston has spent much time at the Springs for several Summers, and has written "The Long Roll" and some other novels here.

This was a gloriously clear day, and a number of visitors rode to Flag Rock for the view. Among them were Miss Jane Stimson, Mrs. Charles S. George, and Sidney Stricker.

Angier B. Duke of New York gave a dinner for eleven at the Farm to-night.

A sextet of negroes give a concert each evening now in the Japanese room. Among those entertaining at parties there to-night were Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones of New York, Mrs. Frederick E. Dey of Bellport, Mrs. Livingston Beeckman of Providence, and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thaw of Pittsburgh.

Arrivals from New York at the Homestead to-day include Mrs. D. Chauncey, Jr., Thomas Williams, Webster M. Stetson, Mrs. Rowland A. Robbins, and Miss Gladys Robbins. Mr. and Mrs. William Raymond are here from Cedarhurst, L. I., and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Witherbee and G. H. Witherbee from Port Henry.

NOT YET READY FOR GROUT.

But He May Be Called Next Week at the Union Bank Inquiry.

George W. Thompson, a reporter for the Bradstreet Commercial Agency, testifying at the Brooklyn Union Bank hearing yesterday, contradicted statements made by Robert P. Orr on the witness stand a few days ago. Orr was President of the Orr Contracting Company, a financial arm of David A. Sullivan's Mechanics and Traders' Bank. This company was supposed to have been capitalized at $500. In a few years it did a thriving business, and had deposits in the bank amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Orr had testified that he was not the person who gave information to Bradstreet's on which a misleading report about the Orr Contracting Company was made. Thompson swore that he got the information from Orr.

The Orr company owed the Union Bank $100,000. The Bradstreet report about the Orr Company, with the statement which Frederick Flottwell, Chief of the Credit Department, says that James T. Ashley dictated, was placed on file in the Union Bank. It was said that these reports helped to deceive the State Banking Department examiners when they went to examine the institution before it was reopened.

James R. Cropsey was unable to say yesterday when he would ask Edward M. Grout to testify at the hearings. He has not finished with probing the Sullivan administration of the bank. It is likely, however, that Mr. Grout may be asked to testify next week.

VON KELLER LOCKED UP.

One-Time Editor of American Gentleman Gave Check on Wrong Bank.

A. Reginald Von Keller, one-time editor of The American Gentleman and author of the statement that no American gentleman can act the part with less than sixty suits of clothes a year, simply forgot, he says, when using a blank check to cross off the name that appeared there and substitute the name of his own bank. This is why he was held yesterday in the Police Court in East Orange under $500 bail for the action of the Grand Jury, and locked up pending the arrival of a bondsman.

"I don't have to kite checks for a living," he said in court. "Why, I used to be known as the best-dressed man on Broadway. Thousands of columns have been written about me. Every actor and every newspaper man in New York knows me. They will tell you whether I had to do any such thing as they charge me with."

Von Keller gave a check for $104.25 to the Marlborough Hotel of East Orange on Sept. 1, drawn on the East River National Bank of New York, where he had no account. The check was paid by the bank, which afterward discovered that it had been charged to a bona fide depositor through an error.

Von Keller was found at Greenwood Lake with his bride, the niece of Elliott Smith of New York, with whom he had slipped away in August.

GAME WARDENS BEAT HUNTER

Belleville Man Says They Attacked Him While Shooting Crows.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEVILLE, N. J., Oct. 6.—Sabassino Perlo of Belleville has sworn out a warrant before Police Justice Ashworth for the arrest of Game Wardens Frederick Hall and Edward Shorter of Bloomfield on a charge of assault. Perlo says that he, accompanied by his son, was shooting crows in the Soho Park section of Belleville yesterday and that the two Game Wardens accosted him, asserting that he was shooting game birds. He declared that when he denied their charges the two Wardens attacked him with clubs and beat him over the head and face.

The man presented a pitiable appearance when he preferred his complaint, and looked as if he had been through a threshing machine. His nose was broken and both eyes blackened, while his body is a mass of bruises.

After beating him, he says that they had him arraigned before Justice of the Peace George M. Cadmus of Bloomfield, who fined him $20 and $3.60 costs. After paying the fine, Perlo called at the Bloomfield Police Station to make a complaint against the Wardens. Chief of Police Collins advised Perlo to make the complaint in Belleville, where the alleged assault took place.

Rockefeller Gives $1,000 for Columbus Day.

John D. Rockefeller has headed the subscription list for a civic celebration of Columbus Day with a donation of $1,000. J. Pierpont Morgan, Isidor Straus, August Belmont, Herman A. Metz, Cleveland H. Dodge, Col. Robert M. Thompson, James Butler, James E. March, Arthur E. Stilwell, J. F. Allen, George W. Loft and James P. Mulhern have given $500 each and Mayor Gaynor, Jacob H. Schiff, A. L. Seligman, J. N. Seligman, Cornelius N. Bliss and William Salamon $250 apiece. Columbus Day is next Thursday.

$6,000,000 RAILROAD SUIT.

Florida Company Seeks Damages from Seaboard and Knickerbocker Trust.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 6.—Suit for the recovery of $6,000,000 damages was filed to-day in the United States Court here by the Florida Railway Company against the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York, Charles H. Keep, Francis Henderson, R. V. Matthews, C. W. Lucas, and Frank O. Brown of New York, and H. Reiman Duval of New Jersey, charging them with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law by entering into an alleged conspiracy to prevent the Florida Railway Company from extending its lines to an Atlantic port.

The case dates back several years ago, when the Florida road decided to extend its line to two Atlantic ports, Fernandina and Jacksonville. The Carnegie Trust Company of New York was selected to handle the bonds, but on this company's insolvency the Knickerbocker Trust Company was made trustee for the bonds, which had been sold to a French capitalist.

Later the purchasers of the bonds demanded their delivery, which was delayed by the Knickerbocker Trust Company, and demands of the Florida Railway Company for the return of the bonds, it is alleged, also met with refusal.

The railway Directors now charge that the actions of the Knickerbocker Trust Company were instigated by two Directors of that firm, who, it is alleged, were also Directors of the Seaboard Air Line Railway.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. BUCKLEY.

Wife of John David Buckley Publicly Rejoices Over the Verdict.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Anna Buckley obtained a decree of divorce here this afternoon from John David Buckley. She attracted attention when she obtained her decree by running into the street and shouting at the top of her voice that she had got what she wanted.

Mrs. Buckley's maiden name was Coyle. She says she has two brothers, William and Charles, who are in the real estate business in New York.

KINEMACOLOR THEATRE NOW.

Mendelssohn Hall to Become on Oct. 14 Permanent Home of Pictures.

Mendelssohn Hall, in Fortieth Street, near Broadway, will reopen Saturday evening, Oct. 14, as the permanent home of the Kinemacolor pictures, it having been leased for a term of years by that company, and named Kinemacolor Theatre. Extensive alterations are being made. The lease is for a maximum period of five years, and was made through Frederick Fox & Co.

The first complete reproduction of the coronation of King George and every event in the forty-day period of festivities will be presented as an opening feature. This is for a limited engagement only, and will be followed by productions of a dramatic nature.

Until next Friday night the Kinemacolor pictures will continue at the Herald Square Theatre, where, included in the programme, will be a review of his troops by King Alfonso of Spain.

DANCING CONTEST AT CASINO.

"Kiss Waltz," "Never Homes," and Winter Garden Waltzers to Compete.

The members of "The Kiss Waltz" company at the Casino Theatre have challenged the members of "The Never Homes" company and the Winter Garden organization to a dancing contest to be held on the stage of the Casino Theatre on Thursday, Oct. 19. The waltz will be the only form of dance permitted, and the couple lasting longest will be awarded a trophy. The contest will begin at 12 o'clock noon.

In addition to the professional dancers four couples of amateurs will be allowed to compete, providing they can show that they have won other contests of this nature. Refreshments will be served to the dancers during the afternoon, if any of them are agile enough to combine food and Terpsichore.

The judge of the contest will be Eva Davenport.

Liszt Centenary at St. Patrick's.

On the centenary of the Hungarian composer, Franz Liszt, who was an Abbé of the Roman Catholic Church, a requiem high mass will be celebrated by Mgr. Edwards, Vicar General, in the presence of Archbishop Farley, in St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Saturday morning, Oct. 21. The sermon will be preached by Mgr. Lavelle, and music selected from the works of Liszt will be sung by the cathedral choir.

"The Garden of Allah" Opens Oct. 21.

Liebler & Co. have selected Oct. 21 as the date of the first performance of "The Garden of Allah" at the Century Theatre. The first performance will be given at a matinée. The sale of seats will begin at 9 o'clock on Monday morning, Oct. 16, and in order to keep tickets out of the hands of speculators not more than four tickets will be sold to any one person.

Fairbanks Signs with Cohan & Harris.

Douglas Fairbanks decided yesterday to risk his fortunes with the firm of Cohan & Harris, and signed contracts calling for his services with this company for a long term of years. George M. Cohan will provide Mr. Fairbanks with a play, and the young star expects to begin his labors under his new directors before the Winter is ended.

Garden Theatre Now a Picture House.

The Garden Theatre, Madison Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, will open today as a motion picture and vaudeville house at popular prices, with performances both in the afternoon and evening.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Cohan & Harris will present their new production, "The Only Son," a drama by Wincheil Smith, at the Gaiety Theatre on Monday, Oct. 16. The piece is now playing in Philadelphia.

Reynolds and Donegan, roller skaters, have been added to the company at the Winter Garden, and will appear during the next two weeks in the "Revue of Revues," and also at the Sunday concerts. Others who will take part in the Sunday performances are Martin Brown and Elsa Ryan, Van Rensselaer Wheeler, J. J. McCloskey, and members of the regular Winter Garden company, including Gaby Deslys.

Marie Dressler will begin her third season in "Tilly's Nightmare," under the direction of Lew Fields, at the West End Theatre on Monday night, Oct 16.

Otis Skinner will sail for England to-day on the Minnetonka to obtain costumes and scenic designs for the production of "Kismet," that is to be made by Klaw & Erlanger and Harrison Grey Fiske. Mr. Skinner will remain in London only four days, and will return on the next trip of the same steamer.

The principals of the company that is to appear in Lew Fields's production of "The Wife Hunters" will include Emma Carus, Fanchon Thompson, Lillian Lee, Dorothy Brenner, Hazel Kirke, Frances Alaine, Madge Vincent, Geraldine Gerard, Louis Simon, John Parke, George Schiller, Joseph Ratcliff, Fred Santley, Louis Franklin, George Dowling, and Louis Merkel.

Jan Kubelik, the violinist, accompanied by a party of friends, occupied a box at the Hippodrome performance last night. Kubelik is to appear at the big playhouse in concert on Sunday evening, Oct. 15, when he will be assisted by Nahan Franko and his orchestra.

Martin Beck has signed a contract with Richard Harding Davis for a one-act play to be presented over the Orpheum vaudeville circuit. The piece will be called "Blackmail," and will require the services of four actors.

Mrs. Fiske will begin her season in Langdon Mitchell's new comedy, "The New Marriage," at Syracuse, N. Y., on Oct. 19. After the opening in Syracuse and a week in Pittsburgh, Mrs. Fiske will go to Chicago for a season of eight weeks before presenting the play in New York.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

JOHN A. MUELLER died Aug 22; left about $3,000 realty and $11,000 personalty to his sister, Marian Von Bargen of Hanover, Germany.

GEORGE W. ISAACS left $1,000 to his mother, Jane Ann Isaacs, and $500 each to his sister, Caroline J. Evans, and his niece, Allix L. Evans, who are also named as equal residuary legatees.

JOSEPH J. SKELDING died Sept. 2; left his entire estate to his mother, Mary J. Skelding.

ALBERT KASKEL, died Sept. 27; left less than $10,000 personalty to his wife, Emma H. Kaskel.

CHARLES E. DENHARD left all his personalty to his wife, Christina Denhard, to whom he leaves a life income from his real estate, which is to be divided according to the State law of distribution at her death.

JOSEPH VILAS died Jan. 7, 1905, at Maintowoc, Wis.; left $29,840 realty and $2,849.60 personalty to his son, Joseph Stilwell Vilas and his daughter-in-law, Lizzie E. Vilas.

MODERN ENEMIES OF COMMON LAW

Sir Frederick Pollock Finds the Antagonism of Socialism Misunderstood.

HAS WITHSTOOD CAPTURE

Government May Change, but Underlying Legal Principles Remain Safely Intrenched.

Sir Frederick Pollock brought his lectures on the common law around to pressing modern problems at Columbia University yesterday afternoon. He discussed the relations of the common law to the powerful forces which try to evade the law, particularly Socialistic and Anarchistic opposition. He said, in part:

"So far we have spoken of the dangers to the common law within her own household. Before we can understand the limits and the difficulties of possible remedies in the Middle Ages we must consider the outside foes which had to be fought at the same time. One kind of these, as they were the most shameless, were the most formidable, namely, men who were strong enough, in parts of England remote from the central authority, to defy legal justice and legal process openly.

"Nowadays we do not easily realize the chronic persistence of such behavior in a land whose rulers are seriously minded to keep order. Riot is not impossible in the most civilized of jurisdictions, but is abnormal; it is at most an occasional scandal. Powerful interests may be arrayed against the law; they may dispose of great resources and be capable of giving much trouble. But they have, at any rate, to do the law of the land some kind of lip service.

"Their aim is, if possible, to capture its machinery and use it for their own purposes. Chicane and corruption are their weapons, and the corruption is seldom undisguised, even when it is notorious. Intimidation is employed more sparingly, not from any moral scruple, but because it is less profitable and provokes defensive combination; and when it is employed it is in the form of social and pecuniary pressure. Violence is avoided as impolite unless there is a fair chance of representing it as lawful self-help. A very different state of things prevailed in England down to the sixteenth century. We find the danger of great men defying the law not only recognized but prominent in the dooms of the Saxon Kings.

"Next we have to consider the enemies of the law and legal order in modern times. We do not mean ordinary criminals, for lawbreakers, occasional or habitual, do not undertake at this day to subvert the law, but only do their best to thwart or evade it in their own particular interests. Again, there is no need to dwell on those who speak evil of the legal profession rather than of the law itself. The common topics of vulgar abuse have been abundantly refuted by English authors, lay and professional, from Dr. Johnson to my lamented and accomplished friend Dr. Showell Rogers of Birmingham. Least of all is it needful to dwell on such matters in this country, where the canon of professional ethics has been so thoroughly discussed and formulated. Enough to say that the rules accepted by American and English lawyers alike, whether in written form or unwritten, aim as high as those of any other calling in the world, and, on the whole, are as well observed.

"Various modern theorists, political or economical, are hostile to particular legal institutions or their existing forms; and hence it is easy for their opponents, and sometimes profitable, to charge them with conspiring against the very existence of the law. Concerning Socialism in its many forms there is plenty of room for legitimate criticism, but the antinomism heresy seems to be about the last kind that it can be reasonably accused of. For the one thing in which all Socialistic plans agree is in requiring not less legal compulsion than is imposed by existing civilization, but a great deal more.

"Herein we may note that some persons who have been called, or have even called themselves, Socialists were really Anarchists. William Morris, for example, as shown by his 'News from Nowhere,' which, whatever else it may be, is the most delightful exposition of pacific anarchism in our language. The idyllic life in a regenerated England, as Morris conceives it, is life not under a paternal or fraternal executive, but without any executive at all; there is not a State which has appropriated capital and administers it for the common good, but the State has disappeared and capital has apparently been distributed among a number of very small autonomous communities whose members are wonderfully unanimous as to the use of it.

"Socialism, properly so called, presents the question (which is of no special import for us here) what kind of law would be fitted to carry out its economic ideals. Anarchism raises a much more curious problem, whether William Morris's or Tolstoy's Utopia would really succeed in getting rid of law so completedly as the inventors thought. If the Morrisians or the Tolstoyians could not agree, their only remedy would be to split up into smaller bodies, each with its own habits.

"The splitting process would, however, be limited, in the last resort, by the numbers of the smallest social unit capable of permanently supporting itself. Smaller or larger, the final units would be held together by something outside the wills of the individual members; and that something, being a force of habit which would be uniform, binding, and applicable to a definite, independent group, would be very like what we know as customary law.

"There seems to be no ground for affirming that the common law is especially attached to any one form of government or is incompatible with any that makes substantial provision for civic liberty and the representation of the governed. Those fundamental conditions must be satisfied in many ways, perhaps in ways not yet found out.

"It might be hard to say how much of the house of Our Lady of the Common Law has been rebuilt, but it is sure that the fashion of the furniture has been changed many times. Henry VIII., not to say Edward I., would never have believed a man who prophesied that his successors, after losing most of their direct power and sinking for a short time into political insignificance, would regain a high degree of consideration and no contemptable measure of influence as confidential but impartial advisers of their own Ministers.

"Yet through all this time the common law stands where it did. Our Lady does not, in truth, care much by what name the Chief Magistrate is called, whether his office is elective or hereditary, whether he has as much active discretion of his own as the President of the United States or as little as a modern King of Great Britain. What she does care for is that government, whatever its forms, shall be lawful and not arbitrary; that it shall have the essential attributes for which Chief Justice Fortescue's word was 'political' as far back as the fifteenth century.

"She looks for trusty servants who will stand by her in the day of need. She demands fearless and independent Judges drawn from a fearless and independent bar, men who will not swerve from the straight path to the right hand for any pleasure of rulers, be they aristocratic or democratic, nor be drawn aside to the left by more insidious temptation of finding popular favor in opposition. If Our Lady's servants are not of that spirit, all the learning of all their books will not save them from disgrace or her realm from ruin. If they are, we shall never see the enemy whom she and they will be afraid to speak with in the gate."

BAYONNE'S OLD CLERK DEAD.

William C. Hamilton Served the City for More Than Forty Years.

William C. Hamilton, the oldest City Clerk in point of service in New Jersey, died yesterday at his home, 49 East Thirty-third Street, Bayonne, in his seventy-fourth year. He served as City Clerk of Bayonne for more than forty years and under every Mayor and Council the city has had. He served as Township Clerk before the incorporation of the city and drew the city Charter.

Mr. Hamilton was a member of the Hudson County Board of Freeholders for three terms. He served his time as a member of the Seventh Regiment, New York, before the outbreak of the civil war, but served in the war as Brigade sutler under Gen. Burnside. He was born in Albany, and his father was Dr. Alexander Hamilton, who conducted the Hamilton Institute, a health resort at Saratoga for many years.

Mr. Hamilton is survived by his wife, three daughters, Mrs. Frank M. Bradley of Cranford, Mrs. Nathaniel C. Walker of Bayonne, and Miss Adelaide Hamilton, and a son, Emmett S. Hamilton, Vice President of the City Bank of Bayonne.

DR. ISAAC L. KIP DEAD.

Members of Old New York Family Dies in His 81st Year.

Dr. Isaac L. Kipp, a retired physician and a member of one of New York's old families, died yesterday at his home, 448 Fifth Avenue, of the infirmities of old age. Dr. Kip was born in this city in 1830 and was graduated at the New York University in 1854. A few years later he became associated with the Mutual Life Insurance Company as an examiner.

Dr. Kip married, in 1858, Cornelia Brady, a daughter of the late William V. Brady, a former Mayor of New York, and in 1873 he severed his connections with the Mutual to manage the Brady estate. Dr. Kipp was also one of the claimants to the Kip Bay estate in First Avenue, to which his ancestors had obtained a grant about 200 years ago. Dr. Kip was a member of the Historical Society and the Delta Phi Fraternity, and for forty years he was a member of St. Bartholomew's Church.

He is survived by a daughter and son, Mrs. Philip Rhinelander and William V. B. Kip.

R. I. Smiley Dead, Aged 100.

Robert Irving Smiley, who died in Ozone Park, L. I., on Thursday morning at the age of 100 years, three months and one day, will be buried from the home of his daughter, at 1,144 Union Avenue, Ozone Park, this morning, and it is expected his funeral will be one of the largest ever held in Queens County. Mr. Smiley was one of the pioneer shoe dealers in Boston and New York. He was born in Canada, but had lived in the United States more than ninety years, thirty of which he had spent on Long Island.

Mr. Smiley was a warm friend of President Franklin Pierce, and cast his first vote for him when he ran for President. He was married three times and had six children, two of whom survive, his third wife having died several years ago. A daughter, Mrs. Iola Lippincott, lived with her father, and a son, John Smiley of Detroit, Mich., an actor, is now playing in "The Virginian."

Memorial Service for Rev. Dr. Devins.

In memory of the late Rev. Dr. John Bancroft Devins, minister, editor, traveler, author, lecturer, and philanthropist, special service will be held to-morrow at 4 P. M. in the Central Presbyterian Church. Among those who will speak tributes to Dr. Devins are the Rev. John F. Carson, Moderator of the Presbyterian General Asembly; the Rev. Mr. George Alexander, Moderator of the New York Presbytery; the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Stoddard, the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet, the Rev. Dr. Jesse F. Forbes, the Rev. Dr. Wilton-Merle Smith, and the Rev. Dr. David G. Wylie. The hymn, "Jesus, Saviour; We Would See Thee," which was written by Dr. Devins, and Dr. Devins's favorite hymn, "Ten Thousand Times Ten Thousand," will be sung by the Central Church choir.

Commander Wm. H. Alderdice Buried.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 6.—Funeral services for Commander William Hilliary Alderdice, U. S. N., (retired,) were held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. Alderdice in Ocean Avenue. The Rev. Mr. Warren of Newport, R. I., officiated. The honorary pall bearers were Dr. William Appleton, Gen. J. M. Belle, Mason Terry, and Dr. Talbot of New York. Interment was in Cedar Grove Cemetery.

Obituary Notes.

ALEXANDER FORBES MACDONALD, a contractor and real estate dealer, died Thursday at his home, 344 West 121st Street, at the age of 79 years. Mr. Macdonald was born in Picton County, Nova Scotia. For several years, in the early 60's, he was engaged in the shipbuilding business in Boston. In 1861 Mr. Macdonald married Janet Campbell-Erskine, who died July 20 last.

WILLIAM ROSS PIERCE died in Cleveland on Thursday of heart disease at the age of 44. He was employed by the Mechanical Rubber Company of Cleveland. His home was in Newton, N. J. He was graduated from Lehigh University in 1877, and was a member of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity. He leaves a widow, Clara Pierce, and a son, Robert.

CHARLES A. BOYNTON, a retired jewelry manufacturer, died yesterday of paralysis at his home, 259 West 129th Street. He had been an invalid for the last ten years. Mr. Boynton was born in the northern part of the State sixty-one years ago. He was a Mason and a Knight Templar. He leaves a wife and a son.

B

SMALL-CROWD SEES GIANTS WIN TWICE

Ames and Crandall Pitch Rather Easy Victories Over Philadelphia Team.

THE SCORES.

New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	6	—10
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	— 5

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	4	1	0	1	0	3	0	0
Doyle, 2b	5	0	0	0	0	5	1	1
Snodgrass, cf	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Murray, rf	3	2	1	1	0	1	0	0
Devlin, 1b	3	1	0	0	0	12	0	0
Herzog, 3b	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	1
Fletcher, ss	4	2	3	0	0	2	5	0
Wilson, c	3	2	2	1	0	2	3	2
Ames, p	4	0	2	0	1	0	2	1
Total	32	10	8	4	1	27	14	5

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Knabe, 2b	5	1	2	0	0	2	2	0
Lobert, 3b	3	1	2	2	0	2	0	0
Magee, lf	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Luderus, 1b	5	0	0	0	0	7	0	0
Paskert, cf	4	0	2	0	0	6	0	0
Titus, rf	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Doolan, ss	3	1	0	0	1	1	2	1
Killifer, c	4	1	1	0	1	3	1	2
Schultz, p	3	0	1	2	0	0	2	0
Total	35	5	9	3	2	24	7	3

Two-base hits—Knabe, 2. Sacrifice fly—Schultz. Stolen bases—Devore, Fletcher, Lobert, 2. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Left on bases—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 8. Struck out—By Ames, 2; by Schultz, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 3; off Schultz, 4. Hit by pitchers—By Ames, 1, (Doolan;) by Schultz, 2. Wild pitch—Schultz. Passed ball—Wilson. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes.

SECOND GAME.

New York	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—5
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—4

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Becker, lf	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	2	1	0	2	0	3	0	0
Burns, cf	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Murray, rf	4	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Paulette, 1b	4	0	2	0	1	8	0	0
Herzog, 3b	4	2	2	0	0	1	1	1
Devlin, ss	3	0	2	0	0	1	2	0
Hartley, c	3	0	0	0	0	10	2	0
Crandall, p	3	0	1	0	0	1	3	0
Total	29	5	8	4	2	27	8	2

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Knabe, 2b	4	1	2	0	0	2	1	1
Lobert, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	3	1	0
Magee, lf	4	1	1	0	0	2	1	0
Luderus, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	2	4	2
Paskert, cf	3	1	2	1	0	3	2	0
Beck, rf	4	1	2	0	1	3	0	0
Lehr, ss	4	0	0	0	1	3	2	1
Walsh, c	4	0	0	0	1	4	2	1
Chalmers, p	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
*Titus	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hall, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
†Doolan	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	4	8	1	9	24	11	3

*Batted for Chalmers in the seventh inning.

†Batted for Hall in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Becker, Herzog, Devlin, Lobert, Paskert. Home runs—Magee. Stolen bases—Becker, Herzog. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Left on bases—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 5. Double plays—Paskert and Knabe, Lehr and Knabe. Struck out—By Crandall, 9; by Chalmers, 1; by Hall, 1. Bases on balls—Off Crandall, 1; off Chalmers, 3; off Hall, 1. Hits—Off Chalmers, 8 in 6 innings, (at bat, 24;) off Hall, 0 in 2 innings, (at bat, 5.) Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Now that the Giants have won the pennant, the going is as smoth as glass. That's always the way. When you're winning, luck and prosperity crowd around, but when you're losing—well, ask the St. Looey Browns or the Boston Nationals. New York entertained the Phillies in a double header at the Polo Grounds yesterday in the last clash between the clubs this season. New York took both games, the first by a score of 10 to 5 and the second 5 to 4.

Red Ames pitched the first game and Crandall the second. Neither pitcher blew up, and the New York team, with substitutes taking the place of several of the regulars, couldn't lose no matter how careless they were. In the series for the season, the Giants have won twelve games and the Phillies 10. At one time this year the Quakers had won 9 and the Giants only 2. The present state of affairs sort of shows that the New Yorks have been traveling under the fourth gear for some time. The baseball public didn't fall over itself flocking to see the bargain bill. Probably they are holding back for future games which are to be played here. Less than 2,500 were there to approve of the Giants' action. It threatened to rain and out the double header down to one game, but no such luck.

"Toots" Schultz, who used to pitch for Pennsylvania in his college days, was on the mound for the Phillies in the first clash. Up to the seventh inning, "Toots" was a marvel and allowed the Giants one scratch hit. In the seventh and eighth innings he blew up, and New York collected nine runs in the two portions. Schultz got wild in the eighth, and after passing two men, he planted the ball on the ribs of the next two and forced in a run.

Ames wasn't called upon to do any wonderful pitching to hold up his end, but he was steady when he needed to be. Paskert was the star of the game, he making a truly marvelous catch of Devore's line drive in the third inning. The smash was ticketed a homer, but Paskert leaped for it after a hard chase and stabbed the ball with his gloved hand. Devore also made a good catch of Magee's liner in the fifth inning, plucking the bang as it was settling into the sod. Besides winning, the Giants also made several errors.

Because Chalmers was as wild as a hawk in the first inning, New York won the second game. Two passes, an error, and two hits gave the Giants a four-run start, and the Phillies were never able to catch up, although they came perilously close to it. Magee started the scoring of this part of the fray by lifting a home run into the left-field bleachers. Then the New Yorks proceeded to wipe out this mark. In the fourth inning, the Giants got three two-base hits and a single, but got only one run from the collection. It afterward's proved that this was the count needed to win. Crandall was hit hard in the eighth and ninth innings, but excellent fielding by himself and his associates cut the Phillies down when they were within the trouble zone. Chalmers gave way to Hall in the seventh inning, and the Giants didn't get another hit.

Manager McGraw had all his young hopefuls in action in the second tilt, and they did well. Burns made a great catch in centre field and Paulette was very active at first base and at the bat.

JUST KEEPING THEIR HAND IN.

Umpire Rigler called Sherwood Magee out twice on strikes, but Magee walked quietly to the bench without a word of protest.

What's this, $6.25 for box seats for the world's series. Who's playing, two teams of grand opera singers?

After reading about the great demand for tickets, the struggle involved to get them, the enormity of the demand, and the smallness of the supply, the plain ordinary fan who goes to the Polo Grounds day after day all season scratches his head and says: "Well, I guess I'll have to wait till they show the games in moving pictures."

It was Herzog's turn to sleep yesterday. He dreamily gazed into the future into the ninth inning of the first game as Lobert stole third and then went home when Herzog failed to stop Wilson's throw.

With two strikes on Hall in the ninth inning of the second game Doolan went in to bat for him. Yes, he fanned.

Crandall made a gorgeous stop in the eighth inning of the second game, which saved the bacon for the Giants. With two on and two out, Beck smashed a liner toward second. Crandall courageously jumped for it with his left hand and the ball stuck as if planted in glue.

The lot of the artist is sometimes hard. Yesterday one of the Michael Angelo persons who is painting red, white, and blue shields on the upper tier boxes almost got pinged on the pitching arm by a foul tip. He was lucky and only a pot of red paint was spilled.

Out of the last eleven games between the Giants and the Phillies, the Quakers have won only one.

Central A. A. U. Election.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—With twenty-seven clubs represented, the Central Amateur Athletic Union held its annual election of officers last night and unanimously named Everett C. Brown, President of the National Amateur Athletic Union as Chief Executive. William G. Howe of the Illinois Athletic Club was elected First Vice President and George A. Schneider of the Cleveland Athletic Club Second Vice President. Charles A. Dean was re-elected Secretary and Treasurer, and Walter H. Eckersall of Chicago was chosen as official handicapper.

Our boys' suits are built to vault fences, shin trees, do all the stunts boys should.

Of course, our greatest feature is style, for even clumsy clothes can be strong.

But our style is a real live boys' style.

The models are worked out on real boys.

With the best qualities of woolens, and good stout making, the strength is there, too.

Yet with all this our boys' clothes are reasonably priced.

The great volume of our men's clothing business gives us unusual advantages in making boys' clothes.

Norfolks and double-breasted suits, $7.50 to $20.

Sunday-go-to-meeting overcoats for to-morrow that go to business quite as gracefully.

Rich dark Oxfords, silk lined and silk faced, for example.

Derbies.
"Sueur" Enamel Shoes.
Walking gloves.
Everything men and boys wear.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 10; Philadelphia, 5.
New York, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 1; Brooklyn, 0.
Brooklyn, 13; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 5; New York, 4.
Boston, 3; Washington, 1.
St. Louis, 11; Detroit, 5.
Cleveland at Chicago—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	6	98	50	.662
Chicago	4	90	60	.600
Pittsburgh	3	84	67	.556
Philadelphia	5	79	71	.527
St. Louis	6	73	73	.500
Cincinnati	5	68	81	.456
Brooklyn	8	61	85	.418
Boston	6	41	107	.277

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	3	101	50	.669
Detroit	3	88	63	.583
Cleveland	4	79	71	.527
Chicago	6	75	73	.507
Boston	2	77	75	.507
New York	2	76	76	.500
Washington	1	64	89	.418
St. Louis	5	43	106	.289

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.
Pittsburgh at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
Washington at Boston.
Cleveland at Chicago.
(Two games.)
Detroit at St. Louis.

ED COLLINS CLEARS BASES WITH TRIPLE

Yankees Lose Another Game and Drop Into Sixth Place in American League.

THE SCORE.

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	—5
New York	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—4

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Lord, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Oldring, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Collins, 2b	4	0	3	6	2	0
Derrick, 3b	3	1	1	1	2	0
Murphy, rf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Davis, 1b	4	0	1	4	2	0
Barry, ss	4	0	1	1	1	1
Lapp, c	1	0	0	4	3	0
Thomas, c	2	1	1	2	1	0
Coombs, p	2	1	1	2	0	0
Danforth, p	1	1	0	1	0	0
Total	33	5	10	27	11	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dolan, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	1
Chase, 2b	4	1	2	3	2	0
Cree, lf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Knight, 1b	3	2	2	5	2	0
Hartzell, ss	4	0	0	2	3	1
Zinn, cf	3	0	0	2	2	0
Williams, c	4	0	0	4	3	1
Caldwell, p	4	0	0	0	1	0
Total	33	4	8	24	13	2

Three-base hits—Collins, (2.) Stolen bases—Daniels, (2,) Cree, Knight, Chase. Struck out—By Caldwell, 4; by Coombs, 2; by Danforth, 2. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Left on bases—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Caldwell, 2; off Coombs, 3; off Danforth, 1. Wild pitches—Coombs, Caldwell. Pitchers' record—Off Coombs, 6 hits and 19 times at bat in 5 innings; off Danforth, 2 hits and 14 times at bat in 4 innings. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Dineen.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—In the presence of one of the smallest crowds that ever attended a baseball game at Shibe Park, the Athletics defeated New York to-day in a spirited contest by a score of 5 to 4. The Yankees were pushed down into sixth place in the race. A scratch triple by Collins in the seventh inning proved the winning factor. Three men were on bases at the time and all scored. Collins was retired at the plate trying to make the circuit on the hit.

The Yankees held the lead up to the seventh inning. Coombs started the game for the champions, and the big twirler was touched up rather freely and opportunely, although he never exerted himself to any extent, being in the box only for the purpose of keeping in condition. Coombs was succeeded by Danforth, who pitched splendid ball, holding the Yankees to three singles in four rounds. Caldwell officiated on the mound for the Yankees. The tall slant artist pitched good ball, and would have won his game had Daniels played Collins's drive in the seventh inning for a single, which was all it would have been had Daniels stopped it.

Cree and Knight singled for New York in the second inning. Hartzell bunted a short fly to Coombs. Zinn flied to Lord. Cree and Knight worked a double steal and both scored on Williams's corking single to left.

In the fourth inning Knight opened with a single. Hartzell flied to Murphy, and Zinn walked. On Williams's single to centre Knight came home.

In the eighth session, with Danforth pitching, Chase opened with a single, went to second on Cree's infield out, stole third, and scored on Knight's out at first base.

The Athletics scored one run in the third. Lapp started the round with a pass and took second on Coombs's hit. Lord bunted to Knight, whose throw to Dolan forced out Lapp. Oldring flied to Daniels. On Collins's double Coombs scored. After Collins struck out in the sixth inning, Derrick was passed and took second on Murphy's infield out, scoring on Davis's single to right.

Thomas started the seventh inning with a rap too hard for Caldwell. Danforth was safe on Dolan's fumble. Lord fanned. Oldring beat out a grounder to Hartzell, filling the bases. Collins then lined the ball to right, on which Daniels tried to make a catch, the ball escaping him and rolling almost to the fence, all three scoring and Collins being thrown out at the plate. In the first inning Collins was also retired at the plate trying to stretch his triple to left centre to a home run.

Splendid stops and throws by Hartzell, Dolan, and Derrick, and fine running catches by Zinn and Cree were in the fielding features.

Tiger Recruits Lose to Browns.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 6.—St. Louis won from Detroit to-day by 11 to 5. The visitors' team for the greater part was composed of recruits. Kutina of St. Louis got three hits, one being for three bases and another a home run. Score:

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Tutw'r, 2b	5	2	2	3	1
Drake, lf	4	1	2	1	0
Gainor, 1b	4	1	1	8	1
Schmidt, rf	5	0	0	0	0
B'mann, ss	5	0	2	3	5
Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Casey, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Wilson, c	4	1	2	5	2
Lively, p	4	0	1	0	2
Total	38	5	10	24	12

ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Shotten, cf	5	2	2	1	0
Austin, 3b	5	1	1	2	1
Hogan, lf	3	1	1	3	0
Laporte, 2b	4	1	1	1	5
C'pton, rf	5	1	1	2	0
Kutina, 1b	4	1	3	12	1
Hal'nan, ss	3	2	1	3	6
Krichell, c	4	0	2	2	1
E. Brown, p	1	0	0	0	0
C. Brown, p	3	1	0	0	2
Total	33	11	12	27	16

Errors—Tutweiler, Gainor, Casey, Wilson, Laporte, 2; Hallinan, Krichell.

St. Louis	5	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	..	—11
Detroit	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—	5

Two-base hits—Drake, Tutweiler. Three-base hit—Kutina. Home run—Kutina. Double plays—Baumann, Gainor, and Moriarty; Hallinan, Laporte, and Kutina. Stolen bases—Drake, Gainor, Shotten, 2; Hallinan, Krichell, Hogan. Wild pitches—E. Brown, C. Brown. Bases on balls—Off E. Brown, 1; off C. Brown, 2; off Lively, 4. Struck out—By Lively, 4; by C. Brown, 1. Hits—Off E. Brown, 8 in two innings; off C. Brown, 7 in seven innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Detroit, 9. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Mullen.

"Buck" O'Brien Beats Johnson.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 6.—Pitted against Walter Johnson, "Buck" O'Brien, Boston's recruit pitcher, maintained his mastery of batsmen to-day, and Boston won from Washington, 3 to 1. The Senators' only tally was made possible by Speaker's muff of Street's fly, which went for two bases. The locals hit Johnson opportunely. The score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
H'ksen, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Yerkes, ss	3	0	0	1	5
Sp'ker, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Rig'rt, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Engle, 3b	3	0	0	3	3
J. Lewis, 2b	2	0	0	4	2
F'dley, 1b	3	1	2	11	1
W'lliams, c	3	0	1	4	2
O'Brien, p	3	0	1	1	3
Total	28	3	7	27	18

WASHINGTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Milan, cf	3	0	2	1	0
Sch'er, lb	4	0	1	7	0
Elb'f'd, 3b	3	0	0	3	0
Gessler, rf	4	0	0	0	1
C. W'ker, lf	4	0	2	1	0
McBride, ss	4	0	0	1	2
Cunn'h'm, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
Street, c	3	1	1	8	0
Johnson, p	3	0	0	2	2
Total	31	1	6	24	11

Errors—Speaker, Elberfeld.

Boston	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—O'Brien. Sacrifice hit—Yerkes. Stolen base—Milan. Double play—O'Brien and Bradley. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off O'Brien, 3; off Johnson, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 1. Hit by pitcher—J. Lewis. Struck out—By O'Brien, 2; by Johnson, 7. Passed ball—Williams. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and Connolly.

TAILENDERS SPLIT EVEN.

Boston Wins First Game, 1 to 0, and Brooklyn Takes Second, 13 to 3.

Boston and Brooklyn broke even at Washington Park yesterday in a double header, which finished the season's series between these clubs. The Rustlers won the opening game, which was marked by strong pitching and fast fielding, 1 to 0, and the Superbas carried off the honors in the second, 13 to 3. The closing number was closely fought up to Brooklyn's half of the seventh inning, when the Superbas broke a 3-to-3 tie by pushing eight runs across on as many hits.

Donnelly, a pitcher obtained by Boston from the Troy team of the New York State League, was easily the star of the opening game. He allowed the Superbas only six scattered hits and did not give a pass. Brooklyn got runners as far as third base in the first and third innings, but Donnelly was unhittable when runs threatened. During the last six innings not one of the Dahlenites reached second base.

Ragon, for the home team, was almost as effective, but he had one bad inning—the fourth. In this chapter the visitors bunched three of their eight hits and pushed across their lone run.

The second game was settled in the seventh inning when the Superbas started a batting (fusilade on Old Cy Young and drove the veteran from the box. In the previous innings Cy had allowed only three hits, two of them coming in the second inning with a pass, an error, and a sacrifice fly, the combination netting three runs. With one out in the seventh inning Brooklyn got eight successive hits off Young, the collection including a triple, two doubles, and five singles. The eighth hit was the signal for Young's retirement, and Weaver finished the game. Two more hits, a pass, and an error gave the home team two runs in the eighth inning.

Dent was douched up quite freely by Boston, but the hits were not bunched to any extent. Schardt pitched the last two innings and did not allow a hit. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Sw'ney, 2b	4	1	1	2	6
Donlin, cf	3	0	1	3	1
Kirke, lf	4	0	2	2	0
R. Miller, rf	3	0	0	1	0
E'dwell, ss	2	0	1	1	1
Houser, 1b	3	0	0	10	2
McD'ld, 3b	3	0	1	1	3
Kling, c	2	0	0	3	0
Rariden, c	1	0	0	2	1
D'nnelly, p	3	0	0	1	5
Total	28	1	5	27	19

BROOKLYN.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Northen, cf	4	0	3	1	1
Daub't, lb	4	0	0	8	0
Daley, lf	3	0	1	2	1
Hummel, 2b	4	0	0	1	4
Tooley, ss	4	0	1	2	5
Coulson, rf	3	0	0	2	1
Stark, 3b	3	0	0	2	1
Higgins, c	3	0	0	5	2
Ragon, p	2	0	1	0	1
W. Miller, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Wheat	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	6	27	16

*Batted for Ragon in the eighth inning.

Errors—Bridwell, Donnelly.

Boston	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Kirke. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Brooklyn, 5. Double plays—Tooley, Hummel and Daubert, (2;) Donlin and Houser. Struck out—By Donnelly, 5; by Ragon, 3; by W. Miller, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ragon, 3; off W. Miller, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Donnelly, 1, (Daley.) Wild pitch—Donnelly. Hits—Off Ragon, 7 in eight innings; off W. Miller, 1 in one inning. Umpires—Messrs. Bush and Brennan. Time of game—One hour and twenty-two minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Northen, cf	4	2	1	5	0
Daub't, lb	5	1	1	13	0
Daly, lf	5	2	2	1	0
Hum'l, 2b	4	2	2	2	6
Tooley, ss	4	2	2	1	2
C'lson, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Stark, 3b	4	1	1	1	2
O. Miller, c	3	1	1	2	3
Dent, p	2	0	1	0	1
Schardt, p	1	0	0	0	0
*Wheat	1	0	1	0	0
†Barger	0	1	0	0	0
Total	37	13	13	27	14

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Sw'ney, 2b	5	0	1	1	1
Donlin, cf	2	0	1	0	0
Kaiser, cf	3	0	0	2	0
Kirke, lf	4	0	2	4	0
R. M'ler, lf	3	0	1	1	0
B'dwell, ss	3	0	0	1	4
Houser, 1b	1	0	1	1	1
Ing'ton, 1b	3	0	0	9	0
McD'ld, 3b	3	1	1	0	2
Rariden, c	3	1	1	4	1
Young, p	2	0	1	1	2
Weaver, p	0	0	0	0	1
‡Tenney	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	8	24	12

*Batted for Dent in the seventh.
†Ran for Wheat in the seventh.
‡Batted for Weaver in the ninth.

Errors—Sweeney, Kaiser (2,) Ingerton, Rariden, Hummel (2,) Coulson.

Brooklyn	0	3	0	0	0	0	8	2	x	—13
Boston	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—	3

Two-base hits—Daley, Hummel, Tooley, Coulson, Sweeney. Three-base hit—O. Miller. Sacrifice hits—Bridwell, Young. Sacrifice fly—O. Miller. Stolen bases—Tooley, Coulson, Dorlin, McDonald. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Boston, 2. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 8. Struck out—By Dent, 1; by Schardt, 1; by Young, 3. Bases on balls—Off Dent, 2; off Schardt, 1; off Young, 1; off Weaver, 1. Wild pitches—Young, 2. Hits—Off Dent, 8 in seven innings; off Schardt, 0 in two innings; off Young, 11 in six and one-third innings; off Weaver 2 in one and two-thirds innings. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Bush. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes.

Schoolboys to Play Soccer.

The Public Schools Athletic League has just received the entry of eight elementary schools for the fifth annual soccer football tournament. This is the largest entry that the league had ever had for soccer football, and is an indication of the growing interest in the game among the school boys. There will be a round-robin series of games arranged, and the fields of the Board of Education will be used every week by the teams that are to strive for the trophy donated by Clarence H. Mackay. The following schools have sent their entries to Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Secretary of the league: Public School 62, Manhattan; Public School 46, Manhattan; Public School 83, Manhattan; Public School 84, Brooklyn; Public School 152, Brooklyn; Public School 9, Brooklyn; Public School 128, Brooklyn, and Public School 139, Brooklyn.

CALIFORNIA GIRLS CLASH IN TENNIS

Miss Hotchkiss Easily Defeats Miss Florence Sutton at West Side Courts.

The semi-final round of the women's Metropolitan championship tennis singles was the main attraction yesterday on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club, one match in particular being of exceptional interest. That was where Miss Hazel Hotchkiss met Miss Florence Sutton, both of California, the former being the National champion and the latter her challenger this year. When the pair met last June for the big event at Philadelphia Miss Sutton came within a stroke of winning the title from Miss Hotchkiss after a terrific three-set encounter. Miss Sutton was no match for Miss Hotchkiss in yesterday's battle. In straight sets Miss Hotchkiss out-drove and out-manoeuvred Miss Sutton, and she won her place in the final round with the score of 6—2, 6—1, or 61 aces to 39. It was a first-class brand of tennis from first to last, and delighted the biggest gallery that ever gathered to see the women play on the West Side courts.

A remarkable thing about the match was its very few faults. There was only one double fault and four other faults during the entire setto. In the other match of the semi-final Mrs. Barger Wallach, the National champion of 1908, was coupled with Miss Edith Handy. The ex-champion was too much of a court general for her younger rival, and she won with the score of 8—3, 8—3, or 65 points to 43.

There was some spectacular work in the mixed doubles. Miss Hotchkiss and Carlton A. Gardner played Mrs. Frederick Schmitz and A. Boyce in the semi-final, and there were all sorts of fine shots and hair-raising plays. The Californians had matters mostly their own way, and they won with the score of 6—1, 6—2, or 66 points to 38. A three-set match was productive of the other semi-final between Mrs. George M. Chapman and A. Holmes against Mrs. Herbert E. Manvel and Joseph Condon. Mrs. Chapman and her partner won with the score of 6—3, 7—9, 6—3, or 127 points to 106. The summary:

Women's Singles, Semi-Final Round.—Miss Hazel Hotchkiss defeated Miss Florence Sutton, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Barger Wallach defeated Miss Edith Handy, 6—3, 6—3.

Women's Doubles, Third Round.—Mrs. H. E. Manvel and Joseph Condon defeated Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and M. Caudery, 3—6, 8—4, 6—0.

Semi-Final Round.—Miss Hazel Hotchkiss and Carlton A. Gardner defeated Mrs. Frederick Schmitz and A. Boyce, 6—1, 6—2; Mrs. George M. Chapman and A. Holmes defeated Mrs. H. E. Manvel and Joseph Condon, 6—3, 7—9, 6—3.

Consolation Singles, Third Round.—Miss Clara Kutroff defeated Miss Bessie Holden, 6—2, 6—4.

Semi-Final Round.—Miss Elizabeth Bunce defeated Miss Amy Harper, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Clara Kutroff defeated Miss Gertrude Della Torre, 6—4, 6—4.

NEXT CROSS-COUNTRY RACE.

Brookline C. C. to Hold Intercollegiate Event Nov. 25.

The Advisory and Executive Committees of the Intercollegiate Association held its Fall meeting last night at the Waldorf-Astoria, when it was decided that the annual cross-country run of the association will be held at the Brookline (Mass.) Country Club on Nov. 25 next. James Sullivan of the Amateur Athletic Union was chosen as referee.

It was announced that the net proceeds of the intercollegiate meet held at Cambridge this year were $5,831. Those present at the meeting were Gustavus Kirby, Chairman; T. Gerrish of Harvard, R. Berry of Cornell, J. Felt of Princeton, Mullins of Yale, Slaymaker of Cornell, Muiford of Pennsylvania, Gaddis of Harvard, Smith of Columbia, and Hyatt of New York University.

DE MAR'S MARATHON.

Melrose Boy Captures Long Race from Boston to Brockton.

BROCKTON, Mass., Oct. 6. — Clarence de Mar of Melrose, the winner of the Boston Athletic Association Marathon race last Spring, won the Brockton Marathon to-day. The race started from Boston at 12 o'clock. De Mar finished at 2:20:55 4-5.

The other cup winners finished as follows: R. F. Piggott, Medford, 2:31:16¾, second; Andrew Sockalexis, Oldtown, Me., 2:31:41¼, third; P. A. Corriveau, East Bridgewater, 2:31:42, fourth; and James Cleary, Worcester, 2:35:24 4-5, fifth.

The next six finished in the following order:

KEEN SPORT IN SHOW RING AND ON TRACK

Long Island Colony Enjoys Day's Outing at Piping Rock Exhibition.

Mortimer L. Schiff and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock carried away the largest number of trophies at the opening day's judging of the Piping Rock Horse Show, which began yesterday and concludes to-day. As one of the prettiest functions of its kind in the United States, everything in connection with the exhibition, from the class of the animals shown to the manner in which the various classes were handled, was fully up to the high standard set in previous years at this show.

Amateurish only from the standpoint that silver trophies and ribbons were the prizes of the successful in the eyes of the judges, the session went along with a swing and dash which reflected credit upon the managers of it, and Paul D. Cravath and his coworkers in the organization were accorded much commendation because of the perfect arrangements.

Society was out in force, many persons prominent in New York with country homes adjacent to the territory aiding in making the scene one which savored of the Madison Square Garden Horse Show. The Long Island hunting set was also on hand, the members vieing with each other for the judges' favor, with the result that the class of entrants was of such standard as is seldom seen at any similar exhibition.

Judging went on without interruption from the middle of the morning until well after noon, when a recess was taken, after which a half dozen more classes were decided before adjournment was taken to the typical cross-country course, over which five races on the flat and over the jumps were held.

Nestling among the hills back of Locust Valley, Piping Rock is picturesque in the extreme, with its sixth of a mile show ring, protected on all sides by towering trees. The grand stand on the end of the field was comfortably filled with members of the association and their friends, while the ellipse itself was surrounded by vehicles of every type, from the one-horse vehicle to the four-in-hand, of which there were four, atop of which were parties all enjoying themselves with the day's doings. Dozens of automobiles found parking spaces both in and out of the grounds.

One of the early contests which contained much interest for every one was the four-in-hand driving event for ladies, which called out as contenders for the honors Miss Marion Hollins, Miss Harriet Alexander, Mrs. J. E. Davis, and Miss Josephine Osborn. They all handled the ribbons over Morris Howlett's horses, hitched to a coach, the property of Clarence H. Mackay.

This contest marked the third annual competition for the Bagatelle Cup, presented by Mrs. Thomas Hastings. Each of the fair drivers was ordered to make several circuits of the ring, with crossovers. After long deliberation E. Von Der Horst Koch, the judge, awarded first honors to Miss Hollins, and Miss Alexander was the next in favor.

In the matter of individual supremacy Baron Brown and Queen of the West, Mortimer L. Schiff's nomination, and Morgiana, an entry of John S. Phipps, each carried off two firsts. Baron Brown was the first horse in the show to score, this being in the single horse class, when shown to a runabout. There was a capital entry in this division and the brown gelding clearly surpassed his opponents in appearance, duplicating his success soon afterward in a similar class for horses over 15.2 hands.

For the Harry Payne Whitney Cups in the ponies in harness division, the ponies to be not over 13 hands, and shown in an appropriate trap, driven by a boy or girl not over 12 years old, a big field of youngsters turned out. The blue and accompanying first prize was finally given to the Elsinore Farm's many-time winner Mighty Atom, a bay stallion 11.2 hands H. L. Pratt's Trixey took the second prize, while Harry Payne Whitney's Dalby and William Rogers Coe's Lynn Twilight were third and fourth, respectively.

John S. Phipps's Morgiana, the smallest pony in the show, standing only 9¼ hands, won a double victory in the classes for this type, both when ridden and later when shown on a lead line. Monkey, an entry of James Dooley, Jr., finished second in each instance.

The green or qualified hunters class developed such a large field that it was divided into two classes, one each for middleweights and heavyweights. They were tested over the course outside the ring, and in the majority of instances behaved creditably. The heavyweights were passed upon first with J. Parker Kirlin's Blue Peter finding most favor in the eyes of the judges. Paul D. Cravath's Watchful was placed second and Specs, Robert Dudley Winthrop's entry, third.

St. Leonid, with Henry Lawrence Bell up, scored first prize in the middleweight class, being pressed by J. Parker Kirlin's Noble Lad, with F. W. M. Cutcheon's Lady Mountville third.

The concluding class of the morning session called out the hunters which were compelled to perform over a special course, the various obstacles being from three feet to five feet high. The Oxer was particularly hard to surmount, and took the measure of all the entrants except Pinkun and Jouac King.

Pinkun was ridden by his owner, Mr. Bell, and took the jumps without a mistake, finally being awarded first prize. Jouac King was placed second. Jolly Dixon, Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's entry, made many a scramble in order to qualify, and finally got over. Descent, sent in by Miss Cornelia E. Bryce, refused frequently enough to get the gate. The horses were sent over the jumps in pairs, causing the competition to take on the nature of a race, which proved interesting to the onlookers.

Early in the afternoon session the competition for the best pair of saddle horses was held. The conditions called for one to be ridden by a lady and the other by a gentleman, with each to be the bona fide property of one exhibitor. After the weedout was concluded Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's Jolly Dixon, ridden by Miss Emily Randolph, and Cavalier, with Thomas Hitchcock up, gathered in first prize.

Queenlight and Red Prince, ridden by Miss Kirlin and J. Parker Kirlin, were awarded second, while Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's Gloribird, ridden by herself, and the same owner's Dr. Crockett, with Ed Brennan up, took down third. Miss Cravath's Primrose and Commodore, ridden by Miss Harriet Alexander and W. Burling Cocks, respectively, gained fourth.

Adjournment was made from the show ring to the cross-country track during the latter part of the afternoon, and five races, all keenly contested, were seen over a picturesque course.

Among the patrons in the stand and about the grounds were:

Mrs. Robert Bacon, wife of the Ambassador to France; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. J. Bucknell, Mr. and Mrs. George Bullock, Mr. and Mrs. Britton N. Busch, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Blair Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Cravath and daughter, Miss Vera Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Coe, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. M. Cutcheon, Mr. W. Burling Cocks, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Crocker, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Davis, John B. Dennis, Mrs. H. F. Davison, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph N. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Fahys, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gibb, Mrs. Bramhall Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., and daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. Francis L. Hine, Mr. and Mrs. Colgate Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. Walter B. James, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker Kirlin and Miss Kirlin, Judge Robert S. Lovett and Mrs. Lovett, Harvey S. Ladew, Mr. and Mrs. John Chandler Moore, Mrs. Edwin D. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Jr., Frederic H. Moore, Mrs. William R. Peters and Mrs. Atkinson of Georgia, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick F. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Harold I. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. W. Emlen Roosevelt, Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer L. Schiff, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Smithers, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. Ormond G. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Louis C. Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Warner, Harry Payne Whitney and Miss Whitney, Robert Dudley Winthrop, Edward F. Whitney, Miss Whitney, Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Miss Grace Alger, Mrs. Louise Grace, Miss Eugenie May Ladenburg, Miss Marion Hollins, Leonard Jacob, Devereux Emmett, Mrs. Herbert Harriman, Clifford Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Morse, Mrs. Henry Fletcher Godfrey, Mrs. O. W. Bird, Miss Frances Hadden, Harry Renwick, H. L. Bell, Mrs. Violet Van Schaick, Mrs. Albert 2. Gray, James A. McRay, W. S. Farquhar Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis, Miss Hilda Holmes, and Mrs. E. Berry Wall.

The horse show summary:

Single Horse, Over 14.2 and Not Exceeding 15.2 Hands.—Won by Northwood Farm's br. g. Baron Brown; Mrs. W. L. Sutphin's b. m. Margaret Illington, second; Richard Trimble's buck. g. Yellow Label, third; Mrs. George W. Lederer's br. m. Madam Sherry, fourth.

Harness Ponies, Under 13 Hands.—Won by Elsinore Farm's b. s. Mighty Atom; H. L. Pratt's br. m. Trixey, second; H. F. Whitney's br. g. Dalby, third; William Rogers Coe's b. m. Llwyn Twilight, fourth.

Harness Horse, Single, Over 15.2 Hands.—Won by Northwood Farm's br. g. Baron Brown; Northwood Farm's b. g. Northwood Wonder, second; Killeen Farm's ch. m. Britta, third; Elsinore Farm's ch. g. Radium, fourth.

Saddle Ponies, Under 13 Hands.—Won by John S. Phipps's b. m. Morgiana; James Dooley, Jr.'s, b. g. Monkey, second; William Rogers Coe's b. m. Llwyn Twilight, third; Elsinore Farm's b. g. Cardiff, fourth.

Saddle Ponies, for Small Ponies to be Ridden by Young Children and to be Shown on Lead Lines in the Ring.—Won by John S. Phipps's Morgiana; James Dooley, Jr.'s, Monkey, second; H. L. Pratt's br. m. Trixey, third; Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's b. m. Get There, fourth.

Fur-trimmed Hand-Driving Contest for Ladies.—Won by Miss Marion Hollins; Miss Harriett Alexander, second.

Green or Qualified Heavyweight and Middleweight Hunters, Up to Carrying from 165 to 195 Pounds and Over to Hounds.—Heavyweight Hunters—Won by J. Parker Kirlin's b. g. Blue Peter; Paul D. Cravath's b. g. Watchful, second; Robert Dudley Winthrop's br. m. Specs, third. Middleweight Hunters—Won by Henry L. Bell's ch. g. St. Leonide; J. Parker Kirlin's b. g. Noble Lad, second; F. W. M. Cutcheon's ch. m. Lady Mountville, third.

Green or Qualified Leightweight Hunters, (up to carrying 165 pounds to hounds.)—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Calvinist; Mrs. J. E. Davis's b. m. Impulse, second; Robert Dudley Winthrop's ch. m. Royal Jug, third; F. W. M. Cutcheon's blk. m. Memona, fourth.

Hunters Over Special Course, (to go in pairs.)—Won by H. L. Bell's gr. g. Pinkum; Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's ch. g. Jouac King, second.

Combination Horse, (to be driven to an appropriate vehicle, then unharnessed in the ring and shown under saddle; horse best suited to both purposes to be awarded the prize.)—Won by Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's ch. m. Gloribird; David B. Rintoul's ch. g. Minstrel, second; David B. Rinthoul's br. g. Chance, third; Miss Harriett Bullock's ch. m. Lady Betty, fourth.

Pairs of Saddle Horses, (for the best pair of saddle horses, one to be ridden by a lady and the other by a gentleman.)—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Jolly Dixon, (ridden by Mr. Thomas Hitchcock,) and ch. g. Cavalier, (ridden by Miss Emily Randolph;) J. Parker Kirlin's ch. m. Queen Light, (ridden by Miss Kirlin,) and ch. g. Red Prince, (ridden by Mr. Kirlin,) second; Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's ch. g. Dr. Crockett, (ridden by Edward Brennan,) and ch. m. Gloribird, (ridden by Miss Cravath,) third; Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's ch. g. Primrose, (ridden by Miss Harriett Bullock,) and ch. g. Commodore, (ridden by W. Burling Cocks,) fourth.

Single Horse, Over 14.2 Hands, (suitable for ladies; to be shown before a vehicle appropriate for country use; ladies to drive.)—Won by Northwood Farm's blk. m. Queen of the West; Northwood Farm's br. m. Cozette, second; H. P. Whitney's br. g. Fiddle, third; Mrs. George W. Lederer's br. m. Sweet Peas, fourth.

Saddle Horses, Over 15.2 Hands, (Corinthian Prize also awarded in this class.)—Won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Jolly Dixon; Miss Vera A. H. Cravath's ch. g. Dr. Crockett, second; J. Parker Kirlin's ch. g. Red Prince, third; Mrs. H. L. Pratt's b. m. Dutchess, fourth. Corinthian Cup won by Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock's br. g. Calvinist.

Single Horses, Over 14.2 and Not Exceeding 15.2 Hands, (to be shown to an appropriate vehicle.)—Won by Northwood Farm's blk. m. Queen of the West; Mrs. W. L. Sutphin's blk. m. Margaret Illington, second; Mrs. George W. Lederer's b. g. Time, third; Mrs. George W. Lederer's b. g. Tide, fourth.

RESULTS OF RUNNING RACES.

First Race, for Hacks and Hunters; Purse $200, of which $50 to the Second and $25 to the Third; About a Mile and a Quarter.—Won by Faultless, 144, (Mr. Cowdin;) Raymond, 164, (Mr. R. Belmont,) second; Pilot II., 144, (Mr. Bell,) third; Justice, 149, (E. Brennan,) fourth. Won by three lengths, four lengths between second and third. Prices—Faultless, 3 to 2; Raymond, 2 to 5; Pilot II., 4 to 1 and even; Justice, 2½ to 1 and 3 to 5.

Second Race, Steeplechase, for Three-Year-Olds and Upward; Purse $200, of Which $50 to Second and $25 to Third; About Two Miles.—Won by Macedonian, 155, (Mr. Alpers;) Carmagnole, 155, (Mr. Colford,) second; St. Aloysius, 135, (Murphy,) third. Won by four lengths, 100 lengths between second and third. Prices—Macedonian, 1 to 2; Carmagnole, 6 to 5; St. Aloysius, 2 to 1.

Third Race, Steeplechase, for Bona Fide Hunters; Purse $200, of Which $50 to the Second and $25 to the Third; About Taree Miles.—Won by Butwell, 154, (Mr. Dows;) Essex B., 169, (Mr. Whittendale,) second; Denier, 154, (Mr. Glider,) third; Agnita Marie, 154, (Mr. Kennedy,) fourth. Won by ten lengths, fifty between second and third. Prices—Butwell, evens; Essex B., 4 to 5; Denier, 2 to 1; Agnita Marie, 3 to 1.

Fourth Race, for Three-Year-Olds and Upward; Purse $200, of Which $50 to Second and $25 to Third; About One Mile.—Won by Nosegay, 148, (Mr. Cowdin;) Nattie Bumppo, 161, (Mr. B. Tuckermann,) second; Firestone, 155, (Mr. Alpers,) third. Won by six lengths, two between second and third. Prices—Nosegay, 8 to 5; Nattie Bumppo, evens; Firestone, 3 to 2.

Fifth Race, Steeplechase Handicap, for Qualified Hunters; Purse $200, of Which $50 to Second and $25 to Third; About Three Miles.—Won by Web Carter, 168, (Mr. Appleton;) Sister Sue, 135, (Mr. Dows,) second. Won by thirty lengths. Prices—Web Carter, 8 to 10; Sister Sue, 8 to 5.

Piping Rock Election.

At the election of next year's officials of the Piping Rock Horse Show Association held yesterday at Locust Valley, the balloting resulted as follows: Henry Rogers Winthrop, President; Clarence H. Mackay and Harry Payne Whitney, Vice Presidents; Frank L. Crocker, Secretary, and Frederic P. Moore, Treasurer. The organization anticipates having a new clubhouse as well as a new race course by this time next year. One of the biggest country clubs in this section of the country has been planned as well as an up-to-date golf links.

BRADEN DIRECT FIRST.

Kentucky Futurity for Pacers Goes to Black Colt at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 6.—It took seven hard-fought heats to-day to decide the winner of the pacing division of the Kentucky Futurity for three-year-olds, caried over from yesterday at the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association track, and Braden Direct, the black son of Baron Direct, was the victor.

Miss De Forest, winner of the first and fourth heats, set a new world's record for three-year-old pacers when she went the mile in 2:05¼, a quarter faster than Klatawah and Jim Logana, the previous record holders. Miss De Forest's time at the quarters was 0:31¾, 1:03, 1:33¾. The summary:

Kentucky Futurity.—For three-year-olds; pacing division. Purse, $2,000. Best three in five heats; 3 heats. (Thursday.)

Braden Direct, blk. c., by Baron Direct, (Egan)	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Miss De Forest, b. f., by The De Forest, (McDonald)	1	4	4	1	2	3	2
King Daphne, blk. c., by King Direct, (Andrews)	4	1	1	3	3	2	3
Olive O. Bierne, b. f., (Snow)	3	3	3	dis			
Night Rider, b. c., (Bowerman)	dis						

Time—2:06¾; 2:07¼; 2:10; 2:05¼; 2:08¾; 2:09¼; 2:11¾.

Johnston Stakes.—2:24 Trotters. Purse, $2,025. Best three in five heats.

Argat Hal, b. h., by Brown Hal, (Benyon)	1	1	2 1
Jack's Promise, b. g., by Fair Promise, (Jones)	3	4	1 4
Lewis Forest, bl. g., (McDonald)	2	2	3 2
Hannah Louise, b. m., (Shank)	4	3	4 3
Arytmio Queen, b. m., (Owens)	5	5	dis

Time—2:09; 2:08; 2:10¼; 2:14.

2:00 Pacing.—Purse, $1,200; best two in three heats.

Ess H. Kay, blk. h., by Direct Hal (White)	1	1
Earl, Jr., gr. g., (Cox)	2	2
Evelyn W., b. m., (Shank)	3	3
Independence Boy, ch. g., (Valentine)	4	4
Lady Maud C., b. m., (Hersey)	5	5

Time—2:03¼; 2:02.

2:07 Trotting.—Purse, $1,000; best three in five heats.

Grace, b. m., by Peter the Great, (McDevitt)	1	1	1
Fair Margaret, b. m., (Benyon)	4	2	2
High Admiral, bl. h., (Jones)	3	3	3
Peter Dorsey, blk. g., (McDonald)	2	dis	

Time—2:09¼; 2:11; 2:07¼.

WALTER TRAVIS PUT OUT OF NASSAU GOLF

James T. Hyde Defeats Garden City Star in Twenty-two-Hole Match.

The defeat of Walter J. Travis of Garden City proved the feature of the first match round of the open golf tournament at the Nassau County Club yesterday. The hero of many hard-fought contests had to lower his colors to the far-driving James R. Hyde of the South Shore Field Club after four extra holes. Hyde, however, lost in the next round to Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, who had previously eliminated Hamilton K. Kerr of the Ekwanok Country Club. The survivors of the day were Kirkby, T. D. Hooper of the home club, Gardiner W. White of Oakland, and James D. Foot of Apawamis. They will play as named in the semi-final round. The summary:

First Sixteen.—First Round—Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, beat H. K. Kerr, Ekwanok, 2 up and 1 to play; James R. Hyde, South Shore Field Club, beat Walter J. Travis, Garden City, 1 up, (22 holes;) T. D. Hooper, Nassau, beat B. T. Allen, Fox Hills, 2 up; H. F. Whitney, Nassau, beat C. A. Dunning, Nassau, 3 up and 2 to play; Gardiner W. White, Oakland, beat A. N. Cowperthwaite, Nassau, 1 up, (20 holes;) W. L. Hicks, Nassau, beat C. B. MacDonald, National, 7 up and 6 to play; James D. Foot, Apawamis, beat B. B. Tilt, Nassau, 4 up and 3 to play; E. L. De Forest, Midland, beat E. M. Barnes, Englewood, 3 up and 2 to play.

Second Round—Kirkby beat Hyde, 2 up and 1 to play; Hooper beat Whitney, 4 up and 3 to play; White beat Hicks, 3 up and 2 to play; Foot beat De Forest, 2 up.

Beaten Eight, First Sixteen.—First Round—Travis beat Kerr, 6 up and 5 to play; Allen beat Dunning, 3 up and 2 to play; MacDonald beat Cowperthwaite, 1 up, (20 holes;) Tilt beat Barnes, 2 up and 1 to play.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—G. E. Morse, Apawamis, beat F. C. Denning, Crescent Athletic Club, 1 up, (20 holes;) Percy R. Pyne, Princeton, beat J. A. Stillman, National, 1 up, (19 holes;) W. P. Richards, Nassau, beat B. M. Busch, Nassau, 3 up and 2 to play; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Montclair, beat S. F. Willett, Essex County Country Club, 3 up and 1 to play; S. B. Adams, Baltusrol, beat A. E. Jones, Nassau, by default; R. M. Tarleton, Oakland, beat M. Carpenter, Oakland, 6 up and 4 to play; H. T. Pratt, Nassau, beat F. C. Jennings, 7 up and 6 to play; C. E. Robinson, Nassau, beat P. S. McLaughlin, Wykagyl, 4 up and 2 to play.

Second Round—Morse beat Pyne, 2 up; Van Vleck beat Richards, 5 up and 3 to play; Tarleton beat Adams, 1 up, (21 holes;) Pratt beat Robinson, 4 up and 2 to play.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—W. D. Johnson, Nassau, beat H. Tittley, Nassau, 2 up and 1 to play; H. K. Hudson, Nassau, beat Rushmore, Garden City, 1 up, (20 holes;) D. A. Loring, Nassau, beat C. S. Carter, Nassau, 1 up; H. Cape, Nassau, beat E. F. Oates, Flushing, 5 up and 4 to play; E. H. Kendall, South Shore Field Club, beat S. H. Lever, Apawamis, 1 up; H. L. Riker, Oakland, beat P. R. Jennings, Garden City, 7 up and 6 to play; C. N. Phillips, Alleghany, beat R. L. Morrow, Columbia, 1 up and 1 to play; H. Dudley, Crescent Athletic Club, beat C. M. Fay, Nassau, 2 up and 1 to play.

Second Round—Johnson beat Hudson, 5 up and 3 to play; Cape beat Loring, 1 up; Riker beat Kendall, 3 up and 1 to play; Phillips beat Dudley, 4 up and 2 to play.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—C. Runyon, Nassau, beat F. B. Pratt, Nassau, by default; H. S. Jennings, Kingston, beat H. Giles, Nassau, 5 up and 4 to play; C. E. Maltby, Wykagyl, beat E. D. M. Miller, Dyker Meadow, 3 up and 2 to play; R. Furman, Midland, beat C. C. Munro, Montclair, 3 up and 2 to play; U. A. Murdock, Shinnecock, beat H. T. Wyatt, Fox Hills, by default; H. M. Adams, Nassau, beat T. N. Newberry, Brookline, by default; F. J. Reynolds, Dyker Meadow, beat W. A. Engeman, Nassau, 3 up and 2 to play; E. B. McKellar, Midland, beat V. B. Hubbell, Englewood, 4 up and 3 to play.

Second Round—Jennings beat Runyon, 5 up and 3 to play; Maltby beat Furman, 4 up and 3 to play; Murdock beat Adams, 1 up, (19 holes;) McKellar beat Reynolds, 1 up, (19 holes.)

Fifth Sixteen.—First Round—W. H. Nichols, Jr., Nassau, beat A. Fletcher, Nassau, by default; R. Armstrong, Baltusrol, beat J. S. Kennedy, Crescent Athletic Club, by default; S. Trawick, Nassau, beat S. Johnson, Westchester, 2 up; C. H. Hyde, Nassau, beat H. L. Pratt, Nassau, by default; H. K. T. Sherwood, Nassau, beat L. Tefft, Fox Hills, by default; L. D. Rider, Scarsdale, beat H. H. Dean, Nassau, 6 up and 4 to play; C. Pinkney, Montclair, beat C. D. Smithers, Nassau, 3 up and 1 to play; C. M. Cohen, Inwood, beat H. C. Folger, Nassau, by default.

Second Round—Armstrong beat Nichols, 2 up; Hyde beat Trawick, 3 up and 1 to play; Rider beat Sherwood by default; Cohen beat Pinkney, 2 up and 1 to play.

KAHN ROAD "FOUR" WINS.

George Watson's Team Defeated in 4-Mile Contest at Morristown Show.

The unusual time required for the judges to pass upon the entries of the long list of classes in the second day's competition of the Morristown Horse Show on the grounds of the Morristown Field Club yesterday made the event run into darkness, and before the two last classes were passed upon the lights about the grounds and village were twinkling, and it was almost impossible for the spectators to distinguish the contesting horses.

Harness classes made up the greater part of the programme, and the competition in most cases being very keen, was responsible for the delay of the judges, who were forced to their best judgment in order to decide the victors in several classes.

The four-in-hand road race of four miles, which was expected to furnish a feature aside from the regular line of sport was not as spectacular as it might have been as only two teams were sent away from the show grounds with the absence of the celebrated road team of J. Campbell Thompson, which was to have been the third contesting team.

After being driven about the ring first before the judges the coach Mascot, entered by O. H. Kahn, was sent over the four-mile course which was laid out about the highways of Morristown and then at an interval of five minutes the second one was dispatched.

The second coach, Florham, owned by George Watson, came in shortly after the arrival of the first coach, but the Kahn entry was awarded the decision on account of the general appearance of the horses, which was the greatest consideration of the judges. The Watson horses were compelled to carry a heavier load than the Kahn horses, and at the finish the off leader in the Florham four was well used up and tired. The award of the judges met with the favor of most of the spectators.

The several defeats of the Flanagan stable was more than some of those in the knowing could understand, but its clean sweep in the harness class, open to all, for the best suited gig horse, for the Morristown Field Club Cup, evened up the score. The cup was first offered last year, and was to be won twice by the same owner before becoming his permanent property. Last year Mr. Flanagan annexed a leg on the trophy with Prince Charming, and yesterday scored the second leg and carried off the cup with the same horse. The Brook Farm's entry, Roundelay, in this class and driven by the owner, Richard Delafield, made the going for Prince Charming rather fast, and the decision was not made until the judge had driven both horses around the ring.

The class for harness horses shown to a lady's phaeton, ladies to drive, was won by Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler, driving her favorite brown gelding Sporting Extra. Prince Charming was entered in the event, but did not come up to its standard performance, and although it would have been a close second, a break and some bad action on the turn was responsible for it being placed only in reserve. The Watson entry, Florham Bonnie, which took down the red, was far from being in the class of Prince Charming with action and conformation, but earned the red rosette.

Mrs. W. A. McGibbon was up on a showy and unusually good-mannered saddle horse, Rosabel, in the ladies' saddle class, and with a fine exhibition of riding was successful in capturing the coveted blue against strong opposition, which included Miss Caroline Brice on Moving Picture and Miss Beaver Webb on Florham Charm.

Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler scored what was considered as one of the greatest surprises of the afternoon with Pandora Queen when she captured the blue in the class for harness horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15 hands by defeating the celebrated brown mare Tissington Belief, owned by Edward B. McLean of Washington, which it has been said cost the Washington exhibitor $7,000. Tissington Belief was entered under its owner's name, but exhibited by George Watson. The Fitler entry and Tissington Belief were immediately chosen by the judges aside from the rest of the class, but the matter as to the supremacy of these two required some time before the decision was rendered.

The class for ladies' hunters was productive of the best timber topping of the day, as the other classes were marked by continual refusals and knocking down of the jumps. Bell Beach Bain piloted Frederic Bull's chestnut care Sunday Morning to victory by a clever exhibition over the jumps. Miss C. Blair handled Vanity with good judgment and secured the red ribbon, while Miss Caroline Brice, after riding both entries of the Brook Farm, was awarded the yellow with Merry Widow. The awards:

Jumpers, Performance Only to Count.—Won by Frederic Bull's ch. g. Rock Cress; Donnybrook Farm's br. g. Lion Heart, second; Frederic Bull's ch. m. Sunday Morning, third; K. B. Schley's ch. g. Bedminster, reserve.

Pairs of Harness Horses, Over 15.3 Hands.—Won by George Watson's blk. g. Florham Chancelor and blk. g. Florham Canvasser; George Watson's b. g. Florham Topnotch and b. g. Florham Tiptop, second; De Witt C. Flanagan's b. g. Prince Charming and b. g. Ratapian, third; Walter P. Bliss's br. g. Bellboy and br. m. Shrew, reserve.

Saddle Horses, Local, 15 Hands or Over.—Won by Mrs. J. G. Marshall's b. g. Nettleton; E. H. T. Talmage's ch. g. Red Fox, second; O. H. Hahn's b. m. Dixie Girl, third; Miss Margaret Marshall's rn. m. Betty, reserve.

Pairs of Harness Ponies, Under 14.2 Hands; amateurs, ladies, or children to drive.—Won by George Watson's blk. m. Florham Pitham O. K. and ch. m. Florence Baby; Miss Frances A. Humphrey's br. g. Robin Hood and br. g. Little John, second.

Tandems, Leader Not to Exceed Wheeler in Height; horses only to count, amateurs to drive, winner of Class to be barred, 10 per cent for ladies driving.—Won by C. L. Blair's ch. m. Lassie and blk. g. Dask; Miss Anne B. Bradley's rn. g. Salt Cellar and rn. m. Pepper Box, second.

Harness Horses, 14.2 and Not Exceeding 15 Hands.—Won by Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler's ch. m. Pandora Queen; Edward B. McLean's br. m. Tissington Belief, second; Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler's ch. m. Pink Lady, third; Brook Farm's ch. g. Energy, reserve.

Saddle Horses, 14.2 and Not Exceeding 15.2 Hands; ladies to ride, manners especially considered.—Won by Mrs. A. McGibbon's b. m. Rosebd; George Watson's b. g. Florham Charm, second; B. L. Sackett's br. m. Moving Picture, third; C. L. Blair's gr. g. Mystery, reserve.

Harness Horses; best suited for and driven to a gig, the horses to be judged for their suitability to the work designated, manners, all-around action, and conformation.—Won by De Witt C. Flanagan's b. g. Prince Charming; Brook Farm's b. g. Roundelay, second; Livingston Whitney's ch. g. Donegal, third.

Cross-Country Jump, (open only to horses hunted regularly with the Essex Hounds; to consist of post and rail fence, hedge, board fence, and a pig pen; conformation and quality to count 25 per cent., performance 75 per cent.—Won by Frederic Bull's b. g. Rock Cress; Frederic Bull's ch. m. Sunday Morning, second; G. H. Pyne's br. m. Lady Betty, third; K. B. Schley's ch. g. Isnow, reserve.

Harness Horses, (to be shown to a lady's phaeton, horses to count 60 per cent, appointments to count 40 per cent., ladies to drive.)—Won by Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler's br. g. Sporting Extra; George Watson's ch. m. Florham Bonnie, second; Brook Farm's ch. g. Energy, third; De Witt C. Flanagan's b. g. Prince Charming, reserve.

Four-in-Hands, (to be driven to a coach carrying not less than seven adults, including grooms; the coaches to leave the show grounds two minutes apart, drive down South Street and Woodland Avenue to Hyde's Corner, then up Glen Road to Madison Avenue and return by Madison Avenue; total distance about four miles; adherence to schedule time and condition of horses at finish to count 75 per cent., appointments and conformation to count 25 per cent.—Won by Otto H. Kahn's team and coach Mascot; George Watson's team and coach Florham, second.

Saddle Horses, Over 15 Hands, up to Carrying 200 Pounds.—Won by B. L. Sackett's br. m. Moving Picture; Miss H. D. Atterbury's br. g. Kildare, second; E. T. H. Talmage's ch. g. Red Fox, third; Andrew Morison's br. g. Meddler, reserve.

Ladies' Hunters, Green or qualified, up to carrying 165 pounds to hounds, ladies to ride; performance to count 60 per cent., manners, quality, and conformation to count 40 per cent.)—Won by Frederic Bull's ch. m. Sunday Morning; G. H. Pyne's b. m. Vanity, second; Donnybrook Farm's br. m. Merry Widow, third; Mrs. Brown Rolston's br. m. Sister Brown, reserve.

Harness Horses, (for the best collection of three horses, not under 14.2 hands, the property of any one exhibitor, shown singly in harness, one of which must be suitable for and shown to a gig.)—Won by George Watson's b. g. Florham Gladstone, b. g. Florham Tiptop, and blk. g. Florham Chancelor; Mrs. C. Cecil Fitler's br. g. Sporting Extra, ch. m. Pandora Queen, and ch. m. Pink Lady, second; Walter P. Bliss's br. g. Bellboy, br. m. Shrew, and b. m. Pandora, third; De Witt C. Flanagan's b. g. Prince Charming, b. g. Ratapian, and b. g. Kentucky, reserve.

Mount St. Mary's Tackle Indians.

Special to The New York Times.

EMMITSBURG, Md., Oct. 5.—Mount St. Mary's has spent the last week in preparing for her contest with the Carlisle Indians tomorrow at Carlisle, Penn. The boys came out of last Saturday's game in good condition, so that they have been able to stand the hard work as outlined for them by Coach M. J. Thompson. Realizing the strength of the redskins this year and the fondness they have for the forward pass, the work of the local boys for the most part has been in fixing up a defense to offset the Indians' open style of play. The offensive work so far in the previous games has been all that could be expected, but the defense will need a great deal of attention to withstand the heavy attack that the Carlisle boys are likely to send against it. If Coach Thompson can work up the defense the mountaineers should give a good account of themselves, as they are speedy in getting off their plays.

A great deal of time was devoted to-day in catching and running back punts. Both Engle and Flannery are doing some remarkable kicking, and the students are depending a great deal upon the toe work of these two men. Robinson, Tehan, and Costello, second string men, were tried out in the last game, and they showed up so well that they have been in the regular line-up all week and will start in against the Indians.

Handicap Golf at Hot Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Oct. 6.—Many spectators gathered on the links to-day to watch the eighteen-hole handicap, which ended the annual Hot Springs golf tournament for the championship of the links which began Tuesday. G. M. Alexander of the Chicago Golf Club won the handicap cup with a card of 89, 18—71, while D. F. George as runner up brought in a card of 82, 10—72.

YALE ELEVEN IN SECRET PRACTICE

Elis May Spring Some New Plays on Syracuse Team This Afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 6.—Secret practice was unexpectedly ordered this afternoon by the Yale football coaches, who closed the gates. Not until they arrived at Yale Field did they order the drill to be private. They wished to perfect plays which they feel they are likely to need against Syracuse to-morrow. Secret practice was also ordered for this evening on the gymnasium floor. Only signal drill, punting, and fundamentals were ordered behind closed gates. Bank Commissioner Corbin, the '89 Captain, was the only new coach.

Several changes in the line-up have been ordered by Head Coach Field for to-morrow's game. Avery of the third team, whose showing was brilliant in the Holy Cross game, will be tried at left end; Perry, the wrestling team Captain, will be given Paul's place at right guard, and Walter Camp, Jr., will get back into the play at right end. Capt. Howe will be laid off, although Coach Field says that the Yale Captain is in tip-top condition. Merritt, the baseball Captain, is being tried at quarter. Spalding, who was slightly hurt yesterday, will be displaced by Anderson, the former Wisconsin player.

Last year Syracuse scored six points, and Yale won by only a sixteen score. Yale expects to equal her score of last year, and to blank the visitors. The line-up: Left end, Avery; left tackle, Scully; left guard, Francis; centre, Ketcham; right guard, McDevitt; right tackle, Perry; right end, Camp; quarter back, Merritt; left half back, Reilly; right half back, Anderson; full back, Philbin. Francis will captain the eleven.

PRINCETON'S WORK LIGHT.

800 Undergraduates Parade Around Gridiron as Elevens Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 6.—Eight hundred parading undergraduates added some ginger to an otherwise slow and uninteresting football practice as they marched around Princeton's gridiron this afternoon. Two evenly matched teams marched up and down Osborn Field for twenty minutes exchanging punts, and that constituted the heavy work in preparation for to-morrow's game with Villa Nova.

Pendleton, Hammond, Beadle, and Hendrickson made up the back field on Team A, and Farr, Sawyer, Baker, and Penfield, a combination easily as good as the other quartet, were the backs on Team B. Goldie Wight held down right end on Pendleton's eleven and showed lots of life during the punting contest. Sam White was at left end on Farr's team, and Goldie Wight showed up the acting Captain time and again as the latter chased down the field after punts.

The ends were given some stringent coaching by Biff Love and Bill Roper, and on this defense played five yards behind the line of scrimmage. Sam White is not in good condition, and he will be displaced at left end in to-morrow's game by "Dutch" Brown, who made his first appearance there to-day.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Reaction in Afternoon Brings Net Losses to Many Active Stocks —Gains in Other Issues.

TAFT SPEECH A FACTOR

Strengthens Expectation of Further Anti-Trust Suits—New York Lending Money in London.

The lowest prices in most stocks in yesterday's session of the Stock Exchange were reached at the very close of trading. The selling movement which followed a fairly firm first hour's business brought net declines in excess of a point in the three stocks upon which professional operations usually centre, United States Steel, Reading, and Union Pacific. Elsewhere in the list, thanks to the betterment which preceeded the afternoon's declines, the net losses were confined to fractions, and among the less active stocks, including the shares of some of the prominent railroads, substantial net gains were recorded. The heaviest selling of the day converged upon United States Steel, partly, no doubt, because of the interpretation which Wall Street put upon the further utterances of President Taft on the trust question in the speech which he made yesterday in Idaho. The President emphasized in that speech his view that the Executive has no discretion with reference to the enforcement of the law, and he added that the prosecutions must go on. With the thought of the possibility of a Government suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation prominently before them traders became heavy sellers of United States Steel, whose decline was instrumental in affecting sentiment in respect to other parts of the list. It is by no means in trading circles alone, however, that the President's recent utterances have strengthened the conviction that the financial markets, as a mere measure of precaution if for no other reason, should hold themselves in readiness for announcements of still further prosecution under the Sherman law. From abroad private advices brought in formation to the effect that in London some renewed apprehension was felt over the possibility of the complications growing out of the Mediterranean war, although this information was hardly specific enough to be a factor of consequence in yesterday's movement in the stock market.

The London market has this week been making bids for money in New York, which have been sufficiently attractive to lead some of our bankers to make loans in that market. Thus further additions have been made to New York's foreign credits over and above the $30,000,000 to $40,000,000, which international bankers estimate were recently placed at the disposal of the Berlin market by New York bankers. The surplusage of money here, which is prompting the placing of these loans in Europe at a time when more commonly the New York market is making extensive use of foreign credits, is also responsible for some part of the increased interest which bankers have noticed this week in the bond market. Institutions have again been prompted to seek use in bond investments for the funds for which attractive rates are not offered by borrowers. This has improved the tone of the bond market, although the volume of trading has not yet reached any large volume.

The day's preliminary estimates of the currency movement suggested a loss of from $4,000,000 to more than $6,000,000 in the cash holdings of the banks, according to the average method of computation of the bank reserves. The gold exports at the beginning of this bank week offer the explanation of a portion of this expected loss in New York's cash holdings, while an increase in the shipments to the interior contributed to the same result. One of the large National banks made its first shipment this season to Chicago the day before yesterday, and other similar incidents point to an expansion of the demand for cash by interior banks. At the same time the crop-growing sections and the interior commercial centres are not calling as much as usual upon the banks here. This is indicated by the experience of New York banks, which handle the New York accounts of a very large number of interior institutions. One of these banks is now lending to interior institutions practically the same amount which it was lending a year ago, although its deposits from country banks are to-day more than $15,000,000 greater than they were at this time last year. This suggests at once the strength of the general banking situation throughout the country, and the fact that business is not this Fall making its usual large demands on banking facilities.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Associated Merchants for dividends on first and second preferred.
H. B. Claflin Co. for dividend on common.
Manhattan Railway for annual meeting.
Mergenthaler Linotype Co. for annual meeting.
Mexican Light and Power Co. for dividend.
North Butte Mining Co. for dividend.
Shawinigan Water and Power Co. for dividend on preferred.
United States Industrial Alcohol Co. for dividend on preferred.
Virginia Railway and Power Co. for dividend.
West Penn Traction Co. for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Central and South American Telegraph Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2 per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3⅝@3¾ per cent. for ninety days and four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities and 4¼@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 13-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅛ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statements: Exchanges, $298,329,422; balances, $14,089,331; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $337,883.

The local banks lost $3,667,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8670; demand, $4.8020. Cable—Cable, $5.17⅛ less 1-32; check, $5.16⅞ less 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 94 15-16 less 1-32; check, 94¾.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.18¾ less 1-16; check, $5.19¾ less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, 40.11; check, 40.08.

Belgium—Cable, $5.20⅝ less 1-32; check, $5.21¼.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8290; ninety days, $4.81.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82¾; ninety days, $4.80¾.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.21¼ less 3-32; ninety days, $5.23¼.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21⅝ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.23¼ less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94¼; ninety days, 94⅛.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 1-16; ninety days, 93¾.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par @5c discount; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15c discount; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 15c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver 1-16d lower in London at 24¼d per ounce, and in New York ⅛c lower at 52½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Oct. 6, 1911 473,913
From Jan. 1, 1911 93,731,922
Same period last year 152,000,751

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
5	7	400	Allis-Chalmers	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½	-⅛
15	16	200	Allis-Chalmers pf.	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅜	-⅝
49	49¼	10,000	Amalgamated Copper	50	50½	49	49⅛	-⅝
53⅞	54	15,100	Am. Beet Sugar	53¾	54⅝	52⅞	54	-1
83½	84	375	Am. Can pf.	83½	84	83½	84	+½
47⅞	47⅞	2,500	Am. Car & Foundry	47	48¼	47	47½	+1½
49½	50½	1,050	Am. Cotton Oil	50¼	51⅜	50¼	50½	+1¼
27	29	100	Am. Linseed pf.	27	27	27	27	+1
34⅜	35¼	200	Am. Locomotive	35½	35¾	35	35	...
62¾	62⅞	7,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	63½	64⅝	62⅞	63	-⅜
101½	102	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	101½	101⅝	101¼	101¾	+⅛
102	105	300	Am. Snuff pf.	102	102	102	102	+¼
32	34	300	Am. Steel Foundries	32	32½	32	32½	+⅜
133¾	133⅞	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	134	134⅞	133⅞	134⅞	+⅞
95⅜	96½	1,700	Am. Tobacco pf.	95⅞	96½	95⅞	96	-⅛
30½	32	300	Am. Woolen	31	31½	31	31½	-¼
88	90	200	Am. Woolen pf.	88¾	88¾	88¼	88½	+1
104½	104⅝	5,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	104½	105⅞	104½	105⅞	...
102¾	103	3	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103⅞	103½	103⅞	...
122½	123	750	Atlantic Coast Line	120⅝	122⅞	120⅝	122½	+1½
95⅜	95½	2,020	Baltimore & Ohio	95¾	96¼	95¾	96¼	+⅝
1½	2	300	Batopilas Mining	2	2	2	2	...
54½	57	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	[illegible]	57	56⅜	57	+⅜
74	74¼	900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	74½	74⅝	74½	74⅝	+⅛
226¼	226¾	3,600	Canadian Pacific	226½	227½	226¼	226¾	+⅝
21	21½	300	Central Leather Co.	21½	21½	21⅜	21⅜	-⅛
92¼	96	20	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	93	93	93	93	-½
71¼	71¾	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	71⅜	71⅝	71¼	71⅝	+¼
...	131	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	40	40	40	40	+3
18¼	19	400	Chicago Gt. Western	100	100	100	100	...
36	37	100	Chi. & East. Ill. pf.	18¼	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	...
103⅝	104⅜	8,310	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	36¼	36¼	36¾	36¼	-⅛
141⅛	142½	532	Chi. & Northwestern	107½	107⅜	106¾	106¾	-1¼
17⅝	18	600	Chino Copper	142¼	142½	142	142	...
61	75	400	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	17⅝	17⅞	17¾	17⅞	+⅛
26	27¾	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	59	60	59	60	+⅞
46¾	47½	150	Colorado & Southern	27	27	27	27	+2½
137½	139	8,200	Consolidated Gas	47	47	47	47	+⅛
11½	12	500	Corn Products Ref.	137⅝	138½	137¼	137⅞	+1⅞
75½	76½	100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	12	12	11⅝	11⅞	+⅛
94½	96	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf.	76	76	76	76	+⅞
160	163	10	Delaware & Hudson	96	96	96	96	+⅞
31	31½	100	Distillers' Securities	160	160	160	160	...
30	30¼	1,700	Erie	31¼	31½	31¼	31½	+⅛
49½	49⅝	600	Erie 1st pf.	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30¼	+⅜
40¾	41¼	100	Erie 2d pf.	49⅞	49⅞	49⅜	49⅜	+½
148	148½	100	General Electric	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	...
5¼	5⅝	100	Goldfield Consol.	149¼	149¼	149¼	149¼	+¼
123¾	124½	3,800	Great Northern pf.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+⅛
47	47½	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	123⅞	125	123⅜	123⅜	+⅜
101½	...	100	Havana Electric pf.	47½	47¼	47¼	47¼	+¼
136	137	100	Illinois Central	101½	101½	101½	101½	+⅜
144¾	147½	600	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	136⅜	136⅜	136⅜	136⅜	+4⅜
45	45⅜	1,250	Inter.-Met. pf.	15½	15¼	14⅝	14⅝	-⅛
...	...	200	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs.	45⅝	46	45	45	-⅛
103	103¾	2,000	Int. Harvester	43⅝	43¾	43¼	43¼	-⅜
9½	10	100	Int. Paper	103	103½	102¾	103¼	+⅛
37	38½	100	Iowa Central pf.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	...
64	69	800	Kansas City South.	38	38	38	38	-⅛
102½	103	100	Kan. City South. pf.	28¾	29	28½	28½	-⅜
154⅜	158	100	Laclede Gas	63⅞	63⅞	63½	63½	-⅜
142⅜	143⅜	5,800	Lehigh Valley	102⅜	103	102⅜	102⅝	-⅛
84	84⅞	900	Louisville & Nash.	158⅜	159	157⅜	157⅝	-1⅜
17⅜	18	100	Mackay Cos.	141⅛	142½	141⅞	142⅜	+⅝
32	34	300	Miami Copper	84½	84½	84⅛	84⅛	-⅛
125⅜	128	200	Minn. & St. Louis	18	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	-⅛
28½	29	100	M., St. P. & S. M.	33⅝	33⅞	33⅛	33⅜	-⅛
64½	65¼	1,200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	127½	127½	127½	127⅝	+⅛
37½	37⅝	30	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	28¾	29	28½	28⅞	+⅛
125	126¼	1,800	Missouri Pacific	64	65¼	64	65¼	+1
90	94	500	Nat. Biscuit Co.	37⅝	38½	37¼	37⅝	-⅝
45	46	25	Nat. Enam. & S. pf.	124⅞	125¼	124⅜	125¼	+⅜
16½	16¾	300	Nat. Lead Co.	92	92	92	92	...
55½	60	300	Nev. Consol. Copper	46¼	46¼	46	46¼	+¼
104¼	104½	300	New York Air Brake	16¾	16¼	16⅜	16⅜	+¼
49	50	420	New York Central	55	55	54	54	-1
132	133	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	104⅞	104⅞	104½	104½	-⅜
38	38¾	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	49	49	49	49	-1
102⅞	103⅜	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	132½	132½	132½	132½	+⅛
67	68⅜	600	Norfolk & Western	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	...
114⅜	115¾	10	North American	102	103	103	103	+1⅛
30	30¼	4,700	Northern Pacific	67½	67½	67¼	67¼	...
40½	41¼	400	Pacific Mail	115½	116	114¾	114¾	-⅛
121	121⅛	1,200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	31¼	31¼	30½	30⅝	-⅜
104¼	105	3,118	Pennsylvania R. R.	42¼	42½	40¾	40⅞	-⅝
79½	80	305	People's Gas, Chi.	121¼	121⅞	121	121	-⅝
29	30	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	104¾	104¾	104¼	104⅝	-⅛
12¼	12⅜	110	Pressed Steel Car	79½	79½	79½	79½	+½
27½	28	3,125	Ray Consol. Copper	29	29	29	29	+⅛
137½	137⅝	100	R'way Steel Spring	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+⅜
92	96	100,400	Reading	27½	27½	27½	27½	+⅛
83¼	84¾	100	Reading 2d pf.	138⅜	139⅝	137½	137½	-1⅝
23⅜	23½	90	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	93	93	93	93	...
44⅜	45½	800	Rock Island Co.	84	84	84	84	...
58	65	200	Rock Island Co. pf.	24	24	24	24	...
130¾	131¾	10	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	43¾	45⅝	43¾	43⅝	-⅜
106⅜	106⅞	100	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	65	65	65	65	+½
20¼	26⅜	2,300	Southern Pacific	131½	131½	130⅞	131½	+⅝
66½	66½	1,400	Southern R'way ext.	107½	107⅝	106⅜	106⅝	-⅜
50	52¾	400	South. R'way pf. ext.	26⅝	26⅝	26¼	26¼	-⅜
33¼	33¾	100	Standard Milling pf.	66	66⅛	66	66	...
88½	90¼	100	Tennessee Copper	51	51	51	51	-1½
8	9¼	500	Texas Co.	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	-⅛
18	19	1,300	Third Avenue	86½	89	86½	89	+2
41	42	400	Tol., St. L. & West.	9¼	9¼	9	9¼	-⅜
50	58	900	Tol., St. L. &W. pf.	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	-⅜
158⅞	159	20	Union B. & Paper pf.	41⅞	41	41	41½	+⅛
89¾	89¾	67,900	Union Pacific	52	52	52	52	...
97⅛	98½	500	Union Pacific pf.	159⅞	160⅝	159	159	-1⅛
101½	102	100	United Dry Goods	90	90	90	90	...
11¼	13¾	10	United Dry Goods pf.	97⅝	97⅝	97¾	97¾	...
44⅛	44¾	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	102	102	102	102	-⅛
108	108	12,500	U. S. Rubber	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	...
75	76½	500	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	45	45¾	44½	44½	+¾
58⅜	58⅝	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	100½	100⅝	100¼	100¼	+¼
108½	108⅜	160,400	U. S. Steel	75½	75¾	75¼	75¼	+⅛
40¼	40⅝	1,100	U. S. Steel pf.	60	60⅝	58½	58½	-1⅜
47¼	47⅜	2,220	Utah Copper	100¼	100¼	100	100	...
11⅜	12	300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	41	41¾	40¾	40¾	-⅛
22⅞	23¼	400	Wabash	48¼	48¼	48	48	+1
148	152	400	Wabash pf.	11¼	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	...
51	51¼	150	Wells Fargo Express	23½	23½	23	23	+⅜
79½	79¾	200	Western Maryland	149	149	149	149	...
48	51	1,700	Western Union Tel.	51⅜	52	51⅜	52	+½
		100	Wisconsin Central	79¾	81	79¾	80	+½
				50	50	50	50	-⅜

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¼	100⅜
2s, c., 1930	100¼	
3s, r., 1918	101⅛	102½
3s, c., 1918	101⅜	
4s, r., 1925	113⅛	114½
4s, c., 1925	113⅜	
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅜
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	102⅜	102½
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	205	215
Alb. & S.	270	
Am. Ag. C.	46	48
Am. Ag. C. pf.	90	
Am. B. S. pf.	96	101
A. B. S. & Fdy.	82	88
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	122½	128½
Am. Can.	9⅝	9⅞
A. C. & F. pf.	122½	128½
Am. Can.	9⅝	9⅞
A. C. & F. pf.	113	116
Am. Coal.	60	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	210	212
A. H. & L.	3½	4
A. H. & L. pf.	20½	24
Am. I. Sec.	17¾	18
Am. L. Co.	8⅝	9
Locom. pf.	104½	105¼
Am. Malt.	3⅜	4
Am. M. pf.	41	42½
Am. S. pf., B.	83	84
Am. Snuff.	220½	
Am. S. Ref.	116⅜	118
Am. S. Ref. pf.	114	116
A. T. & C.	70	83
Am. W. Pa. pf.	24	26
Ana. C. M., ex div.	31½	31⅝
Ann Arbor.	20	45
Ann Arbor pf.	60	85
Asso. Oil	85	87
B. & O. pf.	85	87¼
Beth. Steel.	28	29
B. Un. G.	132½	136
Bruns. Ter.	7½	10
B., R. & P.	100	105
B., R. & P. pf.	122	150
Buf'k Co.	28	30½
Canada So.		72¼
C. R. R. of N. J.	255	270
C. & S. A. Tel.	116	
Chi. & Alt.	16½	25
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf.	145	147
C. & N. W. pf.	190	200
C. P. St. P.	130	140
M. & Om. pf.	90	100
Chi. St. P. M. & Om.		155
Chi. Un. T. pfd. stfs.	1½	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	4½	5¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Cleve. & P.	163	
Col. F. & I. pf.	110	
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	80
Col. & So. 2d pf.	63	75
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	12	14
Crex Carpet.	70	80
Cub.-Am. S.	57½	
D., L. & W.	497½	540
D. & R. G.	21⅝	21¾
D. & R. G. pf.	46½	46¾
D.	6	
Det. & M.	110	
Det. & M. pf.	100	
Det. U. R.	98	75
D., S. S. & A.	9	12
Du P. de N.	18	24
Dow. pf.	80	95
Ev. & T. H. pf.		100
Evans. & I. new cfts.	51	60

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

	Bid.	Asked.
S. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. cfts.	100	123
St. L. S. W.	25¾	32
St. L. S. W. pf.	68½	69
Sears-Roeb. pf.	121¾	125
S.-S. S. & I.	37	38
So. P. R. S.	80½	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110
So. Ry., M. & O.	77	83
Stand. Mill.	15	17
Texas Pac.	24	24¾
T. P. L. Tr.	82	85
T., P. & W.	16	
T., P. & W. pf.	105¾	106¾
Und. Typew.	91	96
Und. Typew. pf.	108	110
U. B. & P.	3¼	6¼
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100½	110
U. Rys.	30½	32
U. Rys. In. pf.	54	57½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	23

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Following the publication of President Taft's speech at Pocatello, Idaho, a general selling movement occurred on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, under which prices broke sharply. Dullness ensued until toward the close, when fresh weakness developed with the final prices of the leading stocks at or near their lowest for the day. Floor discussion centered about the Taft speech, and traders who had taken the bullish side were disposed to argue that it only went over the ground already known and discounted in the market. Transactions totaled 80,320 shares, distributed over a list of fifty-one different stocks, including Pittsburgh Coal, no sales of which were reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Allis Chalmers.	5	5	5	5
30	Allis Chal. pf.	16¼	16¼	15⅞	15⅞
1,440	Amal. Copper	50	50¼	49	49⅜
2,240	Am. Beet Sug.	53⅜	54½	53¼	54¼
10	Am. Can pf.	88	88	88	88
200	Am. Car & Fy.	47	47¾	47	47⅝
2,830	Am. Cotton Oil.	50⅝	50¾	50¼	50½
20	Am. Smelting	63⅝	64	62⅞	63
1,030	A., T. & S. F.	134	134	134	134
70	Balt. & Ohio	104⅜	105	104½	104½
240	Brooklyn R. T.	95⅞	96½	95½	95½
140	Can. Pacific	227½	227¾	226¼	226½
20	Cent. Leather	21½	22	21½	21½
20	Ches. & Ohio	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜
930	C., M. & St. P.	107½	107½	106½	106¾
10	Col. F. & I.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼
150	Con. Gas	137½	137⅞	137¼	137½
10	Dist. Secur	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
100	Erie	30½	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜
10	Erie 1st pf.	49½	49½	49¼	49¼
100	Gt. North. pf.	124	124½	123⅜	124
30	Inter.-Met.	15⅜	15⅜	15	15
50	Kan. Cy. So.	28½	28½	28½	28½
460	Lehigh Valley	159	159	157⅝	157⅞
30	M., K. & T.	29	29	29	29
200	Mo. Pacific	38	38¼	37½	38¼
20	Nat. Lead	45⅞	46	45⅞	46
70	N. Y. Central	104½	104½	104½	104½
180	Nor. Pacific	115⅝	116	115	115
50	Pacific Mail	31½	31½	31	31
500	Pennsylvania	121¾	122	121½	121½
20	Pitts. Coal	17½	17½	17½	17½
10	People's Gas	104	104	104	104
16,620	Reading	138⅝	139¾	137¾	137¾
120	Rock Island	24	24	23⅝	23⅝
370	So. Pacific	107½	107⅝	106¾	106⅝
30	Southern Ry.	26½	26½	26½	26½
13,580	Union Pacific	160	160½	159	159
2,200	U. S. Rubber	45	45¼	44¼	44¼
44,420	U. S. Steel	60	60⅝	58½	58½
20	U. S. Steel pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼
240	Utah Copper	41	41¾	40¾	41
40	Va.-Car. Chem.	48¼	48¼	48	48
20	Wabash	11¼	11¼	11¼	11½
10	Wabash pf.	23½	23½	23¼	23¼
150	West. Union	80¾	80¾	79¾	79¾
89,320					

MINING STOCKS.

300	Atlanta	.18	.18	.18	.18
300	Belcher	.48	.48	.48	.48
300	Belmont	7.75	7.87½	7.75	7.87½
200	Consol. Va.	.22	.22	.22	.22
20	Goldf. Con.	.75	.75	.75	.75
500	Hale & Nor.	5.12½	5.12½	5.12½	5.12½
500	Jim Butler	.18	.18	.18	.18
1,000	Montana	22½	22½	22½	22½
100	Nevada Hills	.77	.77	.77	.77
200	Ophir	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95
120	Tonopah M.	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
960	West End	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
		.60	.60	.60	.60

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE. Friday.

Total sales Oct. 6, 1911... $2,837,000
From Jan. 1, 1911..... 650,020,400
Same period last year..... 495,231,000

U S 2s, registered 500 ..... 101½
Argentine Gov 5s 2,000 97
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full paid 3,000 ..... 97⅝
8,000 ..... 97⅜
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan 4,000 ..... 93⅜
Tenn. Settlem't 3s, small bonds 7,400 ..... 97⅛
Va 6s, def., Brown Bros & Co ctfs 37,000 59
N Y City 4s, 1957 5,000 ..... 99⅝
1958 2,000 100
1959 9,000 ..... 99⅞
N Y City 4½s 4,000 ..... 102⅜
1,000 ..... 102⅝
Alb & Susq 3½s 5,000 90
Allis-Chalmers 5s 10,000 67
5,000 ..... 66½
5,000 ..... 66½
Am Smelt Secur 6s 10,000 ..... 101½
Am Tobacco 6s 110,000 113
5,000 ..... 112⅝
60,000 ..... 112⅞
30,000 ..... 112⅝
28,000 ..... 112⅞
21,000

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

South Selling Cotton.

Another break in cotton which carried prices to the lowest level in more than two years was credited yesterday in large part to further selling from Southern sources whence a very large amount of cotton options have been sold on the New York Cotton Exchange during the past week. It is only a few weeks ago that much was being heard in the South of plans to carry cotton for prices ranging all the way from 13 to 15 cents a pound. Now the South appears to be selling in sufficient quantities to force the price well below the 10-cent level or from 3 to 5 cents under the prices for which many in the South would have had the cotton farmers hold this year's product of their fields. It is but a repetition of past experiences in connection with similar efforts to fix the price of a commodity by resolution instead of by bargain with prospective purchasers.

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Brighter Bond Prospects.

Some of the larger bond houses are finding evidences of an awakening interest among investors. An issue of $3,000,000 Second Avenue receiver's certificates was brought out this week and was quickly absorbed. No public offering of the Erie's $4,450,000 three-year 5 per cent. notes has yet been made, and bond men are awaiting their reception by the public with a good deal of interest. Conditions would seem to be ripe for an inmprovement in the demand for good bonds, with a large amount of idle money in the banks and the outlook for a quiet stock market.

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To Change Tobacco Control.

The dissolution plan proposed by the attorneys of the American Tobacco Company, which is to be filed in the early part of next week, contains one feature which should have an important bearing on the assertion that control of the constituent parts of the trust will be in the same hands after dissolution as before, providing the division into three companies is allowed. This is a proposal to give the preferred stock voting power. The American Tobacco Company has outstanding $40,242,000 of common and $78,689,000 of preferred stock. The preferred has no voting power at stockholders' meetings, except those called for the purpose of increasing the capital stock or dissolving the corporation. A small number of men have controlled the American Tobacco Company through the ownership of a majority of the common stock. Unless the same interests have increased their holdings of the preferred, it is probable that they would be in a minority under the proposed change in the voting powers.

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Better Clearings Again.

One of the best features of the increase in bank clearings this week is the apparent indication it contains that the gain is in general business and that the stock market has, if any thing, operated against an increase. The market has been duller for the past week than at any time since the first breathing spell in the August slump, only one day reaching the 500,000-share mark. Dun's Review puts the exchanges at the country's principal money centres at $3,066,633,485 for the week, a gain of 6.33 over 1910. The gain is most pronounced in this city. Compared with 1909, however, when business was swinging upward, there is a loss of 13 per cent.

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C. & E. I. Preferred at Par.

The first sale of Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred since March 15, 1907, was made on the Stock Exchange yesterday at par, 100 shares selling at that price. In 1907, during the silent panic period, when the last previous sale was made, the price was 115. There has been no interference with the 6 per cent. dividend on the $2,780,300 par value of the stock which was not put in on the St. Louis and San Francisco's Exchange offer, and the common stock of trust certificates retireable at premium in 1942.

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City's Reformed Financing.

The new corporate stock notes authorized under the laws of 1911, which enable the Controller to get short time accommodations in the money markets of the world, are being proudly exhibited in the finance both of the budget exhibit. The simple expedient of allowing the Controller to borrow flexibly is expected to save the city about a million a year in interest, and for the benefit of the inquiring citizen it is explained how the plan works out. Under the old law payment on awards for lands, for instance, could only be made from the proceeds of sales of corporate stock. In the interim interest at the rate of 6 per cent. was allowed. When the city had disposed of a round block of corporate stock many millions would sometimes remain in bank for months drawing 2 per cent. interest, while the rate of payment on the city's securities ran along at 4½ per cent. The new notes, because with them the Controller can raise funds in anticipation of corporate stock sales, make it unnecessary to pay heavy interest to creditors, and also makes it unnecessary to carry large sums awaiting disbursement in the banks at small interest. For about six months after the last sale of $50,000,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds something like one-half that amount was carried in banks at a loss to the city of something like $500,000.

GRAND TRUNK CHANGES.

Hays Turns Over Active Management of the Express Company to Pullen.

Charles M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, has been elected Chairman of the Directors of the Canadian Express Company, of which he had been President, and John Pullen has been made President. Mr. Hays has announced several important changes in the officers of the Grand Trunk. H. R. Safford has been appointed Chief Engineer, with headquarters at Montreal; J. E. Dalrymple, Fourth Vice President, in charge of traffic; William Wainwright, Vice President; M. M. Reynolds, Vice President, in charge of the financial and accounting departments; Howard G. Kelly, Vice President, in charge of construction, transportation, and maintenance, and R. S. Logan, Vice President, in charge of land, tax, mail, and claims.

D. E. Galloway, formerly Mr. Hays's secretary, has been made assistant to the President. E. H. Fitzhugh has been elected President of the Central Vermont, Southern New England, and Montreal & Southern Counties Railway. John W. Loud, Freight Traffic Manager, has been retired on a pension after forty years of service with the Grand Trunk.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Undeposited bonds of the Sedalia Light and Traction Company will be received by the committee at the New York Trust Company until Oct. 16, after which date they will only be taken on such terms as the committee may direct. The committee now represents more than $500,000 par value of the total issue of $749,000. A decree of foreclosure has been entered and the committee plans to bid in the property.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list: St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company $4,000,000 additional trust certificates for Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad preferred stock, $623,000 additional refunding mortgage bonds due 1951, and $29,000 common stock; Chicago & Southern Railway Company $506,000 additional refunding and extension mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds due 1951 and Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis $1,000,000 additional 4 per cent. guaranteed refunding mortgage bonds of 1936.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Irregular Price Movements and Diminished Trading in Other Cities.

COPPERS UP IN BOSTON

Rumor of Abandonment of Calumet and Hecla Consolidation Plan Sends Stocks Up.

There was little regularity to price movements in the principal out-of-town markets yesterday, and though there were distinct upward movements in many purely local stocks, there were also some declines.

A persistent rumor in Boston that Calumet & Hecla, because of the apparently interminable litigation which has begun against it, has determined to abandon its plan for the consolidation of the Lake Superior copper properties, brought on a sharp rally in the stocks of the companies concerned. Osceola went up to 93, Superior to 26, Allouez to 27½, Tamarack to 23, Isle Royale to 15, and Calumet and Hecla itself to 399½. The declaration of a dividend of $2 a share on Ahmeek sent that stock up to 170 on the curb, a gain of 15 points from Thursday's close. Lake was also strong.

Local stocks in Philadelphia were strong, and, as on Thursday, the quotations for several were pushed up to new high levels for the present swing, despite the persistently heavy tone of such arbitrage shares as United States Steel and Reading. The volume of dealings throughout was comparatively light.

There were limited trading and mixed prices on the Chicago Stock Exchange. A gain of several points in Chicago Title and Trust and another of ½ in Can preferred were strong features, as also an increase of a point in Sears-Roebuck common. Concessions were noted in Swift, Booth Fisheries preferred, Commonwealth Edison, and Illinois Brick.

Bank of Baltimore stock in that city made a further advance of 1½, to 175, a gain of 5 points during the week. Seaboard bonds were fractionally better, but practically all other sales of the day were at unchanged prices.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	A. C. L. of Conn.	230	230	230
85	Bank of Commerce	31¼	31¼	31¼
60	Bank of Baltimore	175	175	175
65	Con. Power pf.	96¾	96¾	96¾
20	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	72	72	72
50	Northern Central	125	125	125
350	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	56	56	56

BONDS.

$27,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1930	95¾	95¾	95¾
3,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼
4,000	Con. Power 4½s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
1,000	Fair. & Cl. Tr. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
7,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	40¼	40	40
4,000	Minn. & St. P. jt. 5s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
1,000	North Baltimore 5s	109½	109½	109½
3,000	Roland Park Elec. & Wat. 5s	101	101	101
2,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	76¼	76¼	76¼
2,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	86¾	86¾	86¾
2,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
14,000	United Rys. notes	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
4,000	United Rys. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,000	U. E. L. & P. 4½s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
4,000	Virginia centurys	88	88	88
8,000	West. Penn. Trac. 5s	97	97	97

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Atchison	104½	104½	104½
10	Boston Suburban	14	14	14
55	Boston & Maine	99¾	99½	99½
1	C. J. R. & S. Y.	160	160	160
15	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	100	100	100
22	C. M. & St. P.	107¾	107½	107¾
375	Mass. Electric	19½	19	19½
158	Mass. Electric pf.	90½	89¾	90½
61	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132¾	132	132¾
275	Union Pacific	160¼	159¾	160¼
105	West End	85¾	85½	85¾

TELEPHONES.

825	American	134¾	133¾	134¼
8	New England	145	145	145
250	Western	20	19¾	19¾
10	Western pf.	95½	95½	95¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

28	Am. Agr. Chem	47¾	46½	47¾
1	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	99½	99½	99½
25	Am. Pneu. Ser.	3¾	3¾	3¾
10	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf.	14½	14½	14½
156	Am. Sugar	116½	115¾	116½
30	Am. Sugar pf.	115¼	115¼	115¼
204	Am. Woolen pf.	89	88½	88½
60	Eastern S. S.	88¾	88¾	88¾
10	Edison	283	283	283
115	General Electric	149½	149	149
6	Ga. Ry. & Electric	161	161	161
114	Mass. Gas	90¼	90¼	90¼
86	Mass. Gas pf.	97	96½	96½
50	Merganthaler	227	227	227
8	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	100	105	105
10	North Texas Elec. pf.	95¾	95¾	95¾
45	Portland Electric	66½	66¼	66¼
83	Pullman	156½	155	156½
91	Swift	100	100	100
10	United Fruit	187½	187½	187½
183	United Shoe Mach.	42½	42	42½
175	United Shoe Mach. pf.	27	27	27
6,626	U. S. Steel	60¾	58½	58⅝
30	U. S. Steel pf.	109½	109	109¼

MINING.

1,135	Algomah	3⅜	3	3⅜
1,575	Allouez	20	24½	28½
515	Amalgamated	50¼	49½	49¼
496	American Zinc	21	20⅜	20⅜
715	Ariz. Com'l	60c	59c	60c
20	Batopilas	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
200	Butte Balaklala	4	4	4
155	Butte Coalition	15¼	15	15¼
125	Calumet & Ariz.	48¾	48¾	48¾
22	Calumet & Hecla	399½	390	399½
720	Centennial	10⅝	8⅞	10⅝
10	Chino	17¾	17¾	17¾
220	Copper Range	51¼	50½	51½
200	Daly-West	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
315	East Butte	10	9⅝	10
580	Franklin	7¼	6⅞	7¼
5	Granby Con	29	29	29
190	Greene-Cananea	5½	5⅝	6⅛
178	Hancock	19½	18½	18½
225	Indiana	7½	6⅞	7½
245	Inspiration	6 3-16	6⅛	6 3-16
150	Island Creek	34	33¾	34
10	Island Creek pf.	84	84	84
1,090	Isle Royale	15	13¾	14½
30	Kerr Lake	3⅝	3 9-16	3⅝
675	Lake	26	24½	25¾
1,785	Lasalle	5	3½	5
300	Mass	5½	5¼	5½
425	Mayflower	50c	40c	50c
125	Mohawk	40½	39	40½
40	Nevada Con	16¼	16¼	16¼
200	New Arcadian	2½	2⅜	2½
185	New Idria	8¼	8¼	8¼
120	Nipissing	7¾	7⅝	7¾
1,085	North Butte	24¾	24	24
675	North Lake	5	4⅞	5
60	Ohio Cop.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
150	Old Colony	1½	1½	1½
30	Old Dominion	37	37	37
35	Osceola	93	88	91
51	Quincy	61	60	61
427	Shannon	7⅛	7	7⅛
2,388	Superior	27	24	27
105	Superior & Boston	2½	2½	2½
80	Tamarack	26	23½	26
211	U. S. Smelting pf.	46¼	46	46
115	Utah Consol	11¾	11¼	11¾
210	Utah Copper	41½	40⅜	40⅜
50	Wolverine	90	88½	89¾

BONDS.

$6,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90	90	90
1,000	A. G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	66¾	66¾	66¾
26,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96	96	96
7,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s reg.	95¾	95¾	95¾
7,000	Central Vt. 1st 4s	89⅝	89½	89½
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101¼	101¼	101¼
5,000	Illinois Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	K., C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	116½	116½	116½
500	K. C., M. & B. 4s	91	91	91
1,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	99	99	99
1,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	98½	98½	98½

*Ex dividend.

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Alliance Ins	12½	12½	12½
11	Am. Railways	44½	44	44
9	Cambria Steel	43¾	43	43
482	Electric Storage Bat.	51¼	51	51
833	General Asphalt	34½	33¾	34
100	General Asphalt pf.	74	74	74
21	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20¾	20½	20½
10	Inter.-Met	14¾	14¾	14¾
2,401	Lake Superior Corp.	25	24½	24½
12	Lehigh Nav.	86¼	86¼	86¼
149	Lehigh Nav. t. ctfs.	87	86	86¼
339	Lehigh Valley	79½	78 15-16	78 15-16
370	Lehigh Valley t. ctfs.	8½	8½	8½
310	Lehigh V. pf. t. ctfs.	22½	22½	22½
400	N. & W.	103	103	103
210	P. R. T.	21¾	21½	21¾
350	P. R. T. ctfs.	21¾	21¼	21¾
543	Penn. R. R. ctfs.	60⅞	60¼	60 11-16
33	Philadelphia Co. pf.	42½	42¼	42½
24	Philadelphia Electric	17	17	17
14	Philadelphia Traction	83	82½	83
2,340	Reading	69½	68¾	68¾
20	Rock Island	23¾	23¾	23¾
20	Southern Pacific	107¾	107¼	107¾
4,300	Tonopah Belmont	7 15-16	7⅞	7⅞
1,015	Tonopah Mining	6¼	6	6¼
200	U. G. Imp.	85¼	84¾	85
11,605	U. S. Steel	60⅝	58½	58⅝
210	Union Pacific	160⅜	159⅛	159⅞
280	Union Traction	49¾	49¾	49¾

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Can	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
50	Am. Can pf.	84	84	84
175	Booth Fisheries pf.	68	67¾	67¾
25	Chicago Pneu. Tool	46	46	46
150	Chicago Subway	1⅝	1½	1½
75	Chicago Telephone	120	120	120
10	Chicago Tel. & Tel.	164¾	164¾	164¾
709	Com. Edison	135½	134½	135
30	Illinois Brick	52⅞	52⅝	52⅝
20	McCrum-Howell	41½	41¾	41½
110	McCrum-Howell pf.	90	90	90
105	H., S. & M. pf.	101	100⅝	101
74	People's Gas	104½	104	104½
10	Quaker Oats pf.	106	106	106
570	Sears-Roebuck	131½	130¼	131⅛
50	Street's Stable Car pf.	42	42	42
230	Swift & Co.	99¼	99⅛	99⅜
400	U. S. Steel	60¼	58⅝	58⅝
100	Int. Harvester	103½	103½	103½

BONDS.

$1,000	Chicago Gas 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
10,000	Lake St. Elev. 5s	86	86	86
1,000	People's Gas rfdg. 5s	101⅞	101⅛	101⅛

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.03	Julia	.28
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.07
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.49	Mexican	3.80
Best & Belcher	.19	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.08	Ophir	1.72½
Caledonia	.55	Overman	.61
Challenge Con.	.11	Potosi	.17
Chollar	.11	Savage	.25
Confidence	.41	Sag Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.81	Sierra Nevada	.38
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	1.22½
Crown Point	.60	Utah Con.	.07
Gould & Curry	.05	Yellow Jacket	.38
Hale & Norcross	.20		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	7.75	Goldfield Con. M.	5.20
Jim Butler	.22	Goldfield Merger	.24
McNamara	.21	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.24	Jumbo Extension	.24
Montana	.75	Lone Star	.05
North Star	.17	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Extens'n	1.00	Sandstorm Kendall	.05
West End	.60	St. Ives	.35
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.07
Adams	.01	Nevada Hills	2.95
Atlanta	.17	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Comb. Fract.	.08	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Booth	.08	Gold Bar	.01
C. O. D.	.01	Homestake King	.01
Florence	1.12½	Tramps Cons.	.01

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5⅞	6½	Jackpot	5½	7
Elkton	64	65½	McKinney	47	48¾
El Paso	54½	57	Old Gold	3¾	4¼
Gold Dollar	13¾	14¼	Portland	95	97
Findley	7	8	Vindicator	73¾	75
Isabella	8¾	9¼	Jen. Samp.	5¾	5¾

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Crucible Steel	10½	10⅜	10½
85	Crucible Steel pf.	76¼	76¼	76¼
200	Ind. Brewing pf.	23	23	23
110	Mfrs. Light & Heat	22¾	22½	22¾
100	Oklahoma Gas	67	67	67
230	Pittsburgh Brewing	11	10¾	10¾
60	Pittsburgh Brew. pf.	41½	41½	41½
170	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	70½	70	70½
1,175	Pure Oil	9¾	9⅝	9⅝
100	San Toy	44c	44c	44c
500	Tonopah Extension	1.05	1.05	1.05
70	U. S. Steel	60½	58½	58⅝

BANK.

6	Safe Dep. & Trust	291	291

BOND.

$1,000	West Penn. Ry. 5s	59½	59½	59½

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The wheat markets closed on this side of the water at a small net decline. The European markets were slightly better both in England and on the Continent. This was attributed to the recent steadiness in America, lighter offerings from Canada, and smaller Russian shipments. The exports of wheat from the Argentine for the week were 1,064,000 bushels, against 934,000 bushels the previous week. India shipments, 592,000 bushels, against 424,000 bushels; Australia, 896,000 bushels, against 1,188,000 bushels, and American shipments, 4,120,000 bushels, the largest since November, 1909, against 3,165,000 bushels the previous week. The world's total for the week pointed to 9,700,000 bushels, against 10,176,000 bushels last week, and 16,952,000 bushels last year. The weather conditions were somewhat better in the Canadian Northwest, although the ground is still very wet. The receipts were smaller for the day in the Northwest, with a further reduction forecasted. Minneapolis receipts for the week increased 2,000,000 bushels. The total interior movement in five days has gained 700,000 bushels, and is 1,000,000 bushels more than last year, while the interior shipments into distribution showed a decrease of 1,000,000 bushels from last week, and a decrease of 800,000 bushels from last year. The Milleter Miller report was of some delay in seeding on account of the rain, with fear expressed that the rain might restrict the proposed planting. A Broomhall estimate of the Argentine crop based on the idea of average yield indicated a possible outturn of 200,000,000 bushels, giving approximately 136,000,000 bushels for export, the same as the record crop of 1907. Reports of higher temperatures in that country was a bearish influence. Cash wheat was quiet. Some low grade Manitoba, about twelve loads, were reported for export, and freight engagements of twenty-five loads were reported for late Fall shipment. No. 2 red was quoted at 99½c; No. 1 Northern, $1.16⅛; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.08¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.09¼.

CORN.—Trade in corn was of fair volume, with the market heavy on large selling by bullish Western houses, and prices closed at loss for the day. The news was bullish, including continued wet weather, with heavy rains in Iowa, Nebraska, and Illinois. The continued unsettled weather is adding to the damage already reported, and complaints on the quality of the new corn are very numerous. The movement of the corn west has been decreasing the past week, reflecting bad conditions for moving in the country, while the shipments into distribution have been increasing. An official estimate placed the Roumania crop at 119,000,000 bushels, or 12,000,000 bushels more than last year. Cash corn was steady; No. 2 was quoted at 76c, elevator, domestic; 76¼c, free on board.

OATS.—The market was quiet and somewhat easier, with wheat and corn, although the loss for the day was very small. There was a little commission house selling influenced possibly by the larger receipts at the West, although the demand for cash oats continues good. Standards were quoted at 53c; No. 2 white, 53½c; No. 3 white, 53c.

PROVISIONS.—Provisions were firmer and more active. Shorts were fairly good buyers of pork, but lard and meats moved very slowly. Hog receipts were about 65,000 at all points, with interior markets showing little or no change for the day. There are some claims of a scarcity of good quality hogs.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.03⅜	$1.02¾	$1.02⅞	$1.03⅛
May	1.09⅛	1.08⅝	1.08⅝	1.08⅞
Lard—				
October	..	..	9.00@9.20	8.95
November	..	..	9.00@9.20	8.95
December	..	..	9.00@9.15	8.95
January	..	..	9.00@9.20	8.95
March	..	..	9.00@9.15	8.95
July	..	..	9.05@9.25	9.00
September	..	..	9.10@9.25	9.10

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	98⅝	98	98	98⅛
May	$1.04⅝	$1.03⅞	$1.03⅞	$1.04⅛
July	1.00¼	1.00	1.00	1.00¼
Corn—				
December	65⅛	64½	64⅝	65
May	66⅛	65⅝	65⅝	66
Oats—				
October	..	..	..	46¾
December	48¼	47⅝	47⅞	48
May	50⅞	50⅛	50½	50⅝
Lard—				
October	8.92½	8.85	8.85	8.87½
December	8.90	8.82½	8.82½	8.85
January	8.92½	8.85	8.85	8.87½
May	9.00	8.92½	8.92½	8.92½
Ribs—				
October	8.30	8.22½	8.27½	8.12½
January	7.97½	7.92½	7.92½	7.92½
May	8.07½	8.00	8.00	8.02½
Pork—				
January	15.30	15.15	15.20	15.15
May	15.22½	15.07½	15.07½	15.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

Crude values advanced about a cent a gallon over night, which was reflected in the firmness of the near positions. It was also claimed that foreigners were showing an improved inquiry, with a considerable amount of buying credited to this quarter, but in the main local speculative demand did not appear to be greatly stimulated by these more optimistic consuming advices. Offerings were more liberal on the small bulge, with pressure from larger refining interests, thought to be against purchases at the South. The weakness in cotton and sagging tendency of lard late in the session were factors not without influence on the far-off deliveries. Crude was quoted at 4.34@4.40.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.90	5.75
October	5.75	5.70	5.73@5.77	5.68
November	5.56	5.53	5.53@5.55	5.50
December	5.56	5.52	5.53@5.55	5.52
January	5.56	5.52	5.53@5.55	5.52
February	..	..	5.60@5.65	5.61
March	5.66	5.64	5.63@5.65	5.65
April	..	..	5.68@5.73	5.70
May	..	..	5.70@5.76	5.70

Futures closed at 7 points advance to 2 points decline.

COTTON.

The resiliency shown by the cotton market continues feeble despite the persistency of the decline. As new low levels are reached sentiment does not improve materially, indeed bears retain their confidence, and rather than buy on the theory of a reaction are disposed to await the same and renew their operations for the Fall. Weakness was prevalent during the entire session yesterday, and from losses at the opening of from 7 to 10 points prices gradually receded into new low ground, which development was discouraging to interests who believed that at prices slightly under 10c the market was on an investment basis.

Aside from the duration and extent of the decline, news favors the sellers, and at various times operators identified as the Waldorf interests and prominent recently on the bear side were taking advantage of conditions to depress prices. The favorable weather at the South continues and is being reflected in the heavy movement and unsettled spot markets. Predictions of colder weather for the Western belt caused hesitation among sellers for a short period, but an analysis of the weather map does not disclose much possibility of temperature falling to the frost point.

Complaints as regards the maturing crop are insignificant, and crop estimates still indicate an unprecedented yield. Cordill was credited with a forecast of three times as much cotton in the western part of Texas as last year, while the estimate of a prominent spot concern for that State was for an outturn of 3,750,000 bales. Habersham King in his guess of 13,750,000 for the belt allowed for 3,600,000 bales for Texas. Other private advices vary slightly, but seem to favor a total quite close to 4,000,000 for the banner State and nearly 1,000,000 bales for Oklahoma, with normal weather conditions continuing.

Liverpool sent bearish cables, and these were accountable for the early weakness. The South was offering freely abroad, and while private dispatches from Southern points at hand during the day continued contradictory, official quotations were lower, with Savannah spots 3-16c decline and others unchanged to 1/16 lower. The New York spot market was quiet, .15 decline, middlings, 9.95c. The opinion was expressed in some quarters that the holding tendency on the part of some farmers at the South will prove a bearish factor ultimately while it is still contended that spinners will only buy conservatively with the present prospects of the crop.

Week-end figures were rather bearish, but had been anticipated. The into-sight was the largest on record for the week at this stage of the season, totaling to 576,000 bales, against 482,000 last year and 571,000 two years ago; since Sept. 1 the total is 2,073,000, against 1,707,000 and 2,011,000. Spinners' takings were 244,000 bales, against 226,000 bales a week ago and 182,000 last year, indicating an increase in the visible of American cotton of 332,000 bales, against 299,000 last year. American visible is 1,938,000, against 1,576,000 in 1910.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	9.78	9.62	9.68@9.69	9.82
November	..	..	9.68@9.70	9.84
December	9.93	9.80	9.83@9.85	9.99
January	9.79	9.65	9.68@9.70	9.86
February	9.75	9.75	9.72@9.74	9.91
March	9.91	9.74	9.79@9.80	9.97
April	..	..	9.85@9.88	10.04
May	10.03	9.88	9.92@9.93	10.11
June	..	..	9.96@9.98	10.15
July	10.10	9.95	9.97@9.98	10.15
September	..	..	9.53@9.65	9.70

Market barely steady at 14 to 19 decline.

COFFEE.

The local future market for coffee crossed the 13-cent mark during yesterday's operations, again establishing new high records for the season. Trading was active, total sales for the day amounting to 187,000 bags, and while there was a slight reaction near the close under profit taking, final prices were steady at a net advance of 3 to 10 points. The European markets were lower than expected, Havre being unchanged to ¼ franc lower, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig lower to ¼ higher, and there was considerable selling here for foreign account. The strength in the market was based on the conditions in Brazil, where prices at Rio were 75 reis higher, while Santos showed gains of 200 reis. Private advices said that Brazilian operators were extremely bullish and very confident of their position, on the theory that small stocks in the consuming countries placed them in a position where Brazil would be able to dictate values. Leading roasters were again in the market, having made purchases late on Thursday of about 100,000 bags of spot coffee, and leading operators take a very bullish view of the statistical position, as the visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is only 2,120,000 bags, of which valorization holdings comprise more than one-half and the balance is controlled largely by roasters and cash houses. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were 10 to 15 points higher, and Europe is said to have made heavy purchases in the Brazilian markets. The country is buying coffee more freely, which is reflected in the warehouse deliveries, which amounted to 30,500 bags, against 23,086 last week and 15,928 last year.

The local spot market was firm and higher on the basis of 14½c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	13.05	13.05	13.05@13.06	12.98
November	..	..	13.03@13.05	12.96
December	13.03	12.95	12.98@13.00	12.95
January	..	..	12.93@12.95	12.88
February	..	..	12.77@12.79	12.73
March	12.76	12.69	12.71@12.72	12.64
April	..	..	12.70@12.71	12.64
May	12.75	12.68	12.70@12.71	12.64
June	12.69	12.69	12.70@12.71	12.64
July	12.75	12.70	12.70@12.71	12.64
August	12.75	12.75	12.70@12.71	12.63
September	12.75	12.69	12.70@12.71	12.63

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
4th week Sept.	$61,959	$51,845	$10,114
Month Sept.	208,555	172,162	36,393
July 1-Sept. 30.	603,080	509,004	93,986

CHICAGO & ALTON—

4th week Sept.	318,168	310,728	7,440
Month Sept.	1,295,568	1,314,818	*19,250
July 1-Sept. 30.	4,012,923	3,946,454	66,469

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—

4th week Sept.	1,330,952	1,237,013	93,939
Month Sept.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Draper Estate Leases Harlem River Water Front to Pennsylvania Railroad for Terminal—Square Block in the Dyckman Section Sold—Bronx and Brooklyn Deals

The recent acquirement of additional property by the Pennsylvania Railroad on the East River, north of 125th Street, and the sale of two apartments in 111th Street, near Eighth Avenue, brought Harlem prominently to the front in the realty market yesterday. The property secured by the Pennsylvania Railroad has been taken under a long lease from the Draper estate and fills out the plot already held by the railroad on the river front for its freight depot.

The Pennsylvania Railroad now controls in that locality everything east of First Avenue and the new Willis Avenue Bridge, which includes the block from 125th to 126th Street, First Avenue, and the river, and a triangular piece on the north side of 126th Street.

The railroad has been occupying the property for about six months. No definite plans have yet been closed for improvement, but it is understood that a large freight depot will shortly be erected and other improvements made to meet the increasing traffic conditions in upper Manhattan and the Bronx. Just south of the Pennsylvania holdings, on the north side of 124th Street and the river, the Lehigh Valley Road has a freight depot, and across the Harlem, in the Bronx, are the big freight yards of the New Haven Road.

The Harlem apartment deal includes the two six-story houses at 249 and 251 West 111th Street, covering a combined plot of 72 by 100 feet. The houses were sold by S. B. Goodale & Perry for Samuel L. Pakas. The buyer is H. Eberhardt. The holding price was $150,000. The seller acquired the property last July in exchange for a plot in the Washington Heights district.

Buy Dyckman Block.

The Paulist Fathers have purchased a plot 200 feet square on Broadway, Cooper, Isham, and Emerson Streets, in the Dyckman section, where they will establish a new parish. John N. Golding negotiated the sale for the Isham estate and the price paid was about $150,000.

The Private Dwelling Market.

The S. H. Raphael Company has sold 106 West 118th Street, a three-story-and-basement brownstone private house, 17 by 100, to an investor, for $21,000.

William Lee has sold 567 West 171st Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 95, adjoining the northeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue.

Investor Buys Tenement.

Charles H. Darrow, Jr., has sold to an investor the six-story tenement 199 and 201 Prince Street, on plot 50 by 100 by irregular, between Macdougal and Sullivan Streets.

Bronx.

Hugo Wabst has sold for a client a plot on the north side of East Chester Road, near White Plains Avenue, to a builder, who will immediately improve the same; also for a client a plot on Sherman Avenue, Sherman Park, Westchester County.

The Baxter-Howell Building Co. has sold a plot 50 by 130, on the corner of Middletown Road and Edison Avenue to a client, who will improve it by a one-family house.

H. L. Phelps was the broker in the sale for August H. Sievers of the plot 200 by 125, with three-story dwelling, on the east side of Grand Avenue, about 300 feet north of Fordham Road, which was resold to Henry Acker. Mr. Phelps was also the broker in the sale for the Evans Realty Company to August H. Sievers of 2,332, 2,336, and 2,334 Aqueduct Avenue, three four-story apartment houses, each on plot 42 by 100. Title to both parcels passed Thursday.

J. Clarence Davies sold for F. Lent the plot, 50 by 163, on the west side of White Plains Road, 130 feet south of Westchester.

The Brown Realty Company bought of Max Hirshkind a plot, 75 by 209, on the east side of Third Avenue, between 169th and 170th Streets. Twenty-eight lots in Yonkers were given in exchange.

Brooklyn.

The Bulkley & Horton Company have sold 126 Montauk Avenue, between Liberty and Glenmore Avenues, a two-story American basement, brick two-family house, 20 by 55 by 100, for Carleton S. Welch of Manhattan to Gustaf Matteson for investment.

The C. E. Williams Realty Company has sold at Flatbush Manor to William Schneider an eight-room cottage, on plot 24 by 100, on the east side of Troy Avenue, 182 feet north of Avenue L; to Susan M. Williams, an eight-room cottage, on a plot 24 by 100, on the east side of Troy Avenue, 100 feet north of Avenue L, to John W. Downing, an eight-room cottage, on plot 24 by 100, on the east side of Troy Avenue, 124 feet north of Avenue L. E. Sharum has sold 181 Sixty-eighth Street, Bay Ridge, a brick and limestone front private dwelling, on a plot 20 by 100. A vacant plot in Jamaica, N. Y., was given as part payment.

The Kings and Westchester Land Company have sold to a client, for investment, one of their Kinko duplex houses, at 600 Third Street.

New Jersey.

L. N. Nicholson & Co. have sold at Lyndhurst, N. J., to James Brown a six-room house with improvements, plot 30 by 100, for John H. Burke for $2,800; to Charles R. Nelson for Hubert Ernest Kefauver a six-room house on Weart Avenue with all improvements, plot 50 by 150, for $3,200, and to Reginald A. Taylor a new six-room house, with improvements, plot 47 by 397, on Kingsland Avenue, for Charles G. Hauck for $2,500.

Recent Buyers.

Abraham Katz is the buyer of 206 West 134th Street, sold recently by the Congregation Agudath Achim of Harlem.

$250,000 Loan on the Marc Antony.

The Paterno Construction Company has secured through Pease & Elliman a loan of $250,000 upon its twelve-story apartment house known as the Marc Antony, at 214 Cathedral Parkway.

Gets Big Building Loan.

The Chelsea Realty Company has made a building loan of $352,500 to the Kramer Contracting Company for the new structure to be erected on 142d Street, 100 feet east of Seventh Avenue, running through to 141st Street, the frontling being 150 feet on the former street and 125 feet on 141st Street.

Decrease in Building.

Building reports to Bradstreet's from eighty-one cities of the United States for the month of September indicate a total expenditure of $51,921,600, as against $70,246,351 last month and $45,349,188 in September last year.

This shows a decrease of 26 per cent. from last month, but an increase of 14.4 per cent. over the corresponding month in 1910. Of the eighty-one cities reporting for September, forty-nine show gains, while thirty-two show decreases from September of last year.

Leases.

John Bigelow, George W. Smith, and Lewis V. F. Randolph, trustees for the estate of Samuel J. Tilden, have leased to William Sittenham the house 38 West Thirty-eighth Street for a term of years. Mr. Sittenham will alter the premises for business purposes. The lease was effected by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

J. B. English has leased for R. Connor to the Broadway Theatrical Costuming Company the three-story dwelling at 167 West Forty-ninth Street for a term of years; for Ella Craig the three-story dwelling at 152 West Forty-eighth Street; for Nellie Lyon the two four-story dwellings 158 and 160 West Forty-sixth Street, and for J. Miller the three-story dwelling at 227 West Fifty-second Street.

$400,000 Express Building.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story fireproof loft building on the south side of Eighteenth Street for the Monahan Express Company at a cost of $400,000. It will have a frontage of 100 feet and a depth of 142.6 feet by irregular. George M. McCabe is the architect.

Real Estate Show Opens To-day.

The Real Estate and Ideal Homes Show will open at Madison Square Garden this afternoon and continue until Oct. 14. This year the scope of the show has been materially widened through its combination with the National Building Material Show, and the added exhibits and features will undoubtedly make this exhibition even more popular than it has been in the past.

Notes.

The Ernestus Gulick Company has been appointed agent for the Mauser Building, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-first Street; the Crapo Building, 431 Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, and the Simonson Building, 506 Fifth Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets.

Justice Pendleton of the Supreme Court has appointed Henry Brady receiver of the rents of 225 East 148th Street, pending a suit brought by Isabella Hart to foreclose a mortgage of $4,500.

John S. O'Brien has been appointed receiver of the rents of 348 East 137th Street, pending a suit brought by Mary C. Stewart to foreclose a mortgage of $9,500.

Francis E. Krueger has removed his real estate office from 153 Sixth Avenue to 316 West Forty-second Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

140th St, 161 to 169 West, n s, 137.6 ft e of 7th Av, 126.6x99.11, seven-story apartment house; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, $150,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Nicholas Av, 695, s w corner of 145th St, 101.4x116x irregular, six-story brick tenement and stores; foreclosure to the plaintiff, Samuel Heyman, $202,848.

AT 3,166 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

165th St, 302 to 314, s s, 27.1 ft e of College Av, 138.11x88.9x irregular, seven three-story brick dwellings; foreclosure to the plaintiff, Adolph Altman, $63,312.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

18th St, 216 to 222 West, for a 12-story loft, 108x142.6; Monahan Express Co., 61 Greenwich Av, owner; G. M. McCabe, architect; cost $400,000

8d Av, 2,148 and 2,150, for a two-story store, 47.7x90; Degelman Realty Co., 33 East 125th St, owner; B. & J. P. Walther, architects; cost $25,000

Elliott Av, w s, 250 ft n of Marrin St, for three two-story frame dwellings, 16.8x30; Paul Reeling, 1,881 Holland Av, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost $10,500

Olmstead Av, s w cor Newbold Av, two-story brick church and Sunday school, 81.10x81.10; Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York, Rev. J. F. Forbes, D. D., 207 East 30th St, Secretary, owners; Eli Benedict, architect; cost $40,000

Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, w s, 250 ft n of 227th St, for a one-story frame garage; Isabel and Elizabeth Cox, on premises, owners; S. K. Rossiter, architect; cost $700

Alteration.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

Greene St, e s, 172 ft n of Bleecker St, to a six-story store and loft; heirs of Meyer Guggenheimer, 165 Broadway, owner; L. C. Holden, architect; cost $10,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, OCT. 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

A STRIP, all right, title, and interest to same, bounding on w by s s of land conveyed to parties of the second part by Bushe and others by deed dated July 20, 1910; the land hereby conveyed bounded as follows: On e or s e side by plot conveyed to parties of the second part, as before mentioned; on s or s w side by the extension w of the s w side of said plot last mentioned, on w or n w side by land of N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., and on n or n w by the extension w of the n e line of land conveyed as above mentioned, being all land between plot of land conveyed to party of the second part, as before mentioned, and land of said railroad; Lucia, wife of Frederick C. B. Coulson and others, trustees, to Albert Hemphill and Bell, his wife, tenants by entirety, 857 Riverside Drive, Sept. 8; Edw. Jacobs, 25 Broad St $100

BRIGGS AV, 2,584, e s, 19.2x—; Emma Engeldrum to Anna M. Winterroth, at Sea Cliff, L. I., Oct. 5, (mtg $8,500;) attorneys, Neier & Van D., 80 Broadway $100

BRYANT AV, w s, 215.2 ft s of Garrison Av, 25x100; Otto H. Biell to Murray Hill Park, at Summit, N. J., Oct. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

CARPENTER AV, e s, 75 ft n of 234th St, 25x105.6, Wakefield; Edward F. Schubert to Richard and Emma L. Storms, 4,230 Carpenter Av, (mtg $5,000,) Oct. 3; attorney, E. F. Schubert, 535 East 166th St $100

CLAY AV, e s, Lots 81-85, map of William E. Zborowski, 125x90, (mtg $6,000;) 187th St, s s, 120.9 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 25x125, (mtg $2,500;) Henry M. Powell to Weller Co., 31 Chambers St, Aug. 2; Hy. M. Powell, 51 Chambers St $100

COMMONWEALTH Av, Lots 359 to 361, Block K, amended map of Mapes estate; Walter Anopol to Bernard Anopol, 1,412 Commonwealth Av, April 6, (mtg $6,500;) address, 1,412 Commonwealth Av $1

FOX ST, 1,074, e s, 20.5x100; J. C. Gaffney Construction Co. to Martha Perna, 654 Freeman St, (mtg $8,000,) Oct. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

GRANT AV, e s, 32.8 ft n of 165th St, 25x102.6; Ernest H. Wills, referee, to Irving K. Taylor, New Milford, N. Y., and another, trustees of William A. Taylor, (foreclosure Oct. 5,) Oct. 6; attorney, William D. Leonard, 165 Broadway $8,050

HOE AV, e s, 104.1 ft s of Home St, 50x100; Thomas A. Driscoll to William Sinnott Co., 967 East 167th St, (mtg $3,500,) Oct. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 275.10 ft n of 184th St, 34x119.8; Wilmore Realty Co. to Giuseppe Borello, 2,368 Hoffman Av, Oct. 2; attorney, G. Lordi, 62 Mulberry St $100

HONEYWELL AV, n w corner of West St, 63.4x78.10x62.8x57.11; Alice McCaffrey to Philip Kaufman, 2,110 Starling Av, (mtg $6,500,) Oct. 5; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,128 Walker Av $100

INTERIOR lot, begins 130 ft w of 2d Av and 100.5 ft s of 45th St, —x—; Emile Baumgarten and others to Jacobson & Co., 241 East 44th St, Oct. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

JACKSON AV, e s, 302.2 ft s of 147th St, 75x100; Pauline Cahn to Amelia Hoffmire, 675 Eagle Av, and others, quitclaim, all title, Oct. 5; attorney, Michael J. Sullivan, Willis Av, and 148th St $1

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 50 ft s of 172d St, 50x100; John King to George C. Goebel, 104 West 84th St or 38 Park Row, Oct. 6 ..... $1

MARTHA AV, n w corner of 238th St, 25x100; Annie S. Williams to Melville Construction Co., 2,310 Washington Av, Oct. 16, mtg $1,700; attorney, M. J. Katz, 320 Broadway $100

PRATT AV, e s, 340.3 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 25x100; Abr. Cahn to Johann Gidor, 102 West 92d St, Oct. 16, (mtg $500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $50

SCOFIELD ST, n s, east half of Lot 2, map of Elizabeth Pell, City Island, 50x119.2; Margaret Lawrence to Frederick E. Lawrence, Fordham St, City Island; attorney, S. S. Miller, City Island $1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 172.11 ft s of Home St, 75x100; Martha G. Perna to James C. Gaffney, 1,148 Tiffany St, (mtg $8,000,) Oct. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 100 ft n of Barreto St, 112.6x100; James A. Foley, referee, to Rotterdam Holding Co., 198 Broadway, Oct. 3; address, 198 Broadway $15,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 212.6 ft n of Barreto St, 112.6x100; James A. Foley, referee, to Rotterdam Holding Co., 198 Broadway, Oct. 3; address, 198 Broadway $16,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 156th St, 100x100; Charles L. Morse and Margaret F. Johnson, 340 West 72d St, Sept. 30, (mtg $18,000;) attorneys, Ferriss, R. & S., 165 Broadway $100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 75 ft e of Brook Av, 50x100; Mary Ehrmann to Ernest Hall, 1,087 Boston Road, (mtg $8,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, E. Hall, 62 West St $100

STARLING AV, 2,110, s s, 81x95; Philip Kaufman to Jacob Brugenheimer, 331 Perry Av, Oct. 5, mtg $4,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

VYSE AV, 1,442, e s, 37.6x100; William Sinnott Co. to Thomas A. Driscoll, 1,174 Hoe Av, (mtg $31,000,) Oct. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WALKER AV, w s, 160.10 ft n of St. Raymond Av, 50.3x112.6; Alvey A. Adee to Fred M. Weiss, 1,618 Roselle St, Sept. 18; attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square $100

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 50.4 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 52x100; Pauline Miehling to Lorenz Zeller, 2,013 Madison Av, June 27; attorney, Edward Miehling, 258 Broadway $1

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 125 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Louise Masser to Bertha Buschatzke and another, at North Beach, L. I., Oct. 4; attorney, J. A. Seidman, 61 Park Row $1

WHITLOCK AV, s e s, 299.4 ft s w of Hunt's Point Av, 25x130.1; Frances B. Welteck to Frances E. and Louise F. Welteck, 966 Whitlock Av, June 30, 1908; attorney, L. S. Quackenoush, 78 East 90th St $100

3D AV, e s, 51.1 ft n of 73d St, 25.8x80; Henrietta Knoll and others to Albert Weiss, 447 East 84th St, mtg $20,000, and all liens, Oct. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

5TH AV, 2,252, w s, 24.11x85; Cosmopolitan Realty Co. to Mary B. Ives, 117 West 58th St, and Joseph H. Kernochan, Woodcliff Lake, Bergen Co., N. J., (mtg $14,500,) B. & S., April 14; attorney, Leon A. Borck, Flushing, L. I. $1

14TH ST, 225 East, 28.6x100; 14th St, 227 East, 28.6x100; 14th St, 229 East, 28.6x103.3; Solomon Cohen to William Cohen, 30 West 119th St, mtg $90,000, Oct. 5; attorney, Goldsmith, R. M. & B., 31 Nassau St $100

19TH ST, 22 to 28 West, 89.11x—; St. John's Park Realty Co. to N. Y. Perm. Real Estate Associates, 111 Broadway, Oct. 5, (mtg $550,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

44TH ST, n s, 400 ft w of 2d Av, 250x100; Emile Baumgarten and others to Jacobson & Co., 241 East 44th St, Oct. 2, (mtg $21,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Emile Baumgarten and others to same, Oct. 2; attorney, same.... $1

48TH ST, 224 East, 18.8x100.5; Richard G. P. Dieffenbach, executor, to Margaret A. Hormidge, 224 East 48th St, Sept. 29, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $12,500

56TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Joel Jacobs to Samuel Williams, 71 West 113th St, and Samuel Grodginsky, 60 East 93d St, (mtg $17,000,) Oct. 5; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway $100

57TH ST, n s, 145.5 ft w of Avenue A, 18x100.4; Lederle Antitoxin Laboratories to Harry J. Gill, 337 East 57th St, (mtg $7,000,) Oct. 6 ..... $100

61ST ST, 166 East, 20x100.5; Samuel P. Hinckley to Tarolinta Land Improvement Co., April 30, 1910; Samuel P. Hinckley, 1 West 54th St $1

69TH ST, 327 and 329 West, n s, 50x100.5; Israel Horwitz to Joseph Lippman, 102 York St, Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $24,000,) Oct. 5; attorney, Aaron Morris, 277 Broadway... $100

70TH ST, 319 East, 25x100.5; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil and another, 128 West 121st St, Oct. 6; attorney, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St $100

70TH ST, 319 East, 25x100.5; Benjamin J. Weil to Fanny Gruen, 401 East 52d St, Oct. 6; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St.... $100

87TH ST, 12 and 14 East, s s, 76.8x100.8; James Weil and others to Capitol Realty and Construction Co, mtg $130,000, Sept. 16, 1910; attorney, Maurice Katz, 320 Broadway. $1

104TH ST, 125 East, 30x100.11; Solomon Cohen to William Cohen, 30 West 119th St, Oct. 5, mtg $12,000; attorney, Goldsmith, R. M. & B., 31 Nassau St $100

111TH ST, 249 and 251 West, n s, 72x100.11; Millie B. Pakas to William V. Eberhart, 2,864 Cortlandt St, Coney Island, (mtg $99,000,) Oct. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

118TH ST, s s, 109 ft w of Lenox Av, 17x100.11; Joseph G. Bassman to Pauline Sherman, 1,540 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, (mtg $13,500,) Oct. 5; attorney, I. Witkind, 290 Broadway $1

119TH ST, 30 West, 17.6x100.11; Solomon Cohen to William Cohen, 30 West 119th St, mtg $10,000, Oct. 5; attorney, Goldsmith, R. M. & B., 31 Nassau St $100

119TH ST, 305 East, 19.3x100.11; Edmund J. Tinsdale, referee, to Alex. Tofts, 241 8th Av, Oct. 5; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $10,450

134TH ST, 710 East, s s, 18.4x100; Louis Isorsky to Minnie Rosenbaum, 513 East 5th St, Oct. 14, 1909; attorney, Greene, H. & S., 43 Exchange Place $1

SAME PROPERTY; Minnie Rosenbaum to Clara Parissette, 710 East 134th St, Oct. 4, 1911; attorney, same $100

134TH ST, 206 West, s s, 17x99.11; Congregation Agudath Achim of Harlem to Abraham Katz, 202 West 134th St, (mtg $7,400,) Oct. 4; attorney, J. M. Edelson, 41 Park Row.... $1

SAME PROPERTY; Abraham Katz to Lena Katz, 202 West 134th St, (mtg $7,400,) Oct. 4; attorney same $100

152D ST, 456 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Isabella Jex, 2 West 59th St, Oct. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $10,750

152D ST, 460 West, s s, 16.8x99.11; same to same, Oct. 5; attorney same $10,750

206TH ST, s s, 26.7 ft e of St. George's Crescent, 100, except part for street; Ernest C. Dingley to Selina J. Swan, 2,266 Washington Av, Oct. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

236TH ST, s e corner of Onelda Av, 25x100; 236th St, s s, 50 ft e of Onelda Av, 25x100; William R. Syme, trustee, to Geraldine J. Willetts, White Plains, N. Y., July 31; attorney, F. M. Thompson, White Plains, N. Y $11,270

238TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Keppler Av, 25x100; Thomas J. King, executor, to Elizabeth Neumann, 514 Lenox Av, (mtg $3,500,) Oct. 4; attorney, T. J. King, 501 5th Av..... $100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name, address of lender, and lender's attorney. Interest at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BENENSON REALTY CO. to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av; 156th St, n s, 290.11 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 50.10x —, 5 years, Oct. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $35,000

BORELLO, Giuseppe, to Wilmore Realty Co., 115 Broadway, Hoffman St, e s, 275.10 ft n of 184th St, 34x119.8, Oct. 2, due as per bond; address, 115 Broadway $3,450

CHILDS, John J., to Elias H. August, 50 West 77th St; Lot 2, map of Van Nest Park, Oct. 6, 5 years; attorney, M. Cooper, 20 Vesey St. $4,500

CHILDS, Mary, to Elias H. August, 50 West 77th St; Lot 1 map of Van Nest Park, Oct. 6, 5 years; attorney, M. Cooper, 20 Vesey St. $3,000

CONNERS, Mary, to Helene Elch, 1,255 Madison St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Lots 537 and 540, map of Gleason property, Oct. 6, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George F. Alexander, 315 Washington St, Brooklyn $1,000

FUSCO, Pesquale, to Frank McGarry, 660 Burke St, 294th St, n s, 75 ft e of Villa Av, 26x80.8, (prior mtg $4,000,) Sept. 29, due as per bond; address, 660 Burke St $400

GIEHSEN, Mary, to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, 40th St, 454 West, 25x98.9, Oct. 6, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St $17,000

HILL, William R., to Edith Mandeville, Irvington, N. Y.; 127th St, 11 and 13 East, 33.4x99.11, prior mtg $13,000, Oct. 3; attorney, William F. Kimber, 141 Broadway, due as per bond $6,000

HINKLEIN, Christina, to Annie C. Schriefer, 330 West 51st St, 3d Av, e s, 169 ft n of 156th St, 25x96, (prior mtg. $2,000,) Oct. 5, 3 years; attorney, E. P. Orrell, 258 Broadway. $1,000

HOFFMIRE, Amelia, et al, to Michael J. Sullivan, 243 East 141st St, Jackson Av, e s, 302.2 ft s of 147th St, 25x100, Oct. 4, due as per bond; address, Willis Av and 148th St.. $265

HORNIDGE, Margaret A., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 48th St, 224 East, 18.7x100.5, 5 years, Oct. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $8,750

JACOBSON & CO. to Emile Baumgarten and others, executors, 15 East 81st St; 44th St, n s, 130 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100, prior mtg $21,000, Oct. 2, due Dec. 31, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $19,600

JEX, Isabella, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; 152d St, 456 West, s s, 16.8x99.11, Sept. 19, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $5,000

JEX, Isabella, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; 152d St, 460 West, s s, 16.8x99.11, Sept. 19, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $5,000

KAUFMAN, Philip, to Alice McCaffrey, 551 West 160th St, Honeywell Av, n w cor West St, 63.4x78.10, (prior mtg. $4,000,) Oct. 5, 2 years, 6 per cent.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..... $2,500

KRUPP, Joseph, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 112th St, n s, 244 ft e of 8th Av, 19x100.11, 5 years, Oct. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $13,000

McARTHUR, John E., to Giovannia P. Maresi, 146 Columbia St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 88th St, 220 West, s s, 16.8x98.9, prior mtg $8,000, Oct. 5, due &c., as per bond; attorney, J. A. Fischer, 690 5th Av $3,000

MARTIN PLETSCHER CONSTRUCTION CO to Augusta A. Storck, 743 Coney Island Av, Brooklyn; Bryant Av, e s, 210 ft s of Garrison Av, two lots, each 20x100, two mtgs, each $1,500, Sept. 30, due June 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 3d Av and 148th St $3,000

MELILLO CONSTRUCTION CO to Annie S. Williams, at White Plains, N. Y.; Martha Av, n w corner of 238th St, 25x100, Oct. 6, due Jan. 6, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Arrowsmith & D., 261 Broadway $1,700

MURPHY, Patrick J., to Patrick G. Tighe, 124 Park Av, Yonkers, N. Y.; Cedar Av, s o s, at w s of 177th St, 90x80.11; Cedar Av, n w corner of 177th St, 126.6x97.6, Oct. 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 124 Park Av, Yonkers, N. Y. $4,000

MURRAY HILL PARK CORPORATION to Alice M. Babbott, 252 West 153d St, Bryant Av, w s, 215.2 ft s of Garrison Av, 25x100, Oct. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway $6,000

MURRAY HILL PARK CORPORATION to Alice M. Babbott, 352 West 153d St, Bryant Av, w s, 215.2 ft s of Garrison Av, 25x100, (prior mtg. $6,000,) Oct. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway $6,000

NEW YORK-PENNSYLVANIA REAL ESTATE Associates to Empire Trust Co, 42 Broadway; 19th St, 22 to 28 West, 89.11x — prior mtg $550,000, Oct. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, $150,000

QUIGLEY, John J., to James Eversrd's Breweries, 12 East 133d St, 8th Av, 557, s w cor 8sth St, Oct. 5, demand, 6 p. c.; address, 12 East 133d St $16,000

RAABE, Josephine, to Henry Raabe, 334 Audubon Av; Anthony Av, n w corner of Minerva Place, 20x100, Sept. 19, due Dec. 19, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Phillips & Co., 41 Park Row $5,000

ROBINSON, Robert, and another, to Elmer A. Allen, 63 West 190th St, Clinton Av, s w cor 170th St, 20x100, Oct. 5, 6 years; address, 65 West 190th St $5,000

ROSENSTEIN, Abraham, to Eva Phipps, 218 West 122d St; Alexander Av, 293, w s, 16.6x70, Oct. 6, 3 years; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row $7,500

SEGELBOHM, Louis, to Lena Kanarck, 118 Columbia St; Avenue D, w s, 70.4 ft s of 4th St, 39.7x —, Oct. 5, installments, 6 p. c.; address, 118 Columbia St $1,000

SONSIN & WAHLIG CONSTRUCTION COMPANY to Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway, Southern Boulevard, e s, 200 ft n of Jennings St, 100x100, Oct. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, 170 Broadway. $60,000

SPAETH, George, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; Longwood Av, 1,178 and 1,180, s s, 50x169.8x52.6x138.8, Oct. 5, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $5,000

STEVENSON CONSTRUCTION Co to Alanson P. White, 54 Elmwood Place, East Orange, N. J.; 55th St, 245 to 249 West, n s, 99x100.5, prior mtg $200,000, Sept. 27, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wechsler & R., 135 Broadway. $10,700

SWAN, Sally J., to Wm. M. Hubbard, at Harrisdale, N. Y., 200th St, s s, 20.7 ft e of St. George's Crescent, 25x100, Oct. 5, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $1,000

TOFTS, Alex., to Title Insurance Company, 135 Broadway, 119th St, 305 East, 19.5x100.11, Oct. 5, 3 years, 5 p. c.; address, 135 Broadway $10,000

WILLIAM SINNOTT CO to Thomas A. Driscoll, 1,172 Hoe Av; Hoe Av, e s, 104.1 ft s of Home St, 50x100, Oct. 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 57 Chambers St. $2,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessees.

BAXTER ST, 44 and 46, store, &c.; Alessandro Simonetti to Antonio Grossi and another, 46 Baxter St, 7 1-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; address, 46 Baxter St $1,872

BERGEN AV, 504, store, &c.; Angelicka Gilfrich to Jacob Bubser, on premises, 5 7-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Hildreth & F., 3d Av and 148th St $1,440

BROADWAY, 2,275, store; Maria de W. Jesup to L. Levy & Brothers, on premises, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Meyer Levy, 41 Park Row $2,000

GRAND ST, 290, store and basement; Samuel Kamlet and another to Abraham Welserbs, 91 Eldridge St, from completion of alterations to May 1, 1916; attorney, Leo Freeman, 302 Broadway $2,400

MULBERRY ST, 8, all; Pietro Fiorito to Amello Caputo, 82 Mulberry St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; address, 82 Mulberry St..$2,400

1ST AV, 2,033, store, &c.; Henry Strauss to Giuseppe Fusco, 409 East 116th St, 5 3-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1911; attorney, Michael Accerido, 2,033 1st Av $1,320

3D AV, w s, 50.1 ft s of 171st St, 80x96, all; Terrain Realty Co. to Rose Stengel, 544 Wendover Av, 10 years, from Jan. 1, 1912; attorney, I. Lowenbraum, 116 Nassau St. $1,950

8TH AV, 557, all; Joseph Goodman and another to John J. Quigley, 880 West 81st St, 21 years, from May 1, 1911; attorney, James Everard's Breweries, 12 East 133d St. $8,800

116TH ST, 412 East, all; Laura Silvestro to Giuseppe Coppola, 414 East 116th St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; address, 414 East 116th St $720

150TH ST, 232 East, all; Joseph V. Cunningham to Laverio Riele and another, 232 East 150th St, 5 years, from Oct. 11, 1911; attorney, Michael Accardo, 2,033 1st Av $540

169TH ST, 628 East, store; Charles F. Brane and another to Ernesto Merlino and another, 535 East 169th St, 3 7-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, Louis Z. Kinstler, 38 Park Row $480

Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE A, 58, and 4th St, 187 East; Newport Sash and Door Co. against Adolph Deutsch and Joseph Deutsch, owners; Sigmund Fox, contractor; Joseph Bernstein, sub-contractor $105

BAYCHESTER AV, w s, 200 ft s of Boston Road, —x—; W. A. Mallett Co. against New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Co., owner; Murray Brothers, contractors.... $740

GUN HILL ROAD, w s, 500 ft n of East Chester Road, —x—; W. A. Mallett Co. against New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Co., owner; Murray Brothers, contractors $453

4TH ST, 276 to 290 East; Miller & Co. against Benjamin R., Eliza A. C., Egerton L., and Neilson Wonthrop, also Eliza S., Kernochan and Annie W. Curtis, owners; Siegel-Rosenberg Co., contractors $644

6TH AV, 484 and 486; Herringbone Metal Lath Co. against Thomas Morgan, owner; Sigmund Kirsch and Nassau Fireproofing and Construction Co., contractors $335

6TH AV, 484; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Thomas Morgan, owner; Nassau Fireproof Construction Co., sub-contractor $61

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

CROTONA AV, n w corner of 183d St; S. Siegel, Inc., against Max Marx, Aug. 30, 1911 ..... $353

HAVEN AV, w s, opposite 170th St; McGovern & Wright against C. A. Springer and others, March 11, 1911 ..... $10

WEST END AV, 600; L. Kantor & Co. against West End Construction Co. and others, Aug. 31, 1911, (by bond) $5,405

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NEW YORK'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SUBURB

The place to enjoy country life with all city conveniences and the superior social advantages that only a refined, highly restricted neighborhood can offer.

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146-156 West 118th Street
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Centrally located, convenient to Subway and "L" Express Station.

Private Block, Quiet and Refined

All modern improvements, including day and night elevator and hall service, parquet floors, combination wall safes, telephone and electric light in each apartment, etc.

A Few Choice, Bright and Cozy
5, 7 AND 8 ROOM APARTMENTS
RENTS $540, $900, $1,000

Liberal Concessions to Responsible Lessees.

Superintendent on Premises.

NEW APARTMENTS JUST FINISHED

OREGON

54th St. & 7th Ave.

12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

Only a few choice apartments left

5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,600 per annum

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The **WYOMING** 55th Street and 7th Avenue **IDAHO**

Absolutely Fireproof

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

8 to 12 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000

Special Suite of 14 rooms and 5 baths, $8,500

Doctor's Apartments, $2,400 & $3,000

MOST CONVENIENT RESIDENTIAL SECTION IN NEW YORK

THE TURIN,

CENTRAL PARK W., N. W. Cor. 93d St.

NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENTS OF THE VERY HIGHEST TYPE.

Equipped with every convenience known to modern construction.

MOST BEAUTIFUL SUITES consisting of 6, 7, 8 AND 9 ROOMS and 2 and 3 rooms.

All Outside Rooms of unusual size, situated in the highest point and commanding an unobstructed view of New York.

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5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.

100 feet east of 5th Av.

THE MASON, 6-12 East 58th St.

Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.

VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION

$1,600 to $1,750

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

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HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX

Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.

CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.

Furnished if Desired.

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61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC., See Superintendent on Premises.

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Apartments of 2 and 4 Rooms and Bath.

The **Wendolyn**

S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive

A new twelve-story building.

The only house of its kind on the west side. Only two of the 10 and 11 room apartments left.

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High-class elevator building. Only one 7-Room Apartment and one 8-Room Apartment left.

Rent $60 to $70

Best in New York at Price

DON'T COME HERE

if you want a flashy entrance AND ALL IT IMPLIES, BUT IF YOU WANT

A Homelike Apartment

5-6 or 7 Rooms Rent $50-$65

WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS IN REFINED NEIGHBORHOOD, Apply

West End Av. 738, Cor. 96th St.

Block from Subway Express Station.

AMHERST,

204 West 110th St.

Absolutely Fireproof. Recently Completed. Private House Rooms. Large Closets. 8 Rooms and 3 Baths. To Lease from October 1.

Only one apartment left.

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APARTMENTS OF 3 ROOMS & BATH TO LEASE, ALSO DUPLEX STUDIOS.

GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS

222 WEST 59TH ST.

Ideal for bachelor or couple, furnished or unfurnished from $1,200 up. JAMES BALL, Mgr.

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Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.

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60 West 67th St.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.

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THE JEFFERSON

324-328 West 51st St.

Attractive apartment of four large, light rooms; elevator, telephone; all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 Fifth Ave.

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Attractive apartments of four large, light rooms; elevator, telephone; all modern improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 Fifth Ave.

The only apartment on Riverside Drive in the 70s and convenient to the heart of the city, near Subway station.

THE RIVERDALE,

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The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.

Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

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Elegant New Apartment

FAMILY LEAVING CITY DESIRES TO SUBLET THREE YEARS' LEASE ON ELEGANT NEW APARTMENT OF NINE ROOMS AND THREE BATHS; MODERN, NEW BUILDING; APARTMENT NEVER OCCUPIED; LOCATED ON WEST END AV., NEAR 82D ST. ADDRESS A. M. HOLLSTEIN, 7 EAST 17TH STREET.

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43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.

QUITE DISCOURAGING ! !

So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking—if not one thing, then another. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900. ALSO 3-ROOM DOCTOR'S SUITE. VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof. 43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths, $1,200 to $1,700. Two and three rooms and bath; $420 to $600. All-night elevator; hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident Superintendent.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

223 LEXINGTON AVENUE,

Suites of 2 Rooms and Bath, $40 per month

111 WEST 43D ST.

2 ROOMS, BATH, $25 TO $45 PER MONTH.

Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

THE ALVARADO,

S. E. cor. 80th St., Park Ave.

In exclusive neighborhood, high-class modern equipped apartments of nine extra large, all light rooms, two baths, abundance of large closets; also one ground floor, suitable for doctor; rents $1,700 to $1,900. Supt.

27-29 EAST 27TH ST.

A very desirable apartment of three rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat, and electric light; rent low; possession now. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, &c.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street

Handsome apartment; seven large, light rooms, $55.

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HIGH-CLASS BUILDING. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

3-ROOM APARTMENT, $540.

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INQUIRE IN OFFICE, 507 WEST 113TH ST.

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5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

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New Fireproof Elevator Apartments

THE ALABAMA

550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.

One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.

An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.

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3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.

Rents from $40. up

Manager on premises

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Located on the highest point of Manhattan Island.

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2 Blocks West of B'way Subway Station.

The apartments in this building are planned, finished and equipped by far superior to those in the lower sections of the city that rent for twice the money we ask.

4	Rooms, Bath, Foyer Hall.....	$570
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Individual needle spray shower baths, sunken sanitary Roman tubs, vacuum cleaning, complete steam laundry, service elevator and entrance, and all the minor improvements. Spacious rooms, large foyers, and ample closets.

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New Elevator Apts.

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Ft. Washington Ave.

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7 7-8 extra large rooms & 2 baths with French windows on front. our room apartments contain 2 large foyer halls, butler's pantry, tiled floor kitchens, 7 closets, most elegant fixtures and decorations, admirably laid out.

8 our room apartments have 3 bedrooms, facing street, with main chamber 14x17 (containing 5 windows), 8 closets and most attractive apartment obtainable anywhere.

Rents VERY REASONABLE

Short walk from W. 181st St. Sub. Sta.

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JUST COMPLETED

Undercliff Av. & Washington Bridge

HIGH, DRY & HEALTHY LOCATION.

3-4-5 all outside rooms, including Bedrooms, containing electric light, shower bath, private telephone, and facing Washington Bridge Park, near Broadway Subway station, 181 St.

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Finest non-elevator apartment ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.

Shower Baths and Parquet Floors. Vacuum Cleaning, Sanitary Garbage Closets. TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

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Between Amsterdam and Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.

4 Large Rooms.....$35—$40

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Ground Floor, 6 Rooms, Suitable for Dentist, $60.

See Superintendent on premises, or Duff & Brown, 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

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430 WEST 116TH STREET

One Block from Broadway Subway Station.

8 & 9 Large, Sunny Outside Rooms, 2-3 Baths, Elevator, Etc., $1,500

Living Rooms.....18x23 ft.
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Bedrooms (So'th'n Exposure), 13x16 ft. $2,000

Spacious Foyers, Wide Halls, Ample Closets.

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Modern 5 & 6 Room Apartments

552 to 558 West 186th St.

Rents $30 to $39

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181ST ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV., or janitor on premises.

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Large, light, airy. Five and 6 Room apartments, with all modern improvements. Telephone in each apartment.

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6 and 7 Rooms

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Rents $600 to $800

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short block from Broadway Subway station

Unusually large, light, and attractive 3, 4, and 5 Room Apartments. Electric light, parquet floors. All night service. 'Phone in every apartment

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115 West 225th St.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.

(116-119 STREETS.)

FRONT APARTMENTS.

5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500

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4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900

APPLY ON PREMISES OR

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547 Riverside Drive

overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.

High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.

Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.

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WILL CONTAIN THESE FEATURES IN THE MAGAZINE SECTION:

The Tragedy of the Red Countess, Who Once Lived Here.

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Woman Spy Confesses Betraying Her Russian Comrades for Love.

Roger W. Babson Tells of Business Conditions the World Over.

Arctic Tribe May Be Descendants of the Franklin Party.

Commander Eva Booth Laments Waning Influence of the Modern Woman.

How Selma Lagerlof's Dream Came True.

"We Are Guided by Spirits," Says Dr. Alfred Wallace.

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Mme. Albani Says Good-bye to the Stage.

Training Child Dancers for the Metropolitan Ballet.

Tribulations of Newspaper Editing in the Far Northwest.

Cubists Take Possession of the Fall Salon in Paris.

George Ade Contributes Two Fables in Slang.

News of the World of Art.

Hy. Mayer's Cartoon on the War in Tripoli.

Anne Rittenhouse Writes of the Fashions in Paris.

THE REVIEW OF BOOKS

will contain these articles:

BRITAIN'S BUSY HAND IN EGYPT.
THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN OF 1860.
WHEN'S A BOOK NOT A BOOK?
THIS "IRON WOMAN" RINGS TRUE.
RARITIES IN THE SECOND HOE SALE.
MRS. GLYN OFFERS "A PANTHER LADY."
IN AFRICA WITH BIBLE AND RIFLE.
DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIAL CONSCIENCE IN A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN.
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EVER-GROWING LITERARY ASSOCIATION OF ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.
THE GIRLHOOD OF "CLAYHANGER'S" WIFE.
HUMAN REALISM IN HICHENS'S NOVEL.
MRS. WHARTON'S "ETHAN FROME" A CRUEL, HAUNTING STORY.
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THIS KING WAS A REAL "APACHE."

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will contain half-tone reproductions of photographs, including

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A series of pictures showing the greatest deluge since the Johnstown disaster of 1889.

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An illuminating set of pictures showing the storm centre of the latest European war.

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GOLF HEROES PAST 55 YEARS OF AGE.
THE DANTE MONUMENT TO BE PRESENTED TO THIS CITY.
MME. GERVILLE-REACHE AND HER CHILD.
OLIVE FREMSTAD AT HOME IN AUSTRIA.
FIRST AERIAL MAIL IN THE UNITED STATES.

Be Sure to Order Early

To-morrow's Sunday Times

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam, FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.—11, Rev. Dr. W. B. Matteson. 8, "Lost Opportunity." Everybody welcome.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 52d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 West 46th Street. 9:40 A. M., Bible Classes for YOUNG WOMEN; Mrs. Parker, Leader for Oct. 8. YOUNG MEN; Dr. Addison Moore, Leader.

11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Public Worship. Sermons by the REV. PROF. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., of Rochester Theological Seminary.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 79th Street. PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN. 11 A. M.—"THE OMNIPOTENCE OF GOD'S LOVE." 8 P. M.—"WHAT IS CHRISTIANITY? DID CHRIST COME INTO THE WORLD TO SAVE US ONLY FROM IMMORALITY, OR TO ABOLISH DEATH AND GIVE US IMMORTALITY?" FRIDAY NIGHT EXPOSITIONS OF SCRIPTURE. STRANGERS WELCOME.

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th, Rev. E. HOLLOWAY.—11, "God's Purpose in Lives of Men"; 8, "Prayer at Window Opened Toward Jerusalem."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. Services: 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Prof. Logan of Rutgers College will preach morning and evening.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison Avenue, cor. 31st Street. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor, will preach Sunday morning and evening. 11 A. M.—"How Much of Our Religion Must We Abandon in Order to Become Christians?" 8 P. M.—"Two Legs or a Piece of an Ear."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., near 126th St. J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor. Morning—"The Responsibility of the People to the Church." Evening—"A Man's Religion."

Congregational.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, at 76th St., Rev. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., 4 P. M.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St. Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., pastor, preaches 11 and 8. Wed., 8 P.M., Prayer Meeting.

MADISON C. PETERS, Pilgrim Church, Madison Av., cor 121st. 11—"Will the Friendship of Earth Continue in Heaven?" 8—"Can Business be Conducted Successfully on Christian Principles?" Welcome.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 242 WEST 81ST ST. WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Ethical Culture.

BROOKLYN SOCIETY ETHICAL CULTURE. Regular Sunday morning meetings at 11 o'clock at AURORA GRATA CATHEDRAL, Bedford Av. and Madison St. Sunday, Oct. 8, DR. HENRY NEUMANN. Subject: "The Supremacy of Moral Values."

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE, CARNEGIE HALL. Sunday morning at 11 Dr. Lyman Abbott will speak on "Why I Believe in Immortality." All Are Welcome.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., the Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (St. James,) Madison Av. and 73d St., Dr. REMENSNYDER, Pastor.—Service, 11 A. M. Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.

EVANG. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d.—W. M. Horn, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, Corner Morton, Rev. ROBERT H. KELLEY, Pastor.—Morning, 10:45, "The Third Commandment." Evening, 7:45, "The Masculine Christ." All welcome.

CALVARY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 129th St. and 7th Av. Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., SERVICE FOR OLD PEOPLE. Sermon by the Pastor. 8 P. M., Sermon by Pastor—"SELF RESPECT."

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOR, Lexington Av., 111th St.—J. SUMNER STONE, A. H. WILSON, Pastors. Observing Old Home Week. Dr. J. L. Campbell will speak Wednesday, Oct. 11, 8 P. M.

EIGHTEENTH STREET M. E. CHURCH, near 8th Av., GEO. E. BARBER, D. D., Preacher.—11, 8. Sunday school 2:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. 75th anniversary celebration 3d week November.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Pastor. DUBOIS H. LOUX, Associate. 11, Dr. Loux, "Old Powers, Lasting Enthusiasms." 8, Dr. Loux, "The Sick Man of Europe."

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH, CORNER 60TH STREET. REV. WALLACE MacMULLEN, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. MacMullen, "Antiseptic Christians." 8 P. M.—Popular service and brief sermon by Dr. MacMullen.

NEW YORK PREACHERS' MEETING, Monday, Oct. 9.—Speaker, Dr. J. M. SPENCER of Lexington, Ky. Topic, "The Life of Mary Todd, Wife of Abraham Lincoln."

ST. ANDREW'S M. E. CHURCH, Seventy-sixth St., West of Columbus Av., GEORGE CLARK PECK, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—"OUR PARTNERSHIPS." 8 P. M.—"CHANGING THE CLIMATE."

ST. JAMES METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 126th St. Rev. ARCHEY DECATUR BALL, D.D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—"The Supreme Task of the Church." 8 P. M.—"A Man's Religion in Society."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Avenue and 86th Street. Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor. 11 and 8, Sermon by Rev. F. E. Johnson.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., West of Broadway, J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister.—11 A. M., "Life—Lost and Found." 8 P. M.—Rev. Dr. Allan MacRossie.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, Thirty-fifth St., bet. Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Service 11 A. M., followed by the Holy Communion. Sermon by the Pastor. Subject: "The Danger of Being Superficial."

New Thought.

LIFE MORE ABUNDANT. MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE. Sundays, 3:30, beginning to-morrow. 1,909 Broadway. Entrance on 68th St. Subject: "A Daily Question: What Shall I Do"?

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M. Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

TYNDALL of London, Eng.—Leslie Rooms, 260 West 83d St. Sunday 11 A. M. Subject: "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" Sunday evening, Carnegie Lyceum, Spirit World. Wonderful Psychic Phenomena.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. 11 A. M. Service conducted by Henry van Dyke. Sermon by Rev. Wm. P. Merrill, D. D., Pastor-elect. 8 P. M. Installation of Rev. Wm. P. Merrill, D. D. Sermon by Dr. van Dyke. Others who will take part are Dr. George Alexander, Dr. Francis Brown, Dr. J. H. Jowett, Dr. Geo. S. Webster, Dr. D. G. Wylie, Rev. Theodore F. Savage. Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M. Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY. Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. Rev. George H. Smyth, Jr., Assistant. 11 A. M., Sermon by Dr. Merle-Smith. 3 P. M., Sabbath School. 4 P. M., Memorial Services of Rev. John Bancroft Devins, D. D., with tributes from Rev. Drs. Carson, Alexander, Stoddard, Mottet, and Merle-Smith. All invited. NO EVENING SERVICE. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Devotional Meeting.

FIFTH AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 55TH AV. AND 55TH ST. Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Rev. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D., the pastor, will preach. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the afternoon service. Strangers are cordially invited. ON WEDNESDAY EVENING SERVICES will be held in the Chapel at 8:15.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH has removed and is now worshipping in EARL HALL OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, (entrance 117th St. and Broadway.) WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER. PREACHES AT 11 A. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. P. Ellwood Erickson, Assistant. Dr. Work preaches morning and evening. October Musical Service, 8 P. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, northeast corner of 73d St., Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D.D., Pastor. Rev. Charles R. Brown, D. D., Dean of the Yale Divinity School, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister. The Pastor will preach 11 A. M. and Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., Bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, Ph. D., Minister. Rev. LOWRIE D. CORY, Assistant Minister. 11 A. M.—Communion Service and Reception of Members. 8 P. M.—Dr. Mackay: "At the Fork in the Road."

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av., 11th to 12th St. Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor. 11 A. M.—Dr. DUFFIELD will preach. 4 P. M.—Holy Communion. 8 P. M.—Mr. McCague will preach.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St. Rev. WILLIAM HIRAM FOULKES, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning subject, "Yom Kippur: a Jewish Rite in a Christian Light." Evening subject, "Idolatry an Individual and a Social Peril."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts, at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Prof. JULIUS AUGUST BEWER, Ph. D. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PL. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from B'way.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor. Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the morning service the pastor will preach. At the evening service Rev. Henry B. Elliot, D. D., will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av., Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D. D. } Pastors. Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D. } 11 A. M.—Dr. EVANS will preach. 8 P. M.—Dr. ATTERBURY will preach.

Presbyterian.

WEST END CHURCH, Amsterdam Av., corner 105th St. Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor. The Pastor begins a series of services upon Things Fundamental. The subjects to-morrow: 11 A. M.—"Man a Divinity—a God in Ruins." 8 P. M.—"Purgatory: The Prospects for a Second Chance." Graded Sunday School, 3 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M.; Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 A. M. Choral Evensong, 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. Rev. THEODORE F. SEDGWICK, Rector. Holy Communion, 8; Morning Prayer, 11; Open-Air Hymn Singing, 7:45; Evensong, 8. Rector will preach, 11, "Man's Vocation"; 8, "Our Inheritance."

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St. SUNDAY, OCT. 8. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Installation of Dean Grosvenor by the Bishop of New York. 4 P. M.—Preacher, Archdeacon Nelson.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway and 71st St. Rev. G. A. STRONG, Rector, 8 A. M. 11 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector. 8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Francis Rolt-Wheeler.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 130 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. Barry, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45; evensong, 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector, 11 A. M., Morning Service and Sermon. 8 P. M., Evening Service. Haydn's "Creation."

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St. Rev. H. C. ROBBINS, Rector. 8 A. M, Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Rector;) 4 P. M., Evening Prayer and Address, (Rector.)

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, Services 7, 8, 9, 11, 4. Mass and Sermon, 10:30.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th St. Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L. Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M. Morning Prayer; Preacher, the Rector. 11 A. M. Evensong; Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton. 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 est 27e rue. Services: 10½ h. et 8 h.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector, 8; 11 (Rector); 4; (Mr. Bachman); 8, (Vicar).

ST. ANDREW'S, 5th Av., and 127th St. Services: 8 and 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Church School at 9:30 A. M. Rev. Dr. Van De Water will preach morning on "Righteousness," and evening on "A Living Christ."

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 44th St. The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector. 8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11:00 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. R. S. W. Wood. 4:00 P. M.—Preacher, the Rector.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, MADISON AVENUE AND 71ST STREET. Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Sunday School, 9:45 A. M. Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Bishop COURTNEY,) 11 A. M. Evening Prayer and Sermon, (Rev. N. P. CAREY,) 4 P. M.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, W. 141st St., Convent Av., Rev. GEORGE ASHTON OLDHAM, Rector.—Services 8 and 11 A. M.; 8 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 84th St., West, near Central Park, Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—Services: 8, 11, and 8.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 122-128 WEST 69TH ST. Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector. 8, 11, and 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, Fifth Ave. and 53d St. Rev. Ernest M. Stires, D. D., Rector. During October all services at St. Thomas's Chapel, 230 East 60th St. 8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector) with St. Thomas's Church Choir. 8 P. M., Evening Prayer and Sermon. After Nov. 1st all services at St. Thomas's Church.

TRINITY CHURCH. Sunday Services: 7:00, 7:30, 11:00 A. M., (Sermon); 3:30, 8:00 P. M. Weekday Services: 7:30, 9:00 A. M.; 3 P. M. CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY. The public is cordially invited to the services, both on Sundays and on weekdays.

TRINITY PARISH, CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, B'way & 158th St., New York. 8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion. 9:45 A. M.—Sunday School. 10:20 A. M.—Children's Service. 11:00 A. M.—Service and Sermon. 8:00 P. M.—Service and Sermon. The Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Manning, Rector of Trinity Parish, will preach at 11 A. M., Dr. Gates at 8 P. M.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED CHURCH, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St. Rev. A. J. Muste at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, 57th St. and Madison Avenue, Rev. WM. CARTER, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Communion Service. 8 P. M.—"The Gospel According to Jonah." Josephine Milliham Andrews, Special Soloist.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. and 35th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister. MANOR CHURCH, 248 West 26th St., Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D., Minister. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Ave. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister. Rev. Edward Niles will preach at 11 A. M. Rev. John G. Fagg, D. D., at 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAMES BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "The Voice in the Storm." Evening: "Why the Leaves Fall."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS 5th Ave. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MAC LEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Ave. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Morning: "God's Holiness." Afternoon: "By-Products of Life."

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

FREE PUBLIC MEETING DEVOTED TO AN interesting presentation of Theosophy will be held each Sunday evening at 2,228 Broadway, near 79th St. Subway Station.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS, (Unitarian,) Fourth Av., 20th St.—Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor, will preach second sermon in series on "THINGS THAT CANNOT BE SHAKEN." Services 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian.) Park Av. and 34th St. Ministers { Robert Collyer, D. D., Lit. D. John Haynes Holmes. 11 A. M.—Morning Service: Mr. HOLMES will preach. Subject: "THE GOSPEL OF WORK." Communion Service. All cordially invited

THYMOL FOR HOOKWORM.

Government Expert Calls It Best-Known Remedy for the Disease.

Dr. W. H. Schultz, a pharmacologist, of Washington, D. C., read a paper on remedies for animal parasites at the annual session of the American Medical Association, recently held in Los Angeles, based on a study of the relative efficiency and danger of thymol as compared with certain other remedies proposed for hookworm disease. His paper is printed in the current issue of The Journal of the association.

He said he had experimented with about twenty different remedies aside from the action of various chemicals on the eggs and larvae. He taken up four of these remedies, namely, thymol, beta-naphthol, male fern, and a mixture of eucalyptus, castor oil, and chloroform, known as "Hermann's mixture." Here are some of his conclusions:

"It may be said that at present thymol is one of the most toxic vermicides for ankylostoma (hookworm) thus far proposed. It is easy to obtain, keeps well, is cheap, and is easily administered; it kills the parasites instead of merely paralyzing them. When taken under the care of a physician, who is careful to gauge the dose in accordance with the physical condition of the host, it seems to be the best all-around remedy thus far studied.

"While dangerous in large doses, it differs from beta-naphthol, male fern, and chloroform, in that the danger is at once apparent and can be controlled by heart stimulants and by methods that help maintain a good blood pressure until the drug has killed the parasite and the cathartic has removed the excess of thymol. Whereas, with the other remedies just mentioned the danger signals are less obcious, and usually it is only after irreparable damage is done that one is aware that his patient is in danger of any after effects.

"Beta-naphthol is probably the next pure chemical substance that ought to be tried more extensively on human hookworm subjects. Persons affected with kidney lesions ought not to take it. If the maximum dose of 2 to 4 grammes divided in two parts and given an hour apart does not cause renal disturbances in adults, beta-naphthol has much to recommend it as a hookworm remedy.

"Male fern at present has not much promise in this country.

"At present there is but little reliable data on how efficient 'Hermann's Mixture' is for expelling human hookworms, or what percentage of cases might show after effects.

"Finally, it may be said that the best of remedies are but weak instruments in stamping out this degrading disease. To this end it would seem that the most effective line of attack is that led by Stiles and others, who are endeavoring to educate the masses as to the importance of proper sanitation."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Importers of Men's and Boys' Gloves Lose—Other Tariff Decisions.

In overruling a protest filed by Spielmann & Co., the Wesendonck-Lorenz Company, Richard C. Burns, and H. B. Sudbury & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday held that the provision in Paragraph 328, of the Tariff act of 1909, for men's and boys' cotton gloves, knitted, is not limited to gloves made on knitting machines, but includes such as are made from knitted fabrics by cutting or stamping out patterns and sewing them together.

It is held that the term "gloves, knitted" as used in the present tariff is not a commercial term, and that, therefore, testimony tending to prove that it has a commercial meaning different from the ordinary is irrelevant. Judge Cooper, after reviewing previous decisions of the board and the Court of Customs Appeals reaches the conclusion that the term "gloves, knitted," cannot be used in any but the ordinary sense. The protests are overruled. The Collector's assessment at the rate of 50 cents per dozen pairs and 40 per cent. ad valorem under the present tariff is affirmed. The importers set up the allegation that the duty should be at the rate of 50 per cent. under the provision in the law for "wearing apparel."

The board has reversed the Collector of Customs at Boston in his assessment of duty on rosaries imported by J. A. Jacques. The merchandise was returned for duty at the rate of 60 per cent. as "beads." It was claimed by the importer that the articles should be allowed to enter as "manufacturers of wood," with a tax of 35 per cent. ad valorem. This claim, Judge Sharretts sustains. The Collector is ordered to reliquidate the entries on the basis of the lower duty.

The board has taken unfavorable action on a protest filed by Charles A. Johnson & Co., regarding the classification under the present tariff of certain parts of printing machines. They were assessed at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem under the provisions of the metal schedule, and were claimed to be dutiable at 30 per cent. as machine tools. The articles are invoiced as "doctors," and are intended for use on calico printing machines. Judge Fischer states in his decision that the protest is without merit and must be overruled.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The rapid storm movement continues and the disturbance that was central Thursday night over southeast Colorado has moved to the south shore of Lake Erie attended by rains that were quite general over the northern sections from the Rocky Mountains to Western New England. Snow is falling in Northern Vermont, while in Southeast Minnesota, Wisconsin and portions of Michigan the rainfall was heavy, necessitating flood warnings for the Wisconsin River. There will be rain on Saturday from the upper Ohio Valley and lake region eastward, followed by fair weather on Sunday. It will be cooler on Saturday in the north portions of the Gulf States, the middle Mississippi, and the Ohio Valleys, and cooler on Sunday in Virginia, the Carolinas, and North Georgia. Over the north portion of the country and in the West temperatures will change materially.

The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate to brisk to northeast to north over north portion, and brisk to high and shifting over south portion; Middle Atlantic Coast, brisk to high and shifting over north portion, moderate southwest, shifting to northwest over south portion; South Atlantic and East Gulf Coast, moderate south.

Steamers departing on Saturday for European ports will have moderate to brisk variable winds, becoming north, with rain, to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain Saturday, with brisk to moderately high shifting winds; Sunday fair and cool.

New Jersey.—Showers Saturday; Sunday fair, cooler; brisk to moderately high south winds, shifting to northwest Saturday night.

East Pennsylvania.—Showers Saturday; Sunday fair and cooler; brisk shifting winds, becoming northwest

New England.—Rain Saturday; Sunday probably fair, except rain near the coast; moderate to brisk north winds over north portion, and brisk to moderately high and shifting over south portion.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	68	48	4 P. M.	82	58
6 A. M.	68	46	6 P. M.	73	54
9 A. M.	71	50	9 P. M.	74	55
12 M.	79	56	11 P. M.	73	54

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 60.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 47; at 8 P. M. it was 54. Maximum temperat-47; at 8 P. M. it was 56. Maximum temperatgrees at 6 A. M. Humidity 67 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 62 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

7,430. MACHINERY USED IN STUFFING MATTRESSES.—An American Consular officer in the United Kingdom reports that an engineering firm has made inquiries for names of manufacturers in the United States of machinery for stuffing mattresses.

7,431. GALVANIZED AND CORRUGATED IRON PLATES AND NAILS.—A report from an American Consular officer in the Far East states that a business concern is in the market for quantities of galvanized and corrugated iron plates and nails.

7,432. SMALL CENTRIFUGAL PUMPING OUTFITS.—An American business man writes that one of his European correspondents desires prices and printed matter on small centrifugal pumps 1,000 liters per hour capacity, water to be raised to a height of five meters. The pump should be directly coupled to an alernating or direct current electric motor; should be provided with an automatic float regulation or cut out.

7,433. SUPPLIES FOR COTTON MILLS.—One of the commercial agents of the Department of Commerce and Labor reports that a Spanish dealer in supplies for cotton mills would like to get in touch with American firms producing such articles.

7,434. WHITE ENAMELED FOLDING BOX BOARDS.—A report from an American Consular officer in Great Britain states that an inquiry has been received from a local business firm requesting the names of one or more mills in the United States producing white enameled folding box boards for cigarette case work, &c. An article of medium grade, costing about $68 per ton, is desired by the inquirers.

7,435. ENGINES, ROAD ROLLERS, AND PUMPING PLANT.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from an American business house stating that one of its correspondents in India is in the market for the following supplies: (1) A traction engine with sufficient power to drag thirty to forty tons at a time on level roads, (double cylinder locomotive is preferred,) the burner to be a fuel burner; (2) Nine trucks of ten tons canacity each; (3) One ten-ton steam road roller; (4) Diagram of a pumping plant for wells, using gasoline and kerosene engines of different powers. All communications should be addressed to the firm making the inquiry.

7,436. DRAINAGE SYSTEM.—An American Consul reports that Town Council in his district has agreed to recommend that a certain large engineering firm, whose name can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures, should be intrusted with the work of engineering the $500,000 drainage scheme covering a recently incorporated section of the city in question. Early in 1912, it is stated, the engineers will be in a position to receive bids for this important work, and it might be well for American firms to get in touch with this concern at an early date, to be prepared to submit tenders for the undertaking.

7,437. CATALOGUES OF MINING MACHINERY AND APPARATUS.—A member of the Faculty of a Far Eastern college writes the Bureau of Manufactures that catalogues and literature relating to all classes of machinery and products found in mining and allied industries are desired for the files, which are kept for the use of instructors and students. An electrical department is to be organized shortly, and literature relating to electrical appliances could also be used.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

FREDERICK BOUCK, blacksmith, at Athens, Greene County, filed a petition, with liabilities of $355 and assets of $84 in accounts and 42 cents cash on hand.

BEN FRIEDLANDER of 456 Willis Avenue in schedules of bankruptcy shows liabilities of $3,174 and assets $950, consisting of stock and fixtures, $800, and accounts, $150.

GEORGE H. REIFSNIDER.—Judge Holt has appointed Walbridge S. Taft receiver for George H. Reifsnider, wholesale and retail dealer in butter and eggs at 471 Ninth Avenue; bond $1,000.

PELOSO BROTHERS CO.—Schedules in the assignment of Peloso Brothers Co., manufacturing of confections at 28 Prince Street, show liabilities of $5,534, nominal assets of $10,820, and actual assets of $3,409.

CAESAR D. ABD-EL-NOUR IMPORTING COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed George S. Kakabian receiver for the Caesar D. Abd-El-Nour Importing Company, oriental goods, at White Plains, bond $1,000.

LENJAMIN ABRAMS.—Stephen H. Thayer, Bankruptcy Referee of Yonkers, has appointed Clifford G. Ludvigh of this city, receiver for Benjamin Abrams, dealer in butter and eggs at Mamaroneck, bond $1,000.

GROVEMAN & KAHN.—Schedules in the assignment of Groveman & Kahn, manufacturers of mountings for umbrellas and canes at 77 White Street, show liabilities of $5,988, nominal assets of $1,942, and actual assets of $1,124.

JOHN A. CARSON, salesman, at 114 Liberty Street, filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,646 and assets of $1.75. The debts were contracted mostly in Boston, Providence, Pittsburgh, and other cities, for loans, merchandise, rent, hotel, and doctors' bills.

CHARLES B. HOUGHTON, bond salesman, at 10 Wall Street, filed a petition with liabilities of $33,728 and no available assets. Among the creditors are the Milwaukee Trust Company, $5,500; Assets Realization Company, $500; Houghton of Lawrence Park, $1,200; Price McKinney of Cleveland, $5,000; A. A. Ryan & Brother, $3,000; New York Transportation Company, $45; Delmonico's, $75, and Louis Sherry, $30.

WINDERMA & KATZMAN, spirit manufacturers of 79 Fourth Avenue, in schedules of bankruptcy show liabilities of $10,977, and assets of $8,447, consisting of stock, $6,500; machinery, $500; accounts, $1,353, and cash in bank, $94. Among the creditors are the East River National Bank, $500; Victor E. Meyer, $597; Warren Woolen Company, $561; Hampshire Woolen Mills, $469, and Brighton Woolen Company, $396.

JOHN J. ROACH, stock broker, of 26 Beaver Street, and 123 William Street, filed a petition, with liabilities of $13,766 and assets consisting of 5,000 shares of the St. Regis Exploration and Development Company of no market value, and a note for $500. Among his creditors are Edward P. Hutton, $1,000; Joseph McNamee of Brooklyn, $1,000; Jerome, Rand & Kreel, $100; Lichtenstein Millinery Company, $900; Brooks Brothers, $450; E. W. Emery, $450, and Davis, Collamore & Co., $500.

Judgments.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Anderson, Eyre—Canavan Investing Co., $146.
Anzalone, Lorenzo—G. Anzalone, $102.
Arnold, Robert, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Abraham, Samuel, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Bacchus, Stockbridge—E. F. Dunham, $127.
Baldwin, Walter S.—Charles E. Blaney Amusement Co., $229.
Badler, Jacob—A. Badler, $115.
Bernhard, John—F. Breunig et al., $194.
Beyer, Augusta H.—I. K. Taylor et al., $444.
Both, George—Hobart Electric Mfg. Co., $152.
Blair, Wm. J.—American Exchange Cigar Co., $137.
Barash, Abram and Sarah, et al.—J. F. Naveni, $575.
Cabavote, Alexander—Kulenkampff Co., $149.
Gangro, Frank—P. Paoline, $120.
Cohen, Louis—M. Malawista, $298.
Clark, Robert F.—R. F. Baxter, $534.
Durland, Genevieve G.—Selwyn Play Broker, $726.
Dux, August J.—United Electric Light & Power Co., $143.
Engel, Martin, et al.—People, &c., $100.
Eathon, Stanley W.—Das Programm, $169.
Frusher, Tom—Ontario Knitting Co., $257.
Fasulo, Nunziata—F. Polzello, $114.
Fredericks, Paul C.—Kimball Electric Construction Co., $127.
Ferrisi, Louis, or Luigi, et al.—F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co., $641.
Grief, Samuel, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Grossman, Herman, et al.—Same, $1,000.
Gaus, Simon—New York Life Ins. and Trust Co., $166.
Greenberg, Isidor (not summoned) and Joseph—J. Dobrow et al., $328.
Goldstein, Annie—M. Malawista, $207.
Heddendorf, William H.—S. J. Park et al., $260.
Hyman, Harris, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Hess, Hattie—N. Y. Tel. Co., $163.
Helm, John—Paul Ruinart Champagne Co., $273.
Hodge, Eva—L. P. Morton, $256.
Hamilton, William H.—M. L. Sterne et al., $124.
Kremer, Lionel—Greenhut & Co., $123.
Kiefer, Earle K.—E. H. Kruse, $1,587.
Kassel, Abraham—German Exchange Bank, $12,489.
Klepner, David—W. Asauschkewitz et al., $216.
Lowenthal, Philip, et al.—People, &c., $100.
Lee, William J.—J. Gerstein, $200.
Linch, George W. receiver—J. Mariniello, $279.
Margolies, Samuel—H. Hausman, $190.
Martin, John T.—J. McNamara, $514.
Moore, Robert A.—A. L. Walter, $181.
Morton, Henry S.—Gorham Co., $545.
Martell, Ivar—C. P. Doeiger, $308.
McKenna, Michael—Julius Kessler & Co., $202.
Muller, Julius—North Sand Co., $174.
Milone, Vincenzo—Same, $189.
McCabe, James, et al—People, &c., $1,000.
Miller, Max—L. J. Feldschner, $194.
Norton, Sheridan S.—Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, $144.
Nicoll, Edward H.—Siegel Cooper Co., $106.
Otis, Elita P.—J. Cummings, $158.
Pohl, Victor—B. Rosenthal, $852.
Peck, Louis C.—G. W. Martin & Bro., $152.
Pearlman, Moses, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Same—Same, $1,000.
Rosenthal, Samuel B.—Illinois Leaf Tobacco Co., $169.
Rosenfeld, Abram—Baumgold Bros. & Co., $323.
Sausa, John—Hobart Electric Mfg. Co., $131.
Seraphine, Nicola—United Elec. Light and Power Co., $126.
Sherman, A. Josephine—E. S. Lawrence, $338.
Schmerl, Herman, et al.—W. Simon, $109.
Schutz, Morris—S. Green et al., $122.
Uhlfelder, Simon, et al.—Rector, &c., of Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Mark's in the Bowery, $5,627.
Winberg, Abraham, et al.—Rector, &c., of Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Mark's in the Bowery, $5,627.
Yarro, Antonio, (not summoned,) et al.—F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co., $641.
Wilson, Thomas—Thorndike & Hix, Inc., $229.
Xedes, Andrew—C. A. Pappas, $163.
Buchner & Shea—N. Y. Telephone Co., $112.
Arizona-Cananea Mines Corp.—Same, $167.
French-American Stores Co.—S. Clayman et al., $487.
Imperial Motor Vehicle Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $242.
Willis H. Chamberlin & Co.—E. H. Beach, $175.
Consolidated Board of Brokers—N. Y. Telephone Co., $137.
Alligers & Spallone Construction Co.—Braunfels, Browning & Co., $306.
Woodycrest Farm, Inc.—W. Halpin, $355.
Woodbury Co.—M. Miller, $207.
Abingdon Construction Co.—Pfotenhauer-Nesbit Co., $556.
West Mount Vernon Realty Co.—C. H. Weber, $132.
Auto Tri Mfg. Co.—J. H. Williams & Co., $109.
Capital Building Co. et al.—J. F. Navoni, $575.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Burke, Chas. R.—R. E. Brown, Jan. 18, 1911, $887.
Bradbury, Harry B.—New York Telephone Company, April 5, 1911, $124.
Davison, Charles S.—K. Ychalem & Son, May 10, 1911, $102.
Dandignac, Charles—Boggs & Stevens Co., June 29, 1911, $961.
Dyett Sand, Lime and Brick Co.—Merritt & Chapman Derrick and Wrecking Co., Sept. 12, 1911, $277.
Kroke, Pauline—L. Leavitt, May 24, 1906, $162.
Latin-American Export Co.—W. R. Grace & Co., Sept. 1, 1911, $1,875.
Peck, Theodore G.—A. E. Stone, Dec. 7, 1909, $563.
Steinfeld, Jacob—M. McNamara, Oct. 24, 1910, $106.
Tangier Development Co.—American Multigraph Sales Co., Sept. 16, 1911, $679.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II. Pendleton, J. Ex parte business.
SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers.—Cohalan, S. Will for probate: William H Cox.
CITY COURT—Special Term—Chambers—O'Dwyer, C. J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. O'Neill v. Mutual Const Co—Roger A Pryor. Arnott v. Johnston—Roger A Pryor. Davol v. Liberty Inv Co, (2)—Abraham R Lawrence.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Mary C Stewart v. Mary P Hoyt—Jonas J O'Brien. Esther Rosenberger v. Israel Berkowitz—Jacob Lowenthal. John J Tully v. Benjamin Viau—Henry Brady. Isabella Hart v. Eric Borkstrom—Henry Brady.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—First Lieut. C. L. Chase, Medical Reserves, from Fort Oglethorpe, on the arrival of First Lieut. D. W. Harnion, and proceed to Fort Dade, Fla.

Capt. W. Elliott, Commissary, to San Francisco temporarily, thence to St. Louis.

Capt. W. R. Davis and Capt. George Peed, Medical Corps, to West Point on Feb. 26, 1912, temporarily.

Capt. W. D. Chitty, Quartermaster, from San Antonio, Texas, to Fort Meade, S. D., temporary duty, thence to Seattle.

Capt. H. F. Pipes, Medical Corps, to Philadelphia and New York on official business.

Special orders of Sept. 22 amended to direct First Lieut. M. Ee Malloy, Twenty-ninth Infantry, to remain at present station until relieved, then join proper station.

Major E. Landon, Coast Artillery Corps, placed on list of detached officers.

Capt. P. M. Cochran, Quartermaster, to Hot Springs, Army and Navy General Hospital, treatment.

Major J. H. Rice, Ordnance Department, will visit Pittsburgh on official business.

The resignation of Capt. F. A. Cook, Commissary, accepted.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander J. R. P. Morton to the Perkins

Lieut. Commander J. R. P. Pringle to the Nebraska

Lieut. L. Noyes to the Minnesota.

Lieut. C. W. Earle to the New Jersey.

Lieut. W. H. Allen to the Flusser.

Lieut. R. Willson to Navy Department.

Lieut. W. G. Dimm, resignation accepted.

Ensign H. Allen to home and wait orders.

Ensign W. Smith, resignation accepted.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—California, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Colorado at San Pedro; Nero at Norfolk, Wilmington at Hongkong, Vicksburg at Amapala, South Carolina at Hampton Roads. Sailed—Rocket, from Indian Head for Norfolk; New Jersey, from Hampton Roads for gun and steaming trials; Salem, from New York for Newport; New Orleans, from Hongkong for Olongapc.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kerrison Dry Goods Company, Charleston, S. C.; E. H. Poulnot, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Martinique.

Meldrum & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. A. Murray, corsets, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 41 Union Square.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. W. Waddell, infants' wear; 104 West 40th St.

Todd Co., Ithaca, N. Y.; J. B. Todd, furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Wegman, John B., Co., Rochester, N. Y.; F. B. Stevenson, millinery; Hotel Cumberland.

Hale Brothers, San Francisco, Cal.; M. Claussonius, ribbons and art goods, 395 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.

Ames, Brownley & Hornthal, Norfolk, Va.; R. F. Brownley, notions; Hotel Hermitage.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. T. Morgan, lace robes, 214 Church St.; Hotel Navarre.

Worcester Underwear Co., Worcester, Mass.; D. Poborlinski, underwear; Hotel Marlborough.

Lederer, B., & Son, Cincinnati, Ohio; B. M. J. Lederer, piece goods; Hotel Gregorian.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; M. Huenmeyer, laces, handkerchiefs, gloves and ribbons; Hotel Grand.

Renwick Bros. & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; A. W. Renwick, hats; Hotel Grand.

Taylor, George R., Co., Wheeling, W. Va.; W. A Rempe, cloaks, suits and underwear; Hotel Breslin.

Berten, H., Louisville, N. Y.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Co., Denver, Col.; M. K. Rodman, hosiery, gloves and underwear, 115 Worth St.

Rosenbaum Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Miss M. Osborne, dresses and suits; 31 Union Square.

Rawlings & Co., Anderson, Ind.; S. L. Seaman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Pierrepont.

Front half of first-story loft, 22 and 24 West 26th St., to let; rent, $150 per month. Inquire J. H. McCrahon, 42 Broadway.

Guide for Buyers.

1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings.
Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

JULIUS BACHRACH,

LIFE AND GENERAL INSURANCE.
TEL. 350 CORDT. 120 BROADWAY.
WRITE OR 'PHONE AND I WILL CALL.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, October 11th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF WM. M. HOES, ESQ., PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.
8 shs. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
10 shs. Tabard Inn Corpn. common.
8 shs. Tabard Inn Corpn. Pref'd.
30 shs. Metropolitan Safe Deposit Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$2,000 Tennessee Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., Sept., 1911, Coupons on.
$500 Country Club of Lakewood, N. J., 1st 4s, 1939.
1 share Country Club of Lakewood, N. J.
10 shs. Morristown, N. J., Trust Co.
100 shs. Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.
$9,088.36 Carnegie Trust Co. Deposit, 25 p. c. Paid.
34 shs. Union Typewriter Co. common.
50 shs. Mortgage Bond Co.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Hotel Algonquin
59-65 West 44th St., N. Y.
A quiet, refined and convenient stopping place for ladies traveling alone.
Rooms with private bath, $2.50 and upward the day.
Correspondence solicited.
FRANK CASE.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs., Block from Grand Plaza.
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.
Family Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

A table d'hote dinner will be served in the large East Restaurant of the
HOTEL SAVOY
Corner of 5th Av. and 59th St.,
for ladies and gentlemen daily, 6 to 8 P. M., at $1.25 per person.

It Is Hard to Get Better Meals at Any Price Than at THE DUNLEETH,
143 W. 47th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Avs.
40c. LUNCH - - DINNER 50c.
'Phone 7937—Bryant.

225 W. 48th. CORNILLON L. 25c. D. 30c. Tel. 7044 Bryant.

PACTEAU 250 W. 44th. Lch., 40c. French Table d'hote. Din., 50c. Wine.

48 W. 27th St. bet. B'way & 6th. SEIDEN'S Dinner, 40c. Also Ala.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Splendid music enlivens the voyage in either direction—

—Fall River Line to Boston.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.

Fare to Boston..... $4

City Ticket Office-171 B'way-Phone 5121 Cort.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.

CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted); West 129th St., 6:45 P. M. (Sundays only). Stops at Albany in both directions.

ROUND TRIP $2.50

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Steamers leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.
ON COLUMBUS DAY, OCT. 12th, the great Str. "Hendrick Hudson" will run to Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and return, leaving Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M., W. 42d St. 10 A. M., W. 129th St. 10:20 A. M.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
REDUCED RATES.

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.60
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N.R., foot West Houston St. Berths free. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE. 'phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 30 Days.
Strs. lv. Jt. W. Houston St., 5:30 P.M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. daily; stop Columbia St., (Union St.,) Albany; south bound, stop ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. 9226 Spring.

BY SEA TO MAINE

The Most Charming
Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

GETTYSBURG AND WASHINGTON — Annual Fall Tour, Oct. 14th Six Days; Under Escort. All Expenses Included $27.00. Complete diversity of route. Visiting Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Washington & Philadelphia. Tickets allow longer trip if desired. Send for itinerary. MARSTERS' TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

KEYPORT BOAT ROUND TRIP 50 CENTS

Saturday—Leave Battery 1.30 P. M., 7 P. M.; leave Keyport 7 A. M., 5 P. M. Sunday—Leave Battery 9:45 A. M., 1:30 P. M., 7 P. M.; leave Keyport 7:30 A. M., 11:30 A. M., 5 P. M. Weekdays—Leave Battery 5:15 P. M.; leave Keyport 7 A. M. Freight received for Keyport at Pier foot Gansevoort St. 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily; 9 A. M. to 12 noon Saturdays.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 8, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. ROUND THE WORLD TOURS, Oct. 21, Nov. 18 and later.
Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

Sight-Seeing Yachts

Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lighthship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton.
Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

AUTUMN RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Watkins.

The Glen Springs

In the Heart of the Lake Country, Noted for the most beautiful scenery of Lake, River, and Mountain in America.
THE AMERICAN NAUHEIM
A perfectly appointed Hotel, and a completely equipped Mineral Springs Health Resort. The only place in America administering the
NAUHEIM BATHS WITH A NATURAL BRINE,
for diseases of the Heart and Circulation. Complete hydrotherapeutic, mechanical and electrical equipment for treatment of diseases of the liver and kidneys, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, obesity, and other chronic diseases.
Golf Links, Putting Green, Tennis Courts.
For descriptive booklets address
WM. E. LEFFINGWELL, President,
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THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE

Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY. 45 minutes to 42d St. 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes to station; free carriage for commuters; tennis; garage. Our own dairy and vegetables. Low rates. Open all year. Booklet.

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IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY.
Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, pleasy shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet. THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

A Charming Place for Particular People.
NEW HOTEL MERION
Open all the year. Vermont Ave., close to beach. Unobstructed ocean view. Newly brick built. Cuisine unsurpassed. MACK LAIZ & CO.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.

HOTEL JACKSON
Special Winter rates. J. H. GORMLEY.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

TO HAMBURG Via PLYMOUTH AND CHERBOURG.
S. S. VICTORIA LUISE (16,500 Tons)
SAILS Oct. 7, 10 A. M.

GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA.
S. S. MOLTKE (12,500 Tons.)
SAILS Oct. 12, 2 P. M.

CRUISES DE LUXE
To the West Indies
Five Delightful Cruises to the West Indies, Panama Canal, Venezuela and Bermuda.
Leaving New York by the Palatial Twin Screw Steamers
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912... $150 and up
"Hamburg" (11,000 tons). 21 days Feb. 10, Mch. 7, 1912..... $125 and up
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 16 days Mch. 26, 1912..... $85 and up
Every Luxury of Travel.
Every Refinement of Service Insured.
Also Cruises to the Orient, South America, Around the World, Italy and Egypt, etc.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
VICTORIA LUISE.....Oct. 7, 10 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.....Oct. 10, 11 A. M.
†AMERIKA.....Oct. 14, 10 A. M.
‡PENNSYLVANIA.....Oct. 21, 9 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. ‡Second cabin only. §Hamburg direct.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE.....Oct. 12, 2 P. M.
18. S. CLEVELAND (World Cruise).Oct. 21
S. S. CINCINNATI.....Nov. 1
‡Will have accommodations for limited number of passengers to MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR and VILLEFRANCHE (Riviera.) Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

SPECIAL TRIP by the S. S. Kaiserin Auguste Victoria Leave New York Feb. 14, 1912
Stopping at MADEIRA, (12 hrs.,) GIBRALTAR, (4 hrs.,) ALGIERS, (8 hrs.,) VILLEFRANCHE, (14 hrs.,) (Nice,) GENOA, (20 hrs.,) NAPLES, (8 hrs.,) PORT SAID, (56 hrs.) ITALY & EGYPT.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD

TRIPLE SCREW 45,324 TONS 882½ FT. LONG
OLYMPIC SAILS DEC. 9 noon, DEC. 30 noon
French a La Carte Restaurant.
Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium,

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Pocketbook near New York Central Station containing two tickets St. Paul to Los Angeles. Return to P. J. Hummel, Hotel Flanders, 135 West 47th St. Reward; no questions asked.

LOST—On Wednesday, in ladies' room at Maillard's, ring with 3 pearls and 2 diamonds. Reward if returned to George P. Mellick, 20 Broad St.

LOST—Between 140 East 56th and 438 East 58th St., a small silver watch, with small chain attached; reward. 'Phone 6422—Plaza.

LOST—Gold fob, Wednesday morning, monogram "A. S."; suitable reward if returned to Dr. A. Schoef, 218 East 70th St.

LOST—Black gun metal cigarette case, silver inlaid corners; monogram A. S. S. Address D 88 Times.

LOST—Tan leather pocketbook, Hotel Cadillac; reward. Morris, Quinnipiac Club, New Haven, Conn.

LOST—Oct. 2, pearl diamond drop earring, 8th and 9th Sts., Broadway. Wrenn, 939 8th Av. Reward.

LOST—Gold monogram, initials "D. B."; reward for return. David Bernstein, 261 Broadway.

LOST—Gentleman's ruby ring, Tuesday; liberal reward. A. Fabry, 1 Greene St.

LOST—Diamond fob, initials "C. S. L."; reward. Levy Brothers, 44 Broad St.

STOLEN; LIBERAL REWARD.—Two silver cornets, C. G. Conn make, eagle trade mark; silver finish, gold bells, Nos. 116,173, 119,718; 1 brass cornet, No. 118,501, and 2 piccolos, nickel keys, Nos. 16,501, 17,386; no questions asked. S. Samwick, General Manager Merchants' Secret Service Bureau, 320 Broadway.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOOK for small Boston bull terrier, white and brindle, lost from 253 East 86th St. Monday evening; has fits; suitable reward.

LOST—Brown dachshund, male; dark red collar; liberal reward. Return Stern, 128 East 62d.

LOST—Persian cat, gray; answers name Paul. Reward if returned to 691 West End Av.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply Room 9, 300 Mulberry St.: Keys, purse containing cash. BRANCH, 269 State St., Brooklyn: Pendant.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. Co. (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.—Cap, shirts, gloves, book, sweater, umbrella.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City. Box of collars, hatpin, 4 umbrellas, 2 packages.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Package, hatbox, neckpiece, 3 packages, 3 umbrellas, key, raincoat, railroad ticket.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Three umbrellas.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J. Six umbrellas, 5 packages, hat, papers, book, pocketbook.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Five umbrellas, 2 packages, razor, cane, roll of blueprints, 2 books, basket of grapes.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Three umbrellas, calendar, handglass, hat, package photos, derby hat, dress-suit case, gloves, bottle of perfume, key, roll of wire.

FOUND, Oct. 5.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA R. R. STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Three umbrellas, 2 packages, pair gloves, hatpin, 2 dress-suit cases, box, 2 pairs pajamas, 2 kimonos, soapbox, cane.

LONG ISLAND DIVISION.—Box cigars, 2 umbrellas, package stockings, 2 grips, hatbox, soft hat, 3 pairs gloves.

FOUND, Oct. 4.—NEW YORK CENTRAL CAB SERVICE, Madison Av. and 46th St. Apply Superintendent's office. Umbrella, purse.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

A manufacturer branching out his business offers exceptional opportunity to an intelligent young hustler who will invest about $500.00 and services; will receive proportionate interest and $25.00 weekly; investment may be secured by outstanding accounts; no special experience required; bank and personal references exchanged on interview. Responsible, C 213 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Small amount of additional capital in well-established construction company; offices in three cities; excellent financial standing; plenty of current work and large amount immediate future work if additional capital obtained; most rigid investigation invited; principals only, who mean business. D. 105 Times.

Manufacturing concern, established one year, many orders on hand, requires services of bookkeeper and treasurer, man or woman, who can invest $5,000; pleasant business and agreeable position for right person. D 119 Times.

Business man now earning $3,000 yearly will invest $2,500 and services in legitimate proposition; must stand strict investigation; inquiries with full particulars only considered. D 111 Times.

Well-established manufacturing concern owning plant desires $10,000 to $25,000 to extend its business; only bona fide investors need apply; references exchanged. D 128 Times.

WANTED—Managing partner to invest $500 and devote time to established blue printing business, which needs added capital and energy to bring excellent returns. D 85 Times.

Active man with $10,000 for well-established wholesale thread business. W. B., 317 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
Fulton St., Brooklyn.
ALTERATION ROOM MANAGER.
Require a manager for their ready-to-wear suit, costume, and coat alteration room; must have had good experience and thoroughly understand managing of workroom. Apply to Superintendent's office.

A WOMAN BETWEEN 25 AND 45 YEARS OLD FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK AND COOKING FOR FAMILY OF TWO IN SMALL CITY APARTMENT; WRITE STATING FULLY NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, AND STATE REFERENCES; REASONABLE WAGES AND EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD HOME TO RIGHT PARTY. C 218 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BEST & CO.,

5TH AV. AT 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS AS FLOOR MESSENGERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT.

BOOKKEEPING, TYPEWRITING TEACHER; business school; state age and salary expected. Box 89 Northside News.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for general housework; family 4 adults. Apply before 12. Isaacs, 220 West 107th St.

TEACHER of Isaac Pitman shorthand, experienced; excellent opportunities for advancement. The Kaplan School, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

WILLIAM G. WHITE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A COMPETENT CASHIER. APPLY SATURDAY AFTER 9 A. M., 118 EAST 28TH ST., ROOM 809.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABSTRACTERS and title examiners; state age, experience, and salary expected. The Guarantee Title and Trust Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

BOOKKEEPER QUALIFIED TO TAKE CHARGE OF CASUALTY AND LIABILITY ACCOUNTS IN A LARGE DOWNTOWN OFFICE; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE BUSINESS. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. C 224 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, about 15 years of age; must be American, bright, not afraid of long hours and hard work and willing to be generally useful; $5 to start. Address in own handwriting, giving age, reference, experience, &c., Manufacturer, Box 304 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED EMBROIDERY SALESMAN wanted; one familiar with department store trade. Morris Spiser, 434 Broadway.

SALESMAN for Benco Sidewalk Advertiser. Broadway Electrical Novelty Co., 421 Broadway, near Canal.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, by reliable house competent young man stenographer, with good bookkeeping experience; references must be first-class. Room 1,113 Singer Bldg., 149 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man; about 18; willing to work. E. M. P., 208 Times Downtown.

SUGAR REFINER CAPABLE OF HANDLING LARGE REFINERY TURNING OUT ALL GRADES; ONLY A HIGH-GRADE MAN WANTED; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED TO REFINERY.
D 116 TIMES.

TEACHER of Isaac Pitman shorthand, day and evening work, $1,200; man of ability and good personality. The Kaplan School, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara Varnish Works, 254 Pearl St.

WANTED—Young man in composing and make-up room of prominent trade paper; must have knowledge of display typesetting and imposing forms; an excellent opportunity for the right party. D 114 Times.

WANTED—A boy of 14 or 15 years of age to run errands and make himself generally useful; wages to start, $4 per week. Address in own handwriting, giving references if possible, D 106 Times.

WANTED.—A boy for hall, best of references. Apply Superintendent, 100 East 17th St.

YOUNG MAN to solicit; guarantee $2.50 per day; $5 security. Room 1,215, 320 Broadway.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

LEDGER CLERK, department store experience, $18.
Shipping clerks, (2,) good at figuring, $15, $18.
Office assistants, (3,) neat, bright, $7, $8, $10.
Bookkeeper, female, $12; stenographer, $12.
Office assistant, $10; saleslades, $10.
Employers' Reference Service Agency, 144 West 23d St.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; best references. Accurate, 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

COMPANION.—Young Scotchwoman, refined, musical, desires position as companion to lady; would travel or go to country; good references. D 115 Times.

COMPANION.—Position of companion wanted by gentlewoman of education; references exchanged. D 94 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—A refined young woman, German, position as housekeeper or maid and companion to lady; experienced; references; in a refined family. Box 94, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; rapid, accurate; excellent speller; employer's interest studied; familiar with general office work; best references; good education; $12 to $15. X 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; very rapid, accurate, intelligent; familiar with all details office routine; highest references; $15. B 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, FIRST-CLASS
strictly business girl; open for responsible position with high-class firm only; $20 a week. K., 107 West 27th St.

STENOGRAPHER; broad experience; handles correspondence without dictation; high credentials; knowledge Spanish; $15. B 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly expert; any work, irrespective how technical; unquestionable references. Carroll, 450 East 169th.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, wishes permanent position; A1 worker; references. B 319 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Handles correspondence; educated; executive ability; 6 years' experience; references; $15. D 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can take any dictation; young lady of refinement. Credentials, C 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fifteen years' experience; capable of acting as secretary; references. Ability, 1,785 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; also office assistant; one year's experience; best references. X 68 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, somewhat experienced. Steno, 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

VISITING MAID, Swiss, first-class references and experience. P. Schaette, care of Mrs. Jacquelin, 558 West 164th St. Telephone 470 Audubon.

YOUNG French lady of refined appearance, well educated, desires position as traveling companion or governess. Address Mademoiselle, 432 Madison Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Qualified, complyingly submits very reasonable estimates. Krauss, 234 West 21st St. Telephone 1182 Chelsea.

BOOKKEEPER—Expert accountant, writes up books, regular intervals, moderate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; best references. Accurate, 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man would like position with private family; good mechanic; references. D 75 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MACHINIST, '21; reference; wages $12 week. H. Schmand, 1,196 Castleton Av., S. I.

COMPANION.—German, 26, representable, fine education, speaks German, French, English, desires position as companion for gentleman; good hunter, also useful all around; first-class references. Address Hunter, 378 Times.

FACTORY COST MAN.—Practical cost, stock inventory, and order production methods. C. 227 Times Downtown.

I HAVE had three years' practical experience as investigator for credit department of big New York bank, and have extensive acquaintance among banks and mercantile houses here; have lived in West and South also; am experienced stenographer and correspondent, and am under thirty; am still rendering satisfactory services to present employers, but am ripe for change; who wants me? Reliance, D 90 Times.

J. H. P. BROWN, MASSEUR.—Clientele solicited requiring skill; highest city medical indorsation. Telephone 9039 Schuyler.

PARQUET, hardwood floors cleaned, refinished, polished equal to new, by expert; references; reasonable; city or country. Mehrtens, 353 West 44th St.

SECRETARY, &c.—College graduate, experienced, competent, reliable, desires position as secretary or tutor. Thorough, D 51 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, long experience, highest reference, on cloaks, suits, skirts. D 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, several months' experience. Beginner, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 E. N. Y.

WANTED.—POSITION OF TRUST BY EDUCATED MAN, 54, ABLE TO FURNISH UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES, BOND, AND SECURITY; AT PRESENT EMPLOYED, BUT DESIROUS TO MAKE A CHANGE. ADDRESS RELIABLE, 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8375 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Telephone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Swedish, competent, wishes position in Bridgeport, Conn.; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4736—Columbus.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Double, single rooms; home cooking; well-kept, homelike house; references.

16TH, 20, 22, 83 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Pleasant single room, very comfortable, with good board, $7.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; telephone; exclusive.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; table guests; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (near "L" and Subway.) —Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms, baths; families accommodated.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large room, steam-heated; room telephone; hot water supply; references.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; telephone; superior table; references.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Suite; desirable for gentlemen; large front; private baths; medium; meals optional.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; sunny; private bath; refined surroundings; reference.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double rooms; private baths; home cooking; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—All hotel conveniences, private baths, 'phones, electricity, steam; parlor dining room.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; French chef cooking; table guests accommodated.

74TH, 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double rooms; private bath, hot water; parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 121, 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; telephone; excellent cooking; table guests.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Large second-story front, newly decorated, adjoining bath; parlord dining; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large double room, most delightful neighborhood; Southern cooking; table guests.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms, superior table; high-grade Jewish house; table guests.

50, 52 WEST 82D ST.
Large room with private bath; double room, bath adjoining; single room; electricity. Schuyler 8397.

82D, 110 WEST.—Excellent large furnished front room for one or two gentlemen; home cooking; conveniences; all cars.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large, warm rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large single rooms; select, homelike surroundings; parlor dining; moderate, reference.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; near "L" and subway; 'phone; reasonable.

93D ST., 117 WEST.—Sunny front alcove room; conveniences; telephone; excellent table; good service; references.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Rooms, attractive to those appreciating well-ordered house; table guests.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Sunny front room; river view; refined private family; elevator apartment; telephone; lavatory; maid service; gentlemen preferred. Gaston.

103D ST., 252 West.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; refined home; boarding house eliminated; table guests.

104TH, 81 WEST.—Elegant rooms, bath, steam; excellent table; refined surroundings; table guests accommodated.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

122D, 520 WEST.—Attractive front, modern room; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Kerker.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; excellent table. Telephone 6289L Morningside. Reference.

124TH ST., 41 WEST.—Beautiful suite, two to four rooms; southern exposure; opposite Park; private bath; also single, double rooms; excellent table.

127TH ST., 222 WEST.—Home comforts, refined surroundings.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 623 WEST.—Large, completely, cosily furnished room; commanding view of Hudson; large closets; running water; delightful meals; Subway station at corner; every home comfort; private family.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large rooms, second floor, adjoining bath; southern exposure, overlooking Hudson River; good board; telephone; moderate; reference; table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Large, small rooms; refined house; superior table; reference exchanged; table guests.

149TH ST., 558 WEST.—Private house; two large rooms, adjoining bath; also single room; Hungarian cooking; home comforts; telephone; table guests accommodated.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Two large, handsome rooms; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen. Telephone 4678 Audubon.

161ST ST., 560 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable rooms; good cooking; homelike; references.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
258-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

GENTLEMEN, large, small rooms; excellent German table; all conveniences; Subway; references. 251 Lenox Av.

MANHATTAN AV., 477, (120th.)—Hall room with board, $6; large front room, two gentlemen.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 157th Subway.—Pleasant outside room; southern exposure; home cooking. Telephone 203 Audubon.

WEST END AV., 828, (160th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

East Side.

16TH, 132 EAST.—Elegant large room, steam-heated; bath; board; references; Subway convenient.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable large front, sunny rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week, 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

28TH ST., 44 EAST, (at Subway.)—Family hotel; rooms and board, $15 per week; inspection invited.

61ST ST., 152 EAST.—Beautiful, light back parlor, suitable doctor or dentist; other well-kept rooms; first-class table; table guests accommodated.

63D, 23 EAST, also 694-696 Madison Av.—Fine rooms, second floor; Autumn transients accommodated; single room; excellent table; parlor dining.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

1—IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy Park District.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive to those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfasts served in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable dentist or physician; excellent table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 436.—Couple wishing refined home can have large third floor alcove room; large closets; reference.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795 —Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOARD WANTED.—Middle-aged couple want one or two rooms, front, not more than one flight up, with bath, in private family where they can enjoy all the comforts of home; vicinity of Herald Square preferred. C 215 Times Downtown.

YOUNG married couple desire room and board with private family in house or apartment; state terms. Write M. S., 104 East 14th St.

IMMEDIATELY, by business man for Winter, wife part Winter, in refined home, $9 and $16; good references. D 129 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires room and board with refined private family, west side; no other boarders; state terms. D 125 Times.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

A REFINED FAMILY of two having a pleasant home at Dobbs Ferry, 20 miles from Grand Central Station, on Hudson River, will take one or two persons to board; large sunny room, with hot and cold water; house, 10 minutes from station; quiet, attractive neighborhood. D 92 Times.

THREE ELDERLY LADIES able to pay $8 to $10 week can have lovely country home in private family "On the Hudson River"; 35 minutes; finest location; steam heat; all conveniences. Address H., 163 East 125th.

LOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house, charming suites, accommodate 2, 4, single; electric lights; references.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Beautifully furnished front parlor; hot, cold water; telephone; also single rooms.

21ST ST., 210 WEST, (7th Av.)—Newly furnished, heated, elevator, electric light. Ash L. Woodward.

23D ST., 365 WEST.—One or two connecting, in private apartment; board optional; very desirable.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable double, single rooms; large closets; bath, running water; $8-$5; gentlemen.

37TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; private bath; hardwood floors; gentleman only.

37TH, 68 WEST.—One large room; all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; private bath; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, private bath; smaller room, running water; reference; gentlemen.

51ST ST., 72 WEST.—Bright, new, comfortable; artistically decorated; electricity; telephone; private baths; private bells; exclusive quarters for exclusive men; $7 to $12.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—Large sunny room; gentlemen; reference.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small; well-heated; electric light, hot water, telephone; board optional.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Single and double rooms, with running water, $3 up; 3 baths; electricity; gentlemen only. Telephone 7594 Col.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath; attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

64TH ST., 134 WEST.—Handsomely, newly furnished house; large and small rooms; reasonable rates.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large sunny rooms; single or en suite; baths; heat; electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen only; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath; hot water supply; telephone; reference.

70TH, 250 WEST.—Large front room in private house for gentleman; references.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom; also light rooms; elevator apartment; running water, steam heat; $5. Subway, elevated handy. Hart.

71ST ST., 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, gentlemen only; private family; convenient to Subway, elevated road, all surface cars; board optional.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Kitchen, laundry, bedvate toilet; $6. Hart.
vate bath, $6. Hart.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Front room, elevator apartment, make cozy studio or bedroom, $5. Hart.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; Subway and "L."

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful large single or connecting; private house; telephone; references.

73D ST., WEST.—One or two rooms, private family; Subway; references exchanged. X 64 Times.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Large second-story front room; medium-sized back; reasonable; telephone; references.

75TH ST., 10; WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 60 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms in first-class apartment; terms moderate. Apartment 4 E.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second-story front room, one or two gentlemen; electric lights; telephone.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—A large, bright room in high-class apartment. Matalson.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; attractively furnished; conveniences; references; reasonable.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large handsome rooms, suitable for gentlemen or business women; every convenience; telephone.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms, bath adjoining; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny room, in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors' superior accommodations; attractive to gentlemen appreciating private, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 186 WEST.—Desirable single room; southern exposure; telephone; gentleman; references; private family. Ostrom.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room, with bath; second floor; private residence; newly furnished.

81ST, 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, private house; running water; all conveniences; reasonable; reference.

81ST ST., 200 WEST, Apartment C.—Well-furnished, large rooms; corner apartment; one flight. Deal.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Delightful front suite, suitable studio; piano; board or tray breakfast optional.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house; bright, airy basement room, tastefully furnished; gentleman; telephone. Campbell.

84TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive, large and medium sunny rooms; select private house; references; reasonable.

84TH ST., 128 WEST.—Beautifully furnished connecting rooms or side room; conveniences. 5307 Schuyler. Brown.

84TH ST., 124 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, small, steam, closets, running water; reasonable; private. Hoffmann.

85TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large front room, elegantly furnished; bath adjoining; men only; references; telephone.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; southern exposure; Subway; private house; small room.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large, bright, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; select house; Subway, "L."

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Refined home; large rooms, single or en suite; small, $2.50. Bruns.

89TH ST., 174 WEST.—Two business women to share an apartment. 'Phone 7563 River. Janitor.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Attractive back parlor, also front room; clean, select house; all conveniences; telephone.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, running water; bath adjoining; telephone.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Front parlor; also two-room suite; private family; elevator apartment. Smith.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Homelike, attractive room; good location; Subway, L, expresses; breakfast optional. Muir.

96TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large bedroom; all conveniences; Subway, L; $2.50. Bannigan.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished rooms, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman; references.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Private family; rent one or two connecting furnished rooms; lavatory; two doors West Broadway; block Subway. Walker.

105TH ST., 80 WEST.—Attractive front and back rooms; both running water; "L," Subway, trolley.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, attractive front room; closets, elevator; Southern family; board optional. White.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

112TH ST., 238 WEST.—Newly furnished, light, airy room in private family; homelike; no other roomers. Heinrich.

112TH ST., 605 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable room, one or two gentlemen, near Riverside Drive and 110th Subway station. Moody.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

430 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, quiet, well heated rooms; elevator. Robinson.

119TH ST., 424 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator; restaurant; $4.50; for two, $5. Apartment 2. Phone 3350—Morningside.

120TH ST., 417 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Two light outside rooms; singly, connecting; elevator; references.

121ST ST., 519 WEST.—Four rooms, $4-$6; southern exposure; privileges; business parties preferred. Allen.

121ST ST., 527 WEST.—Light room, for lady going to business; high-class apartment. Lemouche.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; modern; telephone; en suite, $8-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Front, attractive, modern rooms; telephone; electricity; elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive rooms, newly decorated; scrupulously clean; elevator; telephone; references. Townsend.

122D, 512 WEST.—Front suite; elevator apartment; electric lights, telephone; moderate. Haines.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Nicely furnished front parlor and bedrooms, with running water. Davin.

124TH, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; beautiful suite; bath; heat; $7; Lenox Subway. Lafferton.

127TH ST., 600 WEST.
Well heated, sunny room; Broadway Subway express.

137TH, 257-259 WEST.—Beautifully furnished parlor and alcove; private house; fine, convenient location.

160TH ST., 539 WEST.—Well-furnished, large, light room, adjoining bath; near subway and elevated; telephone; homelike; reasonable; private family. Riegel.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St.)—Attractive outside sunny room; elevator apartment; homelike; quiet; $6. Apartment 17.

CALLED ABROAD.—Will rent my handsome bachelor suite, West 80th St.; large parlor, two bedrooms, piano, bath; in apartment of young married couple; suitable two or three gentlemen, $45 monthly. Opportunity, D 127 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 325.—Two rooms for gentlemen, singly or en suite; running water, bath; elevator apartment; 7th floor; light, well furnished; one block from 93d St. elevated. 'Phone Riverside 2602. Ferguson.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; married copule or lady; reference. Fisher.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, corner 136th.—Beautiful front room; modern apartment; references. Apartment 2C.

SEVERAL beautiful rooms on Riverside Drive; running water and big closets; southern exposure; rent reasonable for desirable tenants; one block from 110th St. Subway. 431 Riverside Drive.

TO LET, in private house, upper west side, two large, handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; singly, en suite; suitable two or four gentlemen. Address Private House, D 107 Times.

WEST END AV., 678. — Owner's residence; beautiful corner room; electric light; bath; gentleman only.

East Side.

17TH ST., 332 EAST, (Top Bell.)—For gentleman, furnished room to let, with running water; references.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite 2 rooms, bathroom, by month.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

35TH ST., 15 EAST.
Attractive rooms; large, small; all conveniences.

35D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; Southern exposure; also small rooms; all conveniences; telephone.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Furnished rooms, with baths; gentlemen; references.

35TH ST., 106 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; alll improvements; telephone; gentlemen.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Desirable back parlor, suitable for doctor's office or living room.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Box spring beds; special rates for tourists; front room; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

MADISON AV., 348, near 44th St.—Attractive rooms; private baths; Subway; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

AT MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3, Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot water; gentlemen; Wall St. ferry.

GREENE AV., 66.—Elegant large sunny second floor room; superior house; convenient Subway; $4.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GENTLEMAN, school teacher, desires furnished room, neat and well heated, near Morris High School.

CONNOLLY PROMISES QUEENS GOOD ROADS

Nothing Will Be Good Enough for His Borough Soon, He Tells Merchants.

HE'S FOUND THE TROUBLE

Found It Only Yesterday When He Saw Two Foremen Lazily Watching Two Lazy Highway Workers.

Maurice E. Connolly, who succeeded Lawrence Gresser as Borough President of Queens, speaking to the members of the Queens Chamber of Commerce at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon, promised that Queens would have as good roads as now exist in the Bronx. For his attitude on the road question alone he won the backing of the Chamber of Commerce.

"I admit that I have a personal grudge against our bad roads," said President Connolly. "They have cost me about a thousand dollars in springs for my automobile and several dollars more for extra tires.

"The other night I took a ride through the Bronx. I rode over Pelham Parkway, the Concourse, and back by way of Broadway. Those are roads to model after, and I want to say right here that my ambition will not be satisfied until Queens County has roads as good as the Bronx. In the past anything has been good enough for our borough. In the future nothing will be good enough for our borough. This idea of putting up with macadam roads in Queens is absurd, and I, for one, won't stand for it.

"There may be some special interests which prefer one definite thing for paving, but there won't be any acceleration in Queens while I am the Borough President, and if that isn't plain enough, I mean that there won't be any jobs pulled off over my eyes.

"I can tell you by a very concise incident why the roads in Queens are as bad as they are. This afternoon I called on a friend in St. John's Hospital. On the way out I saw one of our highway crews 'at work.' In the crew were two foremen. One was leaning against a telegraph pole reading a newspaper, no doubt trying to find out what kind of a fellow this man Connolly is. The other foreman stood talking to a woman who had wheeled her baby to the place so that she and the baby might see the men 'work.'

"There were two laborers, both in white shirts and black suits. One of them stood with his foot on his shovel, evidently fearing that something might happen to the shovel. The other occasionally lifted his shovel to the cart, in imitation of a man removing stone. As a mater of fact, there was a drop pin in the cart, and the whole load could have been unloaded in a second. A driver stood at the horse's head, evidently preventing the 'plug' from running away.

"Need I say more? That's the situation in a nutshell, and it is going to change very shortly.

"I wanted Shell Road repaired, and I put all the available force on that road yesterday. I went around there to inspect what had been done yesterday, and one of the men in charge told me that there was no stone to do anything with. 'Go and get some, even if you have to get it from Rockaway,' I said.

"The way some people try to do things is almost ridiculous. At the same time it is sad. For instance, a man came to me from Ridgewood to-day and protested against laying a macadam road on Elm Street. Of course, he was right. But think of it! A contract had already been let to lay a macadam road, and the Local Board of Ridgewood, without ever considering the contractors, passed a resolution that they didn't want the macadam road. Think of such a way of doing business! Without disposing of the first contract they are already looking for the second.

"Likewise, another man came to me from property owners on New York Avenue to-day. He wanted certain street changes made immediately which could not even find on any topographical map and which the engineers had never considered. He wanted the changes made immediately. I wanted the topographical map made first, so that we could talk sense on the subject. The man went away cursing me, I suppose. Nevertheless, I wasn't going to promise what I knew I could not do.

"As to Broadway, Flushing, contracts for paving which call for a granite block laid in a macadam base, the idea is ridiculous. Such a base would be rotten. It consists of digging up the old, worn-out roadbed and rolling it down with a twenty-ton roller. On this is put the granite block. Now, I inquired into this matter, and I found that thirty-ton trucks often pass along Broadway. That means that such a load would spoil the new street in a single day. Those things will not be pulled off while I am in office. They must put a cement foundation under Broadway, and nothing else will do. Queens County has been in a rut long enough, and I am going to pull it out if I can."

President Connolly told his hearers that they might ask him any question they liked. He was accommodated, but there was no criticism on the part of any one.

"I went through our factory district to-day," he continued, "and I was surprised to find as many factories as there now are. If these factories were built under past conditions and in spite of those conditions, what will the factory builders do if they get a square deal? I want to inspire confidence in capital to come into Queens, and I think I can do it."

The new Borough President was made an honorary member of the Chamber of Commerce.

TO PRISON TO CURE VANITY.

Dorothy Palmer, Who Stole to Get Finery, Sent to Bedford.

Dorothy Palmer, the 17-year-old Yonkers girl, who was arrested on Sept. 22 for obtaining goods under false pretences from a Fifth Avenue department store, was sentenced to the Bedford Reformatory by Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday after she had pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree.

The girl obtained the goods by representing herself to be Mrs. John K. Lovell, who has a credit account at the store. She said yesterday that her desire to wear fine clothes and shine socially had lead her to steal. Judge Foster, in sentencing her, said:

"The course you have begun invariably leads to death. It is a good thing that you are here. It will arrest your downward career. You say your love for finery caused you to commit this crime to which you have pleaded guilty. But I am going to send you to a place where you will be taught that vanity is a very foolish thing."

Japanese Emperor Honors New Yorker

The Order of the Rising Sun was conferred on M. A. Oudin by the Emperor of Japan yesterday when the presentation was made by the Japanese Consul General, K. Midzuno. Mr. Oudin is the general manager of the foreign department of the General Electric Company and has had much to do with entertaining Japanese visitors in this country.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

John P. McCall Loses Life When Machine Strikes Stone Pile.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEPORT, Penn., Oct. 6.—One man was killed and three others were badly hurt in an automobile accident on the Freeport road early this morning.

John P. McCall, general manager and stockholder of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company at Tarentum, Penn., had his skull fractured and was hurt internally, and died in a few minutes.

William Yost, 40, steel manufacturer, of Hite Station, was badly cut about the body and his shoulder sprained.

John Duster, 50, contractor and manufacturer, of Tarentum, received body lacerations, and may be hurt internally.

Howard Bryson, 36, Post Office clerk, of Tarentum, has two ribs broken, broken jaw, and was cut about the body.

All the injured were taken to the Allegheny Valley Hospital.

The four men had spent the evening at the Crescent Club in Freeport and about midnight started home. The machine was going at the rate of forty miles an hour, when it struck a pile of cobblestone. The automobile swerved and crashed into a telegraph pole with terrific force and was reduced to junk.

All the men were thrown out, McCall landing on his head on the stone pile. His three companions were picked up later on the side of the hill unconscious. McCall had been connected with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company for twenty-five years. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

$400 FOR FALSE ARREST.

Sheriff De Mott and His Deputies Must Pay for Locking Up Dexter.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 6.—A verdict of $400 for false arrest against Nassau County Sheriff Charles T. De Mott, Under Sheriff William M. Yaeger, and Deputy William J. Driscoll was found in the Supreme Court here to-day in favor of Richard A. Dexter of Baldwin, L. I.

"You needn't decide whether these men are guilty or not," said Judge Maddox to the jury after both sides of the case had been heard, "it is rather how much they have got to pay."

On Feb. 8 a burglar alarm was sent out from the home of Robert Walley, Baldwin, L. I., and Sheriff De Mott, who had just taken office, sent Under Sheriff Yaeger to the scene. On the way Yaeger was joined by Driscoll. They found a burglary had been committed, and after being told that Dexter knew where the stolen property had been kept and that he had been seen in the neighborhood earlier that day, they arrested him, after Justice of the Peace Charles F. Gittins, at Hempstead, refused to issue a warrant.

CALLS WIFE'S SUIT A BLUFF.

D. I. Nelke, a Genealogist, Declares He Is the Really Aggrieved Party.

David I. Nelke, a publisher of 154 East Twenty-third Street and President of the Americana Society, has been sued for divorce. Marie Nelke said she acted on information furnished by a friend, also a publisher.

Nelke, who has compiled genealogies for many families of social prominence, lives in the Hotel Lucerne. He denied his wife's charges and characterized her suit as a "bluff." He said he was the aggrieved party and that he understood her complaint was to be withdrawn on condition that he himself did not file his reply.

The trouble that led to the divorce proceedings, he said, occurred in Boston two months ago, and consisted of nothing more serious than his escorting a woman to a station from the hotel where he and the alleged informant had been living. The Nelkes have been married thirteen years and have no children.

CHILD ELOPERS HOME AGAIN.

Waiting a Chance to Marry Quietly, They Say—Picture Shows Want Them.

Safe at home again in South Orange, Arthur James and Ruth Day, the child-wooers, are waiting an opportunity to get married without the whole world looking on.

Arthur, who is now employed by his father at $18 a week, said he had an offer from a Newark firm to act as cashier at $80 a month, while Ruth has received offers from several picture shows in Newark and New York to sell tickets.

"We won't be married to-day," said Ruth, "because we are a bit superstitious and don't want any Friday hoodoo. We are going to stay quiet for a day or two and get married, maybe, to-morrow or next day."

The boy admitted they had gone back to South Orange only as a last resort. Until they are married the children will live at their respective homes, and their parents will try and forget the excitement of the last few days.

Special Auto Fines for Business Men.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., Oct. 6.—"It's punishment enough when I fine automobile speeders $10.55," said Police Justice J. Martin Roll here to-day, "and I don't want them to lose time from their business. For that reason I have changed the hour from 10 o'clock in the morning to 9 o'clock. Bankers, brokers, and business men of New York, who have to appear here for trial at 10 o'clock for violation of the automobile law, lose half a day as it is now. I think the fine is all the punishment they ought to get."

Soldier Kills Himself with Rifle.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Using his toe to pull the trigger of his rifle, K. O. F. Miller, a private of the Second Company, United States Infantry, at Fort Slocum, fired a bullet through his brain in the basement of the company barracks immediately after parade to-day. He was 24 years of age, a native of Denmark, and had been in the service eighteen months. He had been melancholly of late.

Ready to Attach What Sam Langford Gets.

Sam Langford, the negro pugilist, is being sued for $2,850 by B. H. Benton for services as press agent and for settling a claim of Langford against "Tex" Rickard. Benton went before Supreme Court Justice Pendleton yesterday and got an attachment against any property of Langford's that he may find on the ground that Langford is a resident of Boston.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
4:40—1,293	Broadway; Saks & Co.	Slight
5:35—57	Crosby St.; Morris Klein	$50
6:00—508	E. 18th St.; Charles Gong	$25
9:20—844	1st Av.; B. Fortgang	$2,000
10:05—229	Brook Av.; Samuel Glass	$5
P. M.		
1:00—8	E. 132d St.; James Stokes	$100
2:30—1	E. 106th St.; L. Mishkill	$20
3:15—402	E. 21st St.; H. Kiskowvitch	Trifling
3:30—104	Hester St.; Louis Kalosky	$5
3:40—942	8th Av.; Charles Williams	Trifling
4:45—300	E. 119th St.; Albert Landeck	Trifling
5:30—20	Orchard St.; A. Greenberg	Trifling
5:45—62	E. 47th St.; Samuel Lebber	Trifling
6:20—Old	Broadway and 130th St.; Thomas Stokes Coal Co.	Trifling
7:50—166th	St. and Woodycrest Av.; owner unknown	Trifling
8:20—825	E. 75th St.; D. Lewitts	$25
8:30—3,224	Broadway; Walter Gans	Trifling
9:45—68	Lawrence St.; Martin Richer	$50
10:40—21	Manhattan St.; P. G. Beans	Trifling

Brentano's Special Offer

Historical Memoirs, Biographies, Fiction, etc., of some of the Celebrated Memoirs of the World.

An acquisition to any library.

SPECIAL VALUE AT $1.50

Each volume contains a hand colored frontispiece and an average of six illustrations printed on JAPAN PAPER. The books themselves printed on handmade, water marked paper, large, clear type and bound in BUCKRAM, GILT TOP UNCUT.

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Colley Cibber	Autobiography	2	3.00
Lawrence Sterne	P. Fitzgerald	2	$3.00
Horace Walpole	L. B. Seeley	1	1.50
Nell Gwyn	F. Cunningham	1	1.50
Count de Grammont	C. A. Hamilton	1	1.50
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BRENTANO'S Fifth Avenue & 27th St. New York

Dress Your Children

Properly and Smartly With Our Kind of Clothes

Browning, King & Co.

The most Practical and Complete Departments for the outfitting of Young Men, Boys and Children are the Third Floor of our Broadway Store and the Second Floor of the Brooklyn Store. Novelties for the Young Folks are here in abundance, and Particular Attention is called to the Metropolitan Styles of Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats and Reefers.

Hats and Furnishings to blend with the Smart Clothes will give your Child an individuality which will do much toward its progress and contentment.

Selling directly from the Work Room, through our Seventeen Stores, enables us to give Unusual Values.

Special Values

Children's Russian Blouse and Sailor Suits, $5.00, $6.50, $7.00 and $8.50

Children's Buttoned-to-the-Neck Overcoats and Reefers, $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50

Boys' Double-Breasted and Norfolk Suits, Extra Knickerbockers $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00

Boys' and Young Men's Long Pants Suits, $13.50, $15.00 and $18.00

Boys' and Young Men's Overcoats, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"

Browning, King & Co

Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street
Brooklyn: Fulton at DeKalb

J. P. MORGAN HELPED TAPPE.

Man Milliner Testifies Financier Gave Him $5,000 of His Capital.

It has developed in the inquiry into the affairs of Herman Tappe, the man milliner of 4 West Fortieth Street, before Referee in Bankruptcy Peter B. Olney, that the bankrupt was partially financed when he began business by J. P. Morgan. When he was asked how he had come to set up for himself he replied:

"I had $10,000 when I started. Of this $5,000 was supplied by J. P. Morgan and the other $5,000 by my wife."

"Why did you not mention that when you filed your schedule?" the bankrupt was asked.

"I considered them personal gifts and therefore exempt from the bankruptcy laws."

Mr. Tappe married Mrs. Jaffray, the widow of Edward Jaffray, who was a great friend of Mr. Morgan. It is understood that when the milliner's affairs began to be disordered he had hopes that the financier would come to his assistance, and that when this expectation failed the voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed.

Samuel Lumis, the receiver for Tappe, applied yesterday to Judge Hough in the United States District Court to recover goods from a French millinery house. A shipment of the value of $1,000 was ordered by him shortly before the crash came. They were delivered and were in his store for two days. Then when he saw that he could not pay for them he called up the agents of the French house and told them the situation. Without waiting for an expressman they hired two taxicabs, rushed up and took the goods away. Judge Hough ruled that the receiver might sue for the value of the goods.

SETTLED IN COURT.

Family Differences Forgotten After a Talk by the Magistrate.

Three sobbing women and two men appeared in the Fifth Avenue Police Court in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon to explain to Magistrate Hylan why they had summoned before him Joseph Wood of 48 Windsor Place. The women were the mother and sisters of Robert Johnson, Wood's brother-in-law. The men were Robert Johnson and his father.

The younger Johnson explained to the Magistrate that his sister, Isabelle, had married Wood eight years ago, and that the marriage had occasioned some hard feeling between Wood and his wife's relatives. On Wednesday young Mrs. Wood died in the Seney Hospital, and her husband had her body brought to his home. There, yesterday, he had refused to admit the relatives of his dead wife.

"Why should I?" exclaimed Wood. "They never even tried to visit her when she was sick in the hospital."

It was explained by Johnson that he, his parents, and his sisters had called at the hospital, but that they had not been allowed to see Mrs. Wood. They were heart-broken now that they could not see her once before her burial to-day.

Magistrate Hylan told them that in the presence of death they should forget all former differences, and when he had done talking Wood sprang up and seized his brother-in-law by the hand. There were tears in his eyes as he admitted that he had been wrong. He shook hands all around, and the little party left court together to go straight to Wood's home.

FLAG RUSH AT COLUMBIA.

Freshmen Honorably Defeated with Two Japanese Aiding.

More than 2,000 persons went to South Field yesterday afternoon to see the Columbia freshmen and sophomores maul each other in the annual flag rush. The two classes ranged themselves in fighting position around a stout pole about a foot in diameter with three cross-bars, the lowest eight feet above ground. The sophomores locked arms, and one of their number climbed the pole and put the 1914 pennant at the top.

The freshmen charged from opposite directions and fought valiantly for two ten-minute periods, but the falg was still floating when Graduate Coach Harry Fisher called a halt.

Shibuto, a freshman from Fukuoka, Japan, gave the sophomores more trouble than any half dozen freshmen together. He was repeatedly thrown over the heads of the sophomores and he had his hands on the lowest of the three rungs many times. Chan, a first-year man from Honolulu, also a Japanese, was another terror. Chan fought until he had so few clothes left on his body that he was compelled to retreat to Hartley Hall.

Ernest B. Morehouse, who though more than 16 years of age, appears to be about 14, and still wears knee breeches, got as far as the pole five or six times only to be pulled down again. He, too, fought till his clothes were torn in shreds.

Arrest Postman for Stealing The Times

J. Claridge of Little Rock, Ark., writes to THE TIMES that he thinks he has discovered why he did not get his Sunday paper. Having missed it for two weeks in succession he remembered that the postman, Thomas B. Rhodes, had been very anxious to get it after he, Mr. Claridge, had finished. He conveyed this information to the postal authorities, who traced the missing papers to Rhodes and arrested him. The postman is now under $250 bail to answer a charge of stealing the papers.

DEAD MAN WAS HIS FRIEND.

Former Engine Fireman, Now a Policeman, Finds His Old Engineer Killed.

Five employes of the Stanley Hart Elevator Company were sent last night to 12 West Seventeenth Street, a new twelve-story building, to remove the electric engine which had been used to hoist building materials to the upper floors. They thrust a heavy plank beneath one side of the engine, and four of the men were trying, with it as a lever, to raise the engine far enough to slip rollers under it.

Jack Weaver of Jamaica and William Benson of 317 East 150th Street were hanging from the plank, having worked their way out toward its upper end, when, their companions unable longer to keep it down, the plank flew up, and Weaver and Benson were hurled from its end as from a catapult.

There is only a temporary flooring in the building, and the men, falling through this, dropped into the cellar, fifteen feet below. Policeman Paulus called Dr. Ross from the New York Hospital, and with him went into the cellar, holding a lantern. They found Benson, badly bruised and shaken up, and while he was being carried up to the ambulance Paulus and the surgeon approached the other man. As the rays from his lantern fell on the man's face the policeman exclaimed:

"Why, it's Jack Weaver. I used to fire an engine for him on the Long Island Railroad."

Dr. Ross gave one look at the man and said he was dead. His neck had been broken.

"Weaver was one of the best chaps I ever knew," said the policeman. "He had a wife and five kids, and I think they were all he lived for. When we'd finish our run on the old Hempstead Express Jack would always say, 'Well, there goes another day's work for the kids,' and then hurry home.

"He wasn't like some engineers. When I'd get tired tossing coal he'd often climb off his seat and grab the scoop, telling me, 'You get up there and sit down till you're rested. I'll fire her a while.'"

Benson was taken to the hospital, where it was said he soon will recover.

END OF GANG OF FORGERS.

Leader Admits He Wrote Checks for Others to Pass—Three Pals Convicted.

George Porazzo, leader of a gang which for more than a year has been defrauding banks by forged checks, pleaded guilty yesterday before Justice Foster, in General Sessions, to forging a check for $68.35, on the Nineteenth Ward Bank, bearing the name of H. Greenleaf, a Third Avenue tailor. With him were associated, the police say, Frank Williams, Antonio Cornavali, and Philip Stanley, all of whom were tried and convicted and are awaiting sentence in the Tombs.

The gang, according to the Pinkerton Detective Agency, has defrauded six banks of more than $3,800, in checks of $50 to $150. Porazzo, it is said, wrote the checks, which were given to another to pass. Several of those who presented the checks were arrested, but the police never were able to learn from whom the checks came.

On Sept. 15, 1910, a branch of the Corn Exchange Bank was swindled of $55, and the arrest of Porazzo and two others followed. In January, 1911, another bank was defrauded of $465 on three checks, by John Paul, one of the gang, and he was sentenced to three years in the Elmira Reformatory. On May 17, Charles Dean was arrested with a bad check at the German Exchange Bank. He said two men had given him the check, and the police arrested Porazzo and Stanley. They were discharged later. Porazzo was arrested on June 21 at 400 East Eleventh Street, where his father has a wine shop. Cornavali, Stanley, and Williams were arrested the same day.

BOSTON ANCIENTS HOME.

Back In Varied Uniforms, Their Conquest of Bermuda Complete.

The Bermuda liner Oceana arrived in this port yesterday morning gay with flags and 291 members of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Corps of Boston, who returned from an invasion of Bermuda, which officially was called its 274th field day excursion.

As members of the organization may wear the uniform of any military organization to which he happens to belong, the deck was resplendent with the red coat of the Independent Fusileers, the light blue of the National Lancers, the quaint uniform of the Amoskeag Veterans of New Hampshire, and many another military regiment. Besides their muskets and sabres, the Ancients had with them also two old halberds which they received when their charter was granted them in 1637. Col. Benton, commander of the corps, carried one and Lieut. Harry Hamilton the other.

The Ancients told of a splendid reception at Bermuda, where the Bedfordshire Regiment turned out to act as their guard of honor. On land, as on sea, there was much feasting and good cheer. The Ancients and the Honorables also are planning to invade London next year.

Panama Hats $1.95 Apiece.

Marshal Henkel received yesterday $1,170, or $1.95 apiece, for the 600 Panama hats which were seized by the customs authorities for undervaluation. With the duty added to their foreign value, they were estimated at $1,256.

The Man in the Tower Announces "Glove Day"

THIS Saturday is Glove Day on the Island of Manhattan.

Might almost say the next day is "Glove Sunday," so numerous are the hands that rest in bright new cape skins and mocha.

Doing honor to the occasion at the eight Weber and Heilbroner stores.

What "points" are to the thoroughbred, gloves are to the man.

The Man in the Tower sees some men too loosely gloved—some too tightly gloved—some too glaringly gloved.

For a good glove is more than a handcovering with four fingers and a thumb.

Good gloves cost $2, $1.75—occasionally one finds an exceptionally well-bred glove at $1.50.

LISTEN TO THE PARTICULARS OF THIS GLOVE AT $1.15.

Choicest imported cape skins, specially selected during the dull season.

Equal to the softest skins in the best $1.50 gloves of English or American make.

Cut and sewed—rather tailored—to our own specifications by the "Meyers Make" people, before the busy season is on.

Has the comfortable fit of a well-cut coat—so that the hand feels natural.

Made up to full $1.50 specifications and then the profit NEARLY ALL cut off to make it a leader.

In fact, a genuinely fashionable, sturdy $1.50 glove, priced at $1.15.

In biscuit tans and dark tans.

Covered by the same guarantee as our highest-priced gloves.

Men don't wear out gloves—they soil them. This one may be renewed economically.

Our Mocha gloves—also "Meyers Make" to our order, at $1.75, are duplicates of those sold elsewhere at $2.

Same imported skins—same shades—same sewing—same outseams.

Other gloves at $1.50, $1.75 and $2 representing the utmost of value.

Weber and Heilbroner

150 Nassau, 757 Broadway; 58 Nassau; 27 New, 1185 Broadway; 20 Cortlandt, 42nd and Fifth Avenue; 369 Broadway

FIVE YEARS FOR GANG LEADER

Kelly's Crime This Time Was Carrying Brass Knuckles—Avows Innocence.

George Kelly, alias William Lyons, known to the police as the "Innocent Crook," on account of his childlike face, was sentenced to five years in Sing Sing by Judge Foster, in General Sessions, yesterday. He had been found guilty of carrying a pair of brass knuckles.

Kelly was arrested on June 14 at Ninety-sixth Street and Second Avenue for throwing stones at passing cars. He said that the case against him was a "frame-up" and that the policemen put the brass knuckles in his pocket in order to send him to Sing Sing. He protested to Judge Foster yesterday that he was innocent and that his sentence was illegal, as the Sullivan act was not in force when the charge was made against him. Judge Foster replied that it had always been a felony for any person to carry brass knuckles.

Kelly's attorney, Samuel Feldman, quoted from the Bible and said that the fact that his client had at one time set fire to the House of Refuge had no bearing on the case in question and insisted that the police had not given his client a chance to reform, but had arrested him on a minor charge and placed the knuckles in his pocket to make a strong case against him. Judge Foster replied, saying:

"Quotations in this case are about as relevant as quotations in Chinese would be."

Kelly has served five terms in prison and is reputed to be a leader of the notorious "Car Barn Gang."

Immediately after sentencing Kelly, Judge Foster suspended sentence upon Gustave A. Kessler, a watchman at 417 East Twenty-third Street, who was arrested on Sept. 27 for carrying a revolver in violation of the Sullivan act. Kessler said he was carrying the gun to protect his employers' interests, and Judge Foster replied:

"Because of your good record I am going to suspend sentence in your case. But don't forget for a minute during the next seven years that there is a prison sentence hanging over your head."

SHOT WOMAN, THEN HIMSELF

Wife of Another, She Refused to Elope —Both Will Die.

Joseph Moorcrest of 1,715 Mount Hope Avenue, the Bronx, heard the reports of three revolver shots yesterday morning, and saw a woman with a small boy in her arms fall on the pathway over the New York Central Railroad tracks at Wendover and Park Avenues. As Moorcrest ran toward her, a man, who held a revolver in his hand, placed the weapon under his chin and pulled the trigger. He was lying senseless on the pathway when Moorcrest reached him. An elderly woman was running distractedly up and down the pathway, crying that her daughter was killed.

She was Mrs. Bella Tauber, and the younger woman, shot through the right arm and side, and in the left leg, was her daughter, Mrs. Flora Kirsch, with whom she lived at 1,318 Brook Avenue. The man, Mrs. Tauber said, was Joseph Spellman of 436 East 173d Street, who had been in love with her daughter, and had tried to get her to elope with him.

Moorcrest got Policeman McDonough of the Tremont Station, who called an ambulance from Fordham Hospital. The man and woman were taken there, where it was said that each would die. Mrs. Tauber was assisted home, carrying her four-year-old grandson with her. The child was unhurt, though Mrs. Kirsch had held him in her arms when she was shot, and had fallen on him when the bullet struck her.

At the Kirsch home last night, David Kirsch, the husband, said that Spellman had been an old school friend in Russia, and that the acquaintance had been resumed when the men encountered each other in this country. Some time ago, Kirsch said, Spellman had tried to get Mrs. Kirsch to elope with him, and when his wife had told him of the occurrence he had ordered Spellman to keep away from the house. He said he had taken no other action against the man, as he thought he would get over his infatuation.

ASKS FREEDOM FROM CONVICT

Wife Says He Concealed from Her That He Was a Professional Thief.

Leila D. Wilson filed a suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against David Levy, a convict in Dannemora Prison, asking that her marriage to him be annulled. She married him in Troy, June 18, 1907. He gave his name then as Francis H. Wilson. She asserts he concealed from her that he was a professional thief whose picture was in the New York Rogues' Gallery, and who was known as Harry Harvey, Harry Clarke, and Daniel Levy. His concealment of his criminal record, she alleges, was such a deceit as to entitle her to an annulment.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Oct. 12. JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44 St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30. LONGEST LAUGH IN TOWN. FRANK McINTYRE SNOBS

THE HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15. ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. To-day, Wed. & Oct. 12. DONALD BRIAN IN THE BEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES THE SIREN. Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. and Oct. 12. The great big, human and humorous play, PASSERS-BY. C. HADDON CHAMBERS' GREATEST PLAY.

GARRICK 35 St., B'way, WED., OCT. 11 | Seats Now Selling. GEORGE BEBAN in "THE SIGN OF THE ROSE."

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Last Mat. To-day at 2:15. THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Kida Selwyn. (Moves Oct. 9 to the Astor Theatre). NEXT MONDAY. (Seats Now Selling.) Miss Billie Burke in her new comedy, THE RUNAWAY.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe, THE PINK LADY. TO-DAY Mat. Beautiful Pink Satin Handbag Souvenirs to every Lady attending.

LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Oct. 12. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Columbus Day 50c. to $1.50. JULIAN ELTINGE in THE FASCINATING WIDOW

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. Henry W. Savage offers the Pullman Carnival EXCUSE ME. SPECIAL MAT. COLUMBUS DAY, OCT. 12TH.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. 2:15. Mats. To-day & Columbus Day, Oct. 12. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS IN A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Ev. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c. Rock & Fulton, Walter C. Kelly, Arthur Dunn & Marion Murray, others.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. AROUND THE WORLD. SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Tele. 411 Col. Evs. 8 Sharp. Matinee To-day at 2, 50c. to $1.50. GABY DESLYS | REVUE of REVUES. Popular Concert Every Sunday Night. GABY DESLYS AND OTHER STAR ACTS.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. HENRY KOLKER in "THE GREAT NAME." "THE ELEMENTS THAT MADE THE 'MUSIC MASTER' ARE HERE TO THE FULLEST EXTENT."—Eve. Telegram.

Broadway Theatre, 41st & Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Next Thurs. LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, Bet. B'way & 6 Av. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Today Wed. & Oct. 12 at 2:30. GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in REBELLION

39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Wed. & Oct. 12 at 2:30. MARGARET ANGLIN in a new comedy, GREEN STOCKINGS

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way | Tel. 2628 Bryant | Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. "A Triumph."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun. Columbus Day Matinee. Bought and Paid For By George Broadhurst.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Oct. 12. New Viennese Operetta, THE KISS WALTZ

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Wed. & Oct. 12. NEXT!

William Collier's COMEDY | 41st St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee Last Night. SPEED. Beginning Tuesday, Oct. 10. (Seats Now.) BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS. All-Scotch Co. in Scotch Comedy. Extra Mat. Columbus Day, Thurs., Oct. 12.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. JOHN MASON in "AS A MAN THINKS." Next Week HOLBROOK BLINN in "THE BOSS."

Manhattan Opera House. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. The CHOCOLATE SOLDIER. NEXT WEEK—DAILY MATINEES (but Mon.) HARRY LAUDER Only times in Greater N. Y. SEATS NOW. Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEE TO-DAY 2:15. Great Big, Wonderful Hit, America's Own Yankee Doodle Boy, COHAN in the biggest musical farce success, "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE." Special Matinee Columbus Day.

GRAND Opera House, Next Week—ORIGINAL FOLIES BERGERE CO. 23d St., 8th Av. 25c-$1. Mat. To-day. BLANCHE BATES "NOBODY'S WIDOW."

ASTOR Broadway & 45 St. Evenings at 8:20. Last Matinee To-day at 2:15. LAST NIGHT WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED. NEXT MON. Seats now. THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Edgar Selwyn.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today, Wed. & Oct. 12, 2:20. GEORGE ARLISS IN DISRAELI. "Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

REPUBLIC 42 St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN by WM. C. de MILLE

BELASCO THEATRE, 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:20. LAST 2 WEEKS. DAVID BELASCO presents The Concert

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Old Time Favorite FESTIVAL 10 All Star Acts.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. LILLIAN RUSSELL, Frank Fogerty, Ryan & Richfield Co., others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. 4 Mortons, Jack Lorimer, Mrs. Gene Hughes & Co., Hoey & Lee, others.

COMMONWEALTH SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, Ross Jungnickel, Cond.—100 Performances. Second Grand Concert Sun. Aft., Oct. 8, 3 P. M., 69th Reg. Armory, Lex. Av. & 26th. Soloists: Miss Gertrude Gugler, contralto; Mr. Frederick Hastings, baritone. Adm. 10c., 25c., 50c. 5,000 seats for wage earners at 10c. Box office open at 1 P. M.

MUSIC HALL. AMERICAN THEATRE. 42d, W. of Broadway. 8:15 P. M., 25c & 50c. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. All Seats Reserved. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. Continuous Vaudeville. Baseball games reported by innings at the Matinee.

COLUMBIA Smoking Allowed B'way & 47th St. BURLESQUE. TO-DAY 2:15, TO-NIGHT 8:15, 25c-$1. The Golden Crook Co. Concerts Sunday

IRVING PL. THEATRE 15th St. & Irving Pl. Matinee 2:15 & Eve. HENRY BENDER in the great Farce Success, "DER DOPPELMENSCH."

TYNDALL Carnegie Lyceum, Sun. Eve., Oct. 8, at 8:15. SPIRIT WORLD. Psychic Phenomena

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. La Tosca Mat. Daily.

Garden THEATRE, 27th St. & Madison Av. MOTION PICTURES & VAUDEVILLE.

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